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VOL. XXX VII NO. 201 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 24, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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They Defend Our Freedom

A ceremonial parade of troops stationed in Poona was held on August 22. The G.O.C.-in-C. of the Southern Command took the salute. The picture shows the Area Commander taking the salute at the March Past.

SOVEREIGN INDONESIA SOON

Dutch Promise At Hague Conference

HATTA WARNS: DELAY WILL BE DANGEROUS

THE HAGUE, Aug. 23 (PTI-Reuter).

THE Dutch Prime Minister, Dr. Willem Drees, opening the Round Table Conference here which is to decide the future of Indonesia, said that the Netherlands had taken the "irrevocable resolution" to transfer the sovereignty of Indonesia to the United States of Indonesia.

"In the first place" he said in his inaugural address, "I feel the need to declare to the Indonesian delegates that when on the Netherlands side in previous agreements the preparedness was embodied to transfer the sovereignty to the United States of Indonesia, this signified for the Netherlands an irrevocable resolution.

"This decision does not rest on an impulse of sentiment nor on an unwilling acquiescence in a superiority of circumstances, but on a gradually ripened realisation that along these lines in the present world situation, the interests of the Netherlands and of Indonesia and a beneficial co-operation between these countries could best be promoted".

Dr. Drees' statement opened on a hopeful opening for the Round Table Conference to determine when and how the Dutch authorities should end their 350-year-old rule of the once prosperous Dutch East Indies.

Some 500 delegates representing the Dutch, Indonesian Republic and Indonesian Federalist leaders assembled during the hottest day of the year in the Hague's historic Ridderzaal for a series of opening speeches.

In two months of talks, the delegates are expected to hammer out the constitution of Indonesia and arrange for the transference of Dutch sovereignty to a "United States of Indonesia", possibly by the end of this year.

DEFINITE PRINCIPLES

Dr. Drees said that the Conference must come to clear agreements and arrangements. "We have" he said "definite principles to guide us." To these belong, mentioning only a few, the speedy establishment of the United States of Indonesia as a sovereign member of the Netherlands Union, the autonomy of the populations operating with the Netherlands—possibly with the United Kingdom of the Netherlands comprising the Netherland Surinam and the Antilles in a Netherlands—Indonesian Union headed by the Queen of the Netherlands. "The question whether especially the Netherlands or the United Kingdom of the Netherlands shall participate in the Union shall only be decided after consultations held with Surinam and the Antilles"

Dr. Drees said that he did not want to go further into the past. "Much will further have to be forgotten on both sides," he said.

Dr. Drees said that as Prime Minister of the Netherlands, he was personally convinced that provided no factual circumstances and occurrences disturbed the atmosphere, the possibilities were great of bringing the conference to a satisfactory conclusion. In conclusion, Premier Drees welcomed the members of the United Nations Commission and reiterated his hopes that the conference would be a success.

Speaking in Indonesian the leader of the Republican Indonesian Delegation Dr. Mohammed Hatta said that "the very act of our gathering here for the Round Table Conference is the manifestation of the firm convictions of all parties concerned that our consultations will produce the end we have in view—an unconditional transfer of complete and real sovereignty to the Indonesian people.

"The bitter experience of the past years have impressed upon us the fact that the only solution to the Indonesian question is an immediate transfer of sovereignty. The history of the negotiations has taught us that this problem of sovereignty has always been at the root of the difficulties".

Dr. Hatta said that the Indonesian people had considered themselves as sovereign "since the proclamation of

(Continued on Page 7)

The Flag Will Be Honoured

BATAVIA, August 23, (PTI-REUTER): The Dutch administrator tonight lifted its ban on the flying of the Indonesian Republic's red and white flag in Batavia "to give tangible proof of the Government's joy at the opening of the Round Table Conference" at The Hague.

It also announced its intention of transferring Republican President Soekarno's former official residence in Batavia to an Indonesian Delegation.

The Government said it would take responsibility for seeing, within its power, that the colours, accepted by an Interim Indonesian Conference as the national symbol of the future United States of Indonesia, "shall not be dishonoured or defamed".

Pakistan Has No Objection

NIMITZ AS MEDIATOR

KARACHI, Aug. 23. (PTI-Reuter): Pakistan will have no objection to the appointment of a mediator in her dispute with India over Kashmir, provided his task is confined to the implementation of existing resolutions of the United Nations Commission for India and Pakistan, a usually reliable source said here today.

He was commenting on reports from Lake Success that United States Admiral Nimitz may be appointed as mediator following the Commission's decision to call off the meeting between India and Pakistan. Pakistan had not been approached about the appointment of a mediator, he said.

U. N. C. I. P. MEETS

SRINAGAR, Aug. 23, (UPI): The United Nations' Commission for India and Pakistan met for 90 minutes today and discussed its future course.

Reports about the appointment of Admiral Chester W. Nimitz in the Kashmir dispute is not confirmed in informed quarters here.

Sugar Prices Will Come Down

SIMLA, Aug. 23 (UPI): The situation created by the rise in sugar prices [illegible] was stated in official circles today.

Counterfeiters Caught

BANARAS, August 23, (PTI): Thirteen persons alleged to be members of an inter-provincial gang of [illegible] in the court of judicial magistrate, Shri Nemi Chandra Jain, here.

LEFT UNITY TALKS FAIL IN CALCUTTA

Socialist Plan For Merger Rejected

JAYAPRAKASH & COLLEAGUES TO BOYCOTT NAGPUR CONFERENCE

CALCUTTA August 23 (PTI).

THE Socialist Party has, it is learnt, decided not to attend the forthcoming Left unity conference convened by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose at Nagpur.

It is also learnt that the unity talks, which the party was having with other Leftist parties here since the beginning of this month, have failed.

A Socialist Party spokesman said that these talks centred on three alternative proposals, namely, (1) merger of all the Left parties into one single united party, (2) formation of a bloc or a Consolidation Committee of all the Leftist groups, excluding the Communists and (3) some sort of an understanding between the different parties on the issue of election.

MERGER IDEA REJECTED

The proposal for merger, as suggested by the Socialist Party, had, the spokesman added, been rejected by all other parties, which preferred the second alternative, namely, the formation of a Consolidation Committee [illegible] the Leftist groups. The Socialist Party was, however, opposed to it because it felt that "it will not serve any useful purpose" and that, by keeping their separate identity intact, the various parties would come into conflict with one another while carrying on thir recruitment drive and other activities.

SOCIALISTS AND ELECTIONS

On the question of an understanding over the election issue, the Socialist Party has appointed a Seven-Man Committee, invested with full powers to make all arrangements, for fighting the coming elections, as also, if necessary, to enter into negotiations with any other party or parties on this specific issue only. The Party was, however, not prepared to lose its individuality and identify even on the issue of election. "We shall approach the electors on the basis of our own policy and programme," the spokesman added.

Mr. Jaya Prakash Narayan, the Socialist leader, left for Bombay today.

STOCKHOLM

CUTTACK, Aug. 23, (P.T.I.): The Socialist leader, Dr. Rammanohar Lohia, is leaving for Delhi tomorrow morning en route to Stockholm, where he will represent the Socialist Party in India, at the forthcoming conference of the World Peoples Congress. The conference meets at Stockholm on August 29.

No Atom Bomb To Britain

NEW YORK, Aug. 23, (UPA): A New York Daily News editorial, discussing the report that the United States may send some atom bombs to Britain, said, "Let's not do it. Let's keep all of the weapons, present and future, in the United States. Park some of them in England or any other foreign country, under no matter what security precautions, and we will only make it a bit easier for spies to get close to them. Maybe we could safely trust British Labour Government in the matter but then again maybe we could not. Certainly Labourite hate and distrust our form of Government though they love to take all of our money they can wangle."

FOREST FIRE IN U. S. SPREADS

NEW YORK, Aug. 23. (PTI-Reuter). The forest fire front in America today spread from Quebec, Canada, to San Diego, California.

Thousands of fire-fighters struggled to control the blazing acres of Woodland.

In Quebec, a roaring fire licked to within one mile of the Laurentian mountain community of Terrebonne heights, north of Montreal. Some of the 1,500 residents left their romes as fire-fighters threw up roadside earthworks and hoped for a drop in the wind.

In San Diego county, officials declared an emergency fire condition when one new fire broke out and eight other minor blazes were reported.

Violations Of Karachi Agreement

DELHI'S PROTEST TO PAKISTAN: THREAT OF "SUITABLE ACTION"

NEW DELHI, Aug. 23. (UPI).

THE Government of India, it is learnt, have made a formal protest to the Pakistan Government on their reported violations of the Karachi agreement of January, 1949 regarding evacuee property, and informed them that the former now reserve the right to take suitable action in regard to

The protest gives details of these violations, and points out that the one operative clause of the Karachi agreement, namely of permitting sales and exchanges of evacuee immovable property, which was left until recently also had now been made inoperative by the latest Pakistan Ordinance putting a ban on the sale and exchange of evacuee property, thus practically rendering the Karachi agreement a dead letter.

INCOME-TAX DUES

The protest, which is said to run into some 1,000 words, is believed to have made two other main points. The first relates to the payment of income-tax dues by non-Muslim evacuees to the Pakistan Government, and the second is concerned with the drastic reduction in rents of urban evacuee properties in West Pakistan.

On the question of income-tax, the note is understood to have pointed out that the Government of India would under no circumstances, recognise in any final settlement about evacuee property that may ultimately be negotiated between the two Dominions, any sales of evacuee properties that may be made by the Pakistan authorities in satisfaction of their income-tax demands against non-Muslims. In this connection, it has been pointed out that at the inter-Dominion conference held at Delhi in December, 1948, it was decided that the property of an assessee could be attached for the income-tax due from him, but it could not be sold except with the consent of the assessee within one year after sales or exchanges of property were permitted by the two Dominions. Since the Pakistan Government had now forbidden sales and exchanges of property, it would be impossible for evacuee owners to pay income-tax.

As such the Government of India could not recognise any sales of evacuee property in payment of the income-tax demands. It is pointed out in New Delhi that as a result of this stand taken by the Government of India, non-Muslim displaced persons would not now suffer if they did not pay the income-tax to Pakistan authorities. The tax will be adjustable at the time of the settlement of the evacuee property question between the two Governments.

RENT QUESTION

On the question of rents, the Government of India is understood have informed the Pakistan Government that they could not recognise any reduction in rents of agricultural and urban immovable properties made by

(Continued on Page 7)

Sardar Rapidly Recovering

BOMBAY, Tuesday (UPI): "In the seventeen days that Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has been in Bombay, investigations have shown that the functions of his intestines are normal. There was some heart strain from which he is rapidly recovering and his sleep rhythm, which was disturbed, is tending to return to normal", says a bulletin issued by Drs. M. D. D. Gilder, Nathubhai Patel and Jivraj Mehta, today, regarding the health of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

Enquiries from the personal staff of Sardar Patel show that if the present rate of progress is maintained, it is expected that the Sardar will be able to return to Delhi in the beginning of the second week of September and resume his normal activities.

Prominent among those who called on Sardar Patel today were Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, Governor of Central Provinces and Berar, Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister of Bombay, Mr. G. P. Mishra, Home Minister of C. P. and Mr. S. N. Mehta.

Mr. Satyanarayan Sinha, Minister of State for Legislature, who is at present in the city, is expected to call on the Sardar tomorrow.

CREATION OF ANDHRA AND KARNATAKA PROVINCES

Deputations Meet Congress Working Committee

NEW DELHI, Aug. 23. (PTI).

THE Congress Working Committee at its resumed sitting today heard two deputations each from Andhra and Karnataka, one demanding the formation of a separate Andhra Province and the other a separate Karnataka Province on linguistic basis.

Both the deputations claiming to represent the views of all sections, including the Congress in their respective areas, emphasised the necessity for immediate creation of the two separate Provinces.

The Andhra deputation, which occupied most of the Committee's time, demanded half of Madras City to be included in the proposed Andhra Province.

KARNATAKA OFFER

The Karnataka deputation, it is understood, was willing to give up their demand for Mysore State for the time being, provided a Karnataka Province with Kanarese speaking areas immediately comes into being.

The Andhra deputation, which was led by Mr. S. V. Ramamurty, included Mr. Anantasayanam Ayyangar, Deputy Speaker of the Central Legislature.

The Working Committee, which met after over a fortnight's interval, adjourned till August 25 to take up items on organisational matters.

It is understood that the Committee at its next meeting will consider ways and means for the implementation of the Committee's resolution on West Bengal where it was decided to hold fresh elections.

Today's meeting, which lasted for two hours, was presided over by the Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya. Six members, including Sardar Patel, who is away in Bombay, and the U. P. Premier Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, did not attend the meeting.

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Wanted experienced persons to represent a leading English daily newspaper for advertisement purposes. Apply with all particulars and testimonials to Box No. R1 c|o "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted— Mechanical Engineer, well qualified and experienced for a well established workshop for manufacturing graded machine tools. State full particulars and salary acceptable to Daulat Industrial Corpn. Ltd., Ludhiana, E. Punjab. 5510

Wanted by a biggest industrial concern in East Punjab an experienced and qualified electrician having long and varied experience in electrical workshop and power houses for maintenance and repairs of big AC alternators and motors. Apply stating the minimum salary acceptable and copies of the testimonials and certificates care No. 5543, "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

The Lawrence School, Mount Abu, Rajputana. A Public School for Indian and British boys. A healthy life in a splendid climate. Careful training; individual attention! thorough grounding in both English and Hindi. The Principal will be in Bombay from Monday August 22nd, till Saturday, August 27th, and may be interviewed any morning between 10 and 12 at the house of the Archdeacon of Bombay, 21, Waudby Road, (Opposite Bombay Gymkhana). 5509

Get Medical Diplomas at home:— Ayurvedic, Homoeopathic, Unani. Prospectus Free. Old Indian Medical College, Barnala, (Patiala). 1060

MEDICAL ADLETS

A most powerful remedy for Asthma "Asthma Relief Chitrakot Kamad Hills Herbs" relieves asthma radically by one single dose. Taken on 7-9-49 full moon. Correspondence in English. Mahatma Tapsi Baba, Ramgufa, P. O. Chitrakot (Banda), U. P. 1070

Himalayas' Herb of 100 years fame relieves Asthma radically in a single dose to be taken on 7-9-49 Full Moon Night. Apply in English to: Shri 108 Mahatma Sidhbaba P. O. Chitrakot, U. P. 1066

Asthma-Buti—A very powerful and world renowned remedy which cures Asthma completely by one dose to be taken on 7-9-49 full moon. Apply in English: Shree Mahatma Maunibaba. Ayurvedic Ashram, Chitrakot, Dist. Banda, U. P. 1068

Restore normal sight with my remarkable scientific system easy to practise, V. Gomes D. C. (Chicago) 318, Gandhi Rd., Poona. 1025

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to: Balkishan and Co., Post Box No. 114, Baroda. 1041

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

Palatial Building at Santa Cruz-Khar nearing completion available with vacant possession in about 6 weeks, west facing, with excellent sea view, self-contained corner plot, having 4 bedrooms, garage and servants' quarters and complete with all modern equipments. Area 1,165 sq. yds. Price Rs. 1,65,000. Apply Box No. 1076, "Bombay Chronicle."

BUSINESS OFFERS

Provision Dealers: For service, satisfaction and prompt despatch, please contact: Bharat Provision Mart, wholesalers in provision, Medicines & Toilet requisites. 91/93 Bhusari Mohalla, Bombay 3. 1073

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale Five used Filter Presses complete with 36 inch Plates—disposing off due to change in manufacturing process—open for inspection at Kharaghoda BB & CI Railway Pioneer Magnesia Works Ltd. Apply with best offers Registered Head Office Chartered Bank Building, Fort, Bombay. Phone 22843. 1046

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted Cement, Cement Colours and Verona Chips. Write to Box No. 1065, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

WANTED FOR DOCKYARD WORKERS HOUSING SCHEME, PAWAI

	Maximum Pay P.M.
1 Medical Officer	Rs. 350
1 Dispender (Compounder)	Rs. 65

In addition to pay, Dearness Allowance, as admissible from time to time, will be paid. Pay will be according to qualifications and experience. Retired Government Medical Officers are also eligible for appointment. All the appointments will be on Casual Establishment and are likely to last for about 2 years. Selected Candidates will have to live at or near Pawai Camp.

Applications, together with copies of Certificates, etc., should be submitted to the C.R.I.E., PROJECTS, BOMBAY 5 by 10-9-49.

5551

NOTICE:

LOST OR MISLAID

TWO SHARE Scrips Nos. 157 for 10 Preference shares and 435 for 50 Ordinary shares bearing distinctive numbers 1086-1095 and 13890-13939 respectively of The Jalgaon Electric Supply Co. Ltd., 17-B Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, standing in the name of Capt. Madho Prashad have been LOST, MISLAID, STOLEN or DESTROYed.

Anyone having any claim against them should intimate to the above Company within one month from the date given hereof after which duplicate will be issued.

THE JALGAON ELECTRIC SUPPLY CO., LTD.

Bombay, 22nd August, 1949.

5548

TENDER NOTICE

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G. I. P. Railway, Loco Offices Building, Parel, invites tenders upto 3 p.m. on 7-9-1949 for 'Renewal and Strengthening of Traverser Tracks No. 2 and 3 and their foundations in the Carriage and Wagon Shop at Matunga'. The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Drawings will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 8/- per set. These sums will not be refunded.

5546

THE UDWADA WAPI ELECTRIC SUPPLY COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Udwada Wapi Electric Supply Company, Ltd., will be held on SATURDAY, the 10th day of September, 1949, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) in the Registered Office of the Company, Ava Chambers, 3rd Floor, Cinema Road, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and the audited accounts for the period ending 31st March, 1948.
2. To elect Directors in places of Mr. Dharamdas Hargowandas, J.P. and Mr. Hiralal H. Rana, who retire by rotation under Article 124 of the Articles of Association of the Company, and who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint auditors and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business that may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

For Raymond Engineering Co.,

D. S. DAMANIA, Partner, Managing Agents.

Bombay, 10th August, 1949.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Saturday, the 27th August, 1949 to Wednesday, the 7th September, 1949, both days inclusive.

5552

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

EXTENSION TO THE MOBILE CRANE GARAGE AT ALEXANDRA DOCK

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the extension to the Mobile Crane Garage at Alexandra Dock.

Instructions to Tenderers, Conditions of contract, Specifications, Schedule of Quantities and Rates, Form of Tender and Drawings can be obtained at the Office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 20/-.

No tender will be considered which is not made on the prescribed form and which is not accompanied by an Earnest Money of Rs. 750/.

The Earnest Money will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderer.

Tenders which are to remain open until accepted by the Trustees, will be received upto 1 p.m. on Monday, 19th September, 1949.

CHIEF ENGINEER, Bombay Port Trust.

Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

5549

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

PUBLIC NOTICE

"P" ROUTE LIMITED STOP SERVICE.

WE HAVE PLEASURE in announcing that on and from MONDAY, the 29th August, 1949, we shall be converting the "P" Route Limited Stop Service, which runs from Malabar Hill Post Office to Flora Fountain via Marine Drive, into a normal service. From the above date the Service will stop AT ALL STOPPING STATIONS.

For new Fare Table please see hand-bill.

J. R. TALEYARKHAN, Traffic Manager.

5550

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE

No. 12343-151-Impt.— With reference to his Draft Notification No. 1476|151-Impt., dated the 25th January 1949, and in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902, the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, having taken into consideration the objections and suggestions received, makes the following new rule:—

"127. APOLLO STREET from its junction with Marine Street to its junction with Forbes Street shall be closed to south-bound vehicular traffic, i.e. no entry from Forbes Street."

M. M. CHUDASAMA, Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office, Bombay, 16th July 1949.

5553

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE

No. 12618|151-Impt.—The following draft of an amended notification which it is proposed to issue under section 74 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939, is published as required by section 113 or the said Act for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that any objections or suggestions which may be received in writing by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, from any person or persons with regard to the said draft on or before the 31st August 1949, will be duly considered:—

DRAFT NOTIFICATION

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 74 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939 (IV of 1939,) read with Government Notification, Revenue Department, No. 3680-E|39, dated the 30th April 1940, the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, having been satisfied that it is necessary in the interest of public safety and because of the nature of the road, is pleased to prohibit for a period of five years the use of ANANTWADI LANE by all goods vehicles exceeding 21,000 lbs. R.L.W.

The Commissioner of Police, Bombay's Notification No. 110|151-Impt., dated the 4th January 1949, is hereby cancelled so far as it relates to Anantwadi Lane.

M. M. CHUDASAMA, Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office: Bombay, 20th July, 1949.

5554

THE NAUTICAL AND ENGINEERING COLLEGE:

AZAD MAIDAN, BOMBAY-1.

PRE-SEA Engineering Courses of 4 months duration will commence in this college on 3rd October, 1949, for Part-A of the Second Class Certificates of Competency issued by the Ministry of Commerce and equivalent to the B.O.T. certificates of U. K.

Generally, Shipping Companies operating on the Indian coast make it a policy to recruit as Junior Engineer Officers on board their vessels only those who have passed Part-A of the Second Class Certificate Examination. The average pay of a Junior Engineer Officer is at present Rs. 400/- per month exclusive of boarding and lodging which is free.

Applications are invited from apprentices who have completed the required four year workshop service in an approved workshop qualifying them to sit for this examination. Details regarding rules governing such service can be had on application.

Selection will be made on the results of an entrance examination.

Hostel accommodation for those who are unable to make their own arrangements for board and lodging is available at the College at an approximate cost of Rs. 120/- per month.

Further particulars and application forms may be had on application to the Director of Marine Engineering Training, Nautical & Engineering College, Azad Maidan, Bombay-1. The closing date for receipt of applications is 9TH SEPTEMBER, 1949.

5547

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

CLAIMS ON TRAFFIC BOOKED TO DELHI AND KANPUR AREAS.

ALL CLAIMS arising on traffic booked on and after 1st August, 1949 to Delhi Junction, and to New Delhi, should now be submitted to the Chief Administrative Officer, E. P. Railway, Khyber Pass, Delhi.

Similarly all claims arising on traffic booked on or after 1st August to stations in Kanpur area (Anwarganj, Collectorganj, Kanpur Central, and Gwaltoli), should be submitted to the Chief Commercial Manager, E. I. Railway, Mint House, Benares.

Correspondence on transactions prior to 1st August 1949 will continue to be handled by this Railway, as hitherto. 5555

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. HAJI NOORMAHOMED ABDOOL REHMAN, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay within 6 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Mahim near Durga Street and fronting on the West Side of Custom Road, Cross Lane now known as Cadell Road without the Fort and in the registration Sub-District of Bombay, surrounded by a compound wall and containing by admeasurement 412 square yards or thereabouts being portion of land bearing New Survey No. 41 and Cadastral Survey No. 1050 (Mahim Division) and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G. Ward No. 5230 Street No. 7 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the Custom Road Cross Lane, on or towards the West by the Seashore, on or towards the North by the property of Goghar Ali Jiwabhai and on or towards the South by the property belonging to Rustomji Dossabhai Umrigar and Anr.

Dated this 22nd day of August, 1949.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI, Purchaser's Attorneys.

5556

Haliborange

The nicest way of taking Halibut Liver Oil

The health-giving properties of Haliborange make it the finest tonic for children and adults. Its high vitamin content, derived from pure Halibut Liver Oil and oranges, will increase the resistance of the body and ensure that your children grow up with sturdy limbs and strong teeth.

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Cold and Cough • Chronic and acute Bronchitis • Pneumonia • Whooping Cough • Asthma and other Respiratory Diseases.

BENGAL CHEMICAL & PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LD. CALCUTTA : BOMBAY.

Agents: ORIENT DRUG AGENCY, Princes Street, Bombay,2.

CLERK ARRESTED FOR CHEATING EXCISE DEPARTMENT

Rs. 60,000 Involved

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Alleged to have forged transport permits and enabled certain individual claiming to be representative of Indo-Burma Chemicals of Colaba Causeway, Bombay, to draw 500 gallons of rectified spirit from the Government liquor warehouse at Sewri and thus cheating the Excise Department of the Bombay Government to the extent of Rs. 60,832-13, Ganpat Vishnu Bartakke, a clerk in the office of the Chief Account of Excise at Old Customs House, was arrested by the Anti-Corruption Branch of the Bombay C.I.D.

Narrating the story of these incidents, the Police stated in the Esplanade Court today that on May 17, last, a person claiming to be a representative of Indo-Burma Chemicals had called at the Government liquor warehouse at Sewri and presented certain documents including chalans in respect of payment of duty and fee for 200 gallons of rectified spirit and necessary transport permits purporting to bear the signature of the Superintendent of Excise, Bombay, and the Chief Account Officer of Excise, Bombay, and other officers of the Excise Department. On the strength of these documents, he obtained delivery of 200 gallons of rectified spirit from the warehouse.

Once again, on July 18, the same individual called at the Liquor warehouse and produced similar documents and took delivery of 300 gallons of rectified spirit. Subsequently, the Police stated, it was discovered that the documents including chalans and transport permits were forged documents.

Meanwhile, the Police started enquiries in the matter and it was found out that the transport, permits used on both these occasions were torn from the book of permits kept in the Chief Account Office of Excise at Old Customs House. The accused was stated to have been in charge of these transport permits. He used to write out such transport permits and submit them for signature to the Chief Accounts Officer. One of forged transport permits which had been recovered by the Police is alleged to bear the handwriting of the accused.

Bartakke was produced before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, at Esplanade Court today, who enlarged him on bail of Rs. 10,000 with two sureties in like amount.

Nonagenerian Knocked Down By Car

BOMBAY, Tuesday

Janabai Krishna, a 90-year-old-woman was knocked down by a militar lorry at Dr. Maheshwari Road in the North of Bombay yesterday. She died in the K.E.M. Hospital soon after admission.

It seems the woman was going to her son's place at Koliwadi, Sion last evening to attend a Satyanarayana Puja ceremony. While she was crossing the road she came in contact with the lorry and was seriously injured

2,000 Cases Of Smuggling

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The B. B. and C. I. Railway during last six months detected a record number of 20,000 smuggling cases of illicit liquor, ganja, opium, bhang, rationed food grains and cloth. Of these the highest number was that of illicit liquor which was 1,500 while the food grain cases were 350 and cloth cases 150.

Some of these case were decided in different police Courts of Bombay and fines amounting to Rs. 30,000 were recovered. The cloth that was seized is valued at Rs. 75,000.

70 Barrels Of Liquor Unearthed

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Prohibition Police unearthed 70 barrels of illicit liquor and wash which had been secreted in the bed of the Dharavi Creek on Sunday. On Monday a further search made by the police brought forth another 10 barrels containing about 600 gallons of liquor. The bootleg liquor had been hidden by the villagers who intended selling the stuff after it had matured.

No arrests have so far been made, but the illicit liquor has been taken to the Prohibition Police Office.

Panchayat Election Rules

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Bombay Village Panchayats Election Rules, 1948, have been so amended by the Government as to provide for a written notice of such an election, including the names or official designations of the persons appointed as Returning and Presiding Officers, to be given or published in the regional language of the village, not less than 45 clear days before the date fixed for the election. Copies of the notice should be affixed at the village chavdi or at the village panchayat office or at any other public place fixed by the Collector of the district.

Aarey Milk Colony Superintendent

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay has appointed Mr. P. W. Devine as Superintendent, Government Milk Colony at Aarey (near Goregaon). Mr. Devine, whose headquarters are at Aarey, will be available for those desiring to see him in Bombay at the Office of the Milk Commissioner, Wakefield House, Ballard Estate, Bombay 1, between 2-30 and 4-30 p.m. on Tuesdays and Saturdays, except holidays.

DEATH OF MUNIR FAZELBHOY

Reports Contradict Suicide Theory

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Since the publication of the report of the death of Mr. Munir Fazelbhoy, cabled, telephonic information has been received at the residence of Mr. Fazelbhoy which completely contradicts the police theory of suicide Subsequent police and medical reports show that there was no ailment of any kind whatsoever.

Munir was an athlete and a practical physical culturist. It is also ascertained that Munir was 19 years old and had a first class academic career both at the St. Xavier's College in Bombay and in the University of Connecticut, where he had been a first-class student in 1948-49.

He had gone back to the States to join the University of Miami in Florida after spending his two months' vacation in Europe where his parents and sisters had gone for a holiday. He was seen off at Waterloo Station by his parents and was in the best of health and spirits. He had returned to the States on August 18, by the "Queen Elizabeth" and had telephonic conversation from the boat with his parents in Geneva.

His family arrived in Bombay on Friday last by the Air-India International. Munir had the best opportunities that they any student could have desired for and it appears that there was no possibility for an urge for deliberate attempt at suicide as is suggested by the first reports flashed

REFUGEES ARE NOT BEGGARS

Sindhi Leader's Plea For Understanding

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Addressing a group of pressmen today, Mr. Khanchand Gopaldas, President. The Sindhi Panchayat Federation of Bombay said that free rations were not rehabilitation. If the refugees from Sind had to be re-established in life, more is needed to be done.

Most of the men who had come were traders. Some of them were doctors, lawyers, educationists, journalists, Government servants and clerks. It was not possible for them, in this generation at least to suddenly take up to agricultural and mechanical occupations.

He also felt that any excesses or misdemeanours on the part of some of the refugees, had to be viewed against the background of the circumstances they had been recently subjected to, ever since the partition. They were neither beggars nor habitual criminals, but decent, average persons who had been uprooted due to causes over which they had no control,

"It is not proper to enforce discipline among them by rifle shots," he added. He pleaded for understanding and sympathetic approach. He regretted that they had been "segregated", as in the far-distant and unsuitable Kalyan Camp.

He hoped that the Government and the public would view the Sindhis with greater sympathy and help them in a way that their training in trade and commerce would find scope. To expect them to undertake totally new occupations like agriculture, he felt, was difficult.

EX-COMMUNICATION WITHDRAWN

Parties Come To Terms

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bhagwati)

Shujauddin E. Kurwa and two others ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

Sardar Syedna Taher Saifuddin Saheb, the Mullaji Saheb of the Dawoodi Bohra community ..... Defendant

The plaintiffs alleged that by reason of the agitation carried on by them in connection with the proposed extension of the Wakf Act to Dawoodi Bohras in 1930, the defendant had become averse to them and had finally excommunicated them in 1944.

By the present suit the plaintiffs challenged this excommunication orders as illegal on the ground that, as laid down by the Privy Council in the Burhanpur Dargah Case, the power of the Mullaji Saheb to excommunicate was not an absolute power, but had to be exercised only at a meeting of the Jamat and after an opportunity had been given to the offender to make amends. The defendant on the other hand contended that the court had no jurisdiction to determine what constituted an offence according to the religious sense of the defendant as the Viceregent of the Imam on earth in seclusion.

After the hearing had proceeded for some time, the parties came to terms.

The plaintiffs through their counsel made the declaration that they recognized the defendant as the Mullaji Saheb and as the Dai-ul-Muttak, and that they had been and would continue under the Mishak of the Dai-ul-Muttak.

On this declaration being made, the defendant through his counsel declared that he had withdrawn the orders of excommunication made by him against the plaintiffs.

On these declarations being made by both parties, by consent His Lordship dismissed the suit and ordered each party to bear its own costs.

Mr. M. V. Desai and Mr. K. T. Desai instructed by Messrs. Wadia Ghandhy & Co. appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. H. D. Banaji, and the Acting Advocate-General Mr. M. P. Amin, instructed by Messrs. Mulla & Mulla appeared for the defendant.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION

23,600 Children Untouched

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Despite the fact that at the end of July the number of children on the rolls of Municipal schools in the city stood at the peak figure of 1,27,150, a team of enumerators appointed by the Municipal Schools Committee, have noted down 23,600 children of school going age, who are not going to any school in the city.

As a part of the compulsory education drive organised by the Municipal Schools Committee, a team of 371 teachers were detailed for one month from July 11 to make door to door visits and ascertain particulars about children who have been kept out of schools. The teachers were also charged with the duty of persuading the parents or guardians of the children to send the kids to school.

The team enumerated 23,600 non-attending children. Out of this number they were also able to persuade parents and guardians of 8,940 children to send them to Municipal Schools. The count they have taken is regarded as provisional by the office of the Secretary of the Schools Committee and a final tally of all the returns made by the enumerators may swell the number of school-less children.

In an attempt to get as many of these children as possible to school the Committee has opened seven special classes in various localities thus providing for the shooling of about 300 children.

As part of the same campaign the Committee has organised a series of 14 meetings in some of the backward and labour areas of the city. Some of these have already been held and the series will go one till september 10.

EFFECTIVE MEASURES AGAINST 'POLIO'

Health Report Of Bombay

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Arrangements for treating 'polio' cases in Bombay City have been made in a ward of the Municipal Group of Hospitals, Sion, and also in the Byramji Jeejeebhoy Hospital for Children and Bai Jerbai Wadia Hospital for Children. During the week ended August 13 last, this disease took a toll of seven lives in Bombay City and three in Poona.

During the same period, cholera was responsible for 54 deaths, small-pox five, plague 13 and cerebro spinal fever one. Anti-epidemic measures are being continued in the affected areas.

The following is the health condition report of Bombay Province for the week:

PLAGUE: Plague figures were 39 cases and 13 deaths as against 16-3 reported in the previous week and 34-13 revised.

Anti-plague measures like disinfectation of houses with D.D.T. and inoculations are in progress in all the infected areas.

The total number of anti-plague inoculations performed in the province was 6,711, which brought the progressive total, from January, 1 to 230,560.

CHOLERA: Cholera figures were 102 cases and 54 deaths as against 88-49 reported in the previous week and 154-77 revised.

The total number of anti-cholera inoculations performed in the province was 16,888, which brought the progressive total, from January 1, to 495,969.

SMALLPOX: Smallpox figures were 60 cases and five deaths as against 83-11 reported in the previous week and 127-21, revised.

The total figures of primary and re-vaccinations performed in the province were 4,775 and 4,851, which brought the progressive total from January 1, to 433,453 and 920,399.

POLIOMYELTIS: Twenty three cases and seven deaths due to this cause were reported from Bombay City as against 30 cases and one death in the previous week.

During the week, 20 cases were admitted in the Infectious Diseases Hospital, Poona, of which 17 were from Poona City and three from rural areas. There were three deaths.

Other areas from which cases were sporadically reported were Kolhapur three cases, Sholapur three cases, Deolali two cases and Nasik, Kurla and Baroda one case each.

ELOCUTION TROPHY FOR WOMEN

Contest On September 10

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The third annual Intercollegiate Competition for Goolcher Forbes Elocution Trophy for Women will be held on September 10 at St. Xavier's College Hall at 4 p.m. Mr. Frank R. Moraes Editor, the 'Times of India' has kindly consented to preside at the function. All are cordially invited.

The subjects for the competition are:

Moral Rearmament;

Can Communism save the world?;

What form of social service would you recommend for women in India;

The Hindu Code Bill;

Who would make better professors—men or women?

Besides the challenge Trophy for the winning College three individual prizes for the best speakers will be awarded.

Entries should reach Professor Aguiar in charge of the Competition St. Xavier's College on or before August 30.

Convicted For Transporting Handloom Cloth

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

For transporting handloom cloth unlawfully Jamlal Bijaylal and Ibrahim Jamal, were each sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 300 or in default to undergo two months' simple imprisonment.

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FILMISTAN'S
MOST CAPTIVATING DANCE-MUSICAL
SHABNAM
Starring:
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CAN SPEAK FOR IT!
MEHBOOB'S great film
ANDAZ
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'Showplace of the Nation'
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Plans open 10 to 8-30.

OPENING 26th Aug. '49
LEKH
AT KRISHNA
SURAIYA, MOTILAL, SITARA, CUCKOO
TODAY at
EXCELSIOR 3-30, 6-30, 9-30.
PALACE
RIVOLI 12-30, 3-30, 6-30, 9-30.
PLANS OPEN.

IT'S AS MODERN AS TOMORROW—
VISHNU'S Mythological
SHREE
KRISHNA RUKMINI
NIRUPA ROY, KESHAV PUROHIT, URMILLA.
Director: DHIRUBHAI DESAI
2ND WEEK
MEJESTIC
3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. 12-30.
Booking 10 to 11-30 & 5 to 6.

Silver-Jubilee!
Much More Honoured, Than A Mere Jubilee!
CHHOTA-BHAI
13TH WEEK
MINERVA 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
From Frl. at CHITRA, Dadar

THE WAYS OF THIS TWENTIETH CENTURY!
KANEEZ
MUNAWAR SULTANA, SHYAM, KULDEEP, Urmilla, Zilloo, Cuckoo.
4th WEEK
Produced at BOMBAY TALKIES' STUDIOS
SUPER
3-15, 6-15, 9-15, Sun. 12-15.
Booking 9-30 to 11-30 & 5 to 6-30.
A GRAND PICTURES Release.

R-E-H-A-N-A
in a Role that SYMBOLISES YOUTH—
comes in company of
NIGAR and RAJ KAPOOR
in JAGAT Pictures
Also cast ROOP KAMAL HAROON.
Sunehre Din
Director: SATISHNIGAM
Songs: MADHOK
Music: GYAN DIXIT
Next Change at NOVELTY & SURYA
A Mahendra P. Release.

From FRIDAY, 26th at
EXCELSIOR 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
AND Plans open
MINERVA 9-30 to 1 & 2 to 7
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sat. Sun. 12-30
Booking
10 a.m. to 12 noon

I. A. PATEL Productions
DYNAMIC SOCIAL
CHANDA KI CHANDNI
Director: DWARKA KHOSLA
Music: GYAN DUTT
Songs: MADHOK
WITH
REHANA
JAIRAJ, VEERA
E. Billimoria, Pande an dthe new Comedian TIWARI

ABOLISH PROVINCIAL AUTONOMY

Manu Subedar's Plea For Unitary Government

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"THE basic design of administra-tion in India is wrong. Provincial Autonomy ought to be abolished and all legislation as well as taxation should be determined by the democratic Parliament in Delhi", observed Mr. Manu Subedar, the noted economist at a meeting of the Rotary Club, this afternoon.

Mr. Subedar asked if it was necessary or desirable for such a poor country as India, to have a democracy at the Centre and eleven other democracies in the Provinces. The elaborate paraphernalia of democratic provincial Governments, with staffs of secretaries, under-secretaries and their departments, as also the luxury of second chambers, was too much a drain on the revenues of different provinces.

CONFUSION

Added to this, in the field of legislation, great confusion resulted from similar laws emanating from the Centre and from the provinces. For instance there were eleven rent acts in India, and it was always a toss-up as to who would win a case—the tenant or the landlord. Similarly a multiplicity of laws regarding Hindu marriages created such a confusion that, one could be legally married in one State and his position might be questionable in another. Different provincial and Central laws on such issues as prohibition, property rights industrial disputes and a multitude of common subjects, was a waste of public money and time.

He felt that Provincial Autonomy was an evil not only on account of the above, but in many cases "men with inferior minds, imbued with a divine mission, and intolerant, had formed ministries. He was compelled to say that the best among them, were not good enough to run the administrations of the country, barring a few. "The less some of them know about their subject, the better they are suited to hold such jobs. Because a person went to jail, he has acquired competence," appeared to be the view, he said.

He added that in the different Ministries there were about half a dozen competent men like Bombay's Premier and Home Minister, but the way things were going on, he feared such men might be thrown overboard on account of paramount group loyalties.

He strongly deprecated the tendency to linguistically re-map India, maintaining that it would lead to greater intolerance and might even pave the way to a civil war. Considering all this, he advocated the dropping of Provincial Autonomy, before it is too late. "When India became free, the whole country became free, not the provinces separately and individually", he added.

RISING COSTS

Speaking about the cost of administration, he pointed out that the total cost of administration in India, had increased from Rs. 165,67 lacs in 1938/39 to 612,18 lacs in 1948/49. Military expenditure had risen from Rs. 46 crores to Rs. 155 crores; civil expenditure from Rs. 39 crores to Rs. 185 crores and the expenditure of the Provincial Governments from 81 crores to Rs. 185 crores.

He said that in planning the Ministries seemed to think that "money grew on trees". They believed more in slogans than in results. Bombay was happier relatively, but most of the ministers were "slow, inexpert, hesitant". They had grandiloquent and impractical plans. They were in too much of a hurry to create a new moral order and much ill-digested, legislation and taxation had come up everywhere.

Concluding he said, "The Congress like the Hindu wife cannot be divorced, but must be persuaded", for if the Congress was overthrown and the Communists came into power, the fate of the "bourgeoisie" would be unenviable.

Rotarian C. B. Patel presided.—

IMPPA Chief Meets Morarji

A strong plea that there should be a uniform policy of film censorship throughout the country, was, it is learnt, made by Mr. J. B. H. Wadia, President of the Indian Motion Pictures Producers' Association, when he met Mr. Morarji R. Desai, Home Minister, Government of Bombay, at the Civil Secretariat, this morning.

He is said to have repesented to the Minister that the present desperate policies of the different provinces made it extremely difficult for the industry to produce pictures which would be acceptable to all provinces without any hitch.

Prohibition for instance was the Bombay Censor's Sword of Damocles which hung over the producer's head.

All scenes and songs which conflicted with the Bombay Government Prohibition policy were tabooed by the Bombay Censors' Board. These scenes however, were not objectionable to other provinces.

CORPORATION BY-ELECTIONS

Nominations For Love Grove And Sewri

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Nominations were filed today for the forthcoming by-elections to the Bombay Municipal Corporation from two of the four city wards. These seats were held so long by the Communists, who forfeited them by their continued absence from the House as they are in detention under the Public Security Measures Act.

Three parties are contesting in Sewri (Ward No. 23). The candidates nominated today are: Mr. G. G. Karhad (Congress) Acharya P. K. Atre (Socialist) and Mr. K. T. Manchekar Communist). Three dummy candidates were also nominated today by the three parties. They are Mr. S. G. Chaike (Congress), Mr. D. G. Pathak (Socialist) and Mr. V. V. Chaudhari (Communist).

A keen contest between the Congress and the Socialists is expected here.

In Love Grove (Ward No. 29), four parties have nominated their candidates today. They are: Mr. G. M. Bhonsale (Congress), Mr. V. A. Shenoy (Socialist), Mr. M. B. More (Scheduled Castes Federation) and Mr. P. B. Kanukale (Communist). The three dummy candidates of the three parties are: Mr. D. K. Ksirsagar (Congress), Mr. S. B. Chawan (Socialist) and Mr. G. V. Bhalerao (Communist).

A triangular fight is expected in this ward.

The last date for withdrawal of nominations is August 30. Elections in these wards will take place on September 13.

POLICE TO AID HOUSEHOLDERS

Fingerprint Check Of Servants

BOMBAY, Tuesday

The city police have decided to afford to householders wishing to employ domestic servants the facility of a fingreprint check on their antecedents, if so desired.

Owing to the acute shortage of domestic servants, thieves find it easy to obtain employment as servants and decamp with good booty when a suitable opportunity offers itself. The number of such cases reported to the police are on the increase.

Therefore if a householder wants to employ a servant who is a total stranger to him, he can take the servant along to a police station. The police will verify his antecedents and make a report.

MARATHI JOURNALIST'S DEATH

The body of Dr. Chitnis is taken to the crematorium. Many Marathi newspapermen are seen facing the camera.

DR. G. Y. CHITNIS DEAD

Noted Marathi Author And Journalist

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The 'Bombay Chronicle' regrets to announce the death of Dr. G. Y. Chitnis, noted Marathi journalist and ex-editor of "Chitra", which occurred in the city on Monday night. Dr. Chitnis who died of an attack of blood pressure was 49 at the time of death.

His remains were cremated at Sonapur this morning. Among those who attended the funeral were several well-known citizens and journalists. Acharya P. K. Atre, Mr. D. B. Karnik, Mr. Appa Pendse and others who spoke on the occasion, eulogised the services rendered by Dr. Chitnis in the field of Marathi journalism.

Dr. Chitnis was a versatile writer in Marathi. He was also the author of several works of fiction and drama.

NEW AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Vaikunth L. Mehta, Minister for Finance, performed the inaugural ceremony of a new agricultural school at Arbhavi, in Belgaum district, on August 22.

Speaking on the occasion, Mr. Mehta said that the agricultural schools in Bombay Province were maintaining a high standard and hoped that this new school would prove a good substitute for an agricultural college.

Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Forests and Agriculture, who was also present, wished bright future for the school and hoped that the school would prove of real help to cultivators.

RADIO

WEDNESDAY, August 24.

BOMBAY—A

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee (Abhang) 7-40 Aj Ka Karyagram 7-45 Shingul (Rabab par Dhun) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Sailesh Kumar Mukherji (Geet) 8-45 News (G) 12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude 12-50 Sharad Joshi (Guj. Pad & Geet) 1-0 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay—B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Band of H. M. Coldstream Guards 1-55 Kentucky Minstrels 2-15 Louis Levy and Gaumont—Br. Symphony 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 A. R. Limaye (Shree) 5-30 As in Bombay—B 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 Panditrao Nagarkar (Ambika) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Shingul (Rabab par Naghma) 7-30 Sadashiv Gujar (Abhang) 7-45 Jaltarang Par Bhoop 8-0 Sharad Joshi (Guj. Geets) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay—B 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay—B 10-0 Urban De Lima Baritone 10-15 Ernsi Von Dohnanyi and London Sym. Orch. 10-40 Wilfred Forbes Violin.

BOMBAY—B

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay—A 7-45 News (K) 8-0 Panditrao Nagarkar (Bhairon) 8-30 News (M) 8-45 A. R. Limaye (Khat) 12-45 p.m. As in Bombay—A 12-50 News (M) 1-0 Sadashiv Gujar (Sarang) 1-10 Pad Aur Bhajan 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Variety programme (H, U and H) 2-20 Musical Interlude 4-20 As in Bombay—A 5-30 Sailesh Kumar Mukherji (Geet) 5-45 Sharad Joshi (Guj. Pad) 6-0 Shingul (Rabab par Dhun) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay—A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 A. R. Limaye (Gorakh Kalyan) 8-30 Anaj Ki Paidaesh (H) by Virendra Kumar Jain 8-45 Sailesh Kumar Mukherjee (Vocal) 9-0 Panditrao Nagarkar (Shudh Kalyan) 9-30 Music by Roshan Sanjana 9-45 Review of current affairs by M. V. Mathew 10-0 "Paushtik Prem" Roopak (M) by Raja Badhe 10-30 Ramakrishnabuwa Vaze (Vocal).

BARODA: AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. "Raag Ragini" 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Mukundrao Ghanekar (Lalit) 8-15 News (G) 6-0 p.m. News (E) 6-10 Chandrakant Nanavaty (Bhansari) 6-25 Mumtaz Begum Udepurwali (Thumri) 6-35 Gramjano mate (From Baroda only) 6-35 Majurbhaiyo Mate (From Ahmedabad) 7-0 Stree Sammelan 7-30 Balaramdasji (Prachin Bhajano) 7-45 Nishchala Desai (G Geeto) 8-0 Bhajan Geet Ane Garbo 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Mumtaz Begum Udepurwali (Ghazal and Gat) 8-45 Bharatiya Sangeet 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Indian Writing Talk in English on Works of J. Vijaytunga 9-30 Nishchala Desai (G Geeto) 9-45 "Tun Tame Aap" by Gulabdas Broker 10-0 Mukundrao Ghanekar (Miyan Malhar).

CONTENTION OVER "PERSONAL USE"

Appeal Allowed

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Shah)

The Hubli Electricity Co. Ltd.
..... Appellants (Defendants)
vs.
The Hubli Borough Municipality
..... Respondents (Plaintiffs)

An interesting decision as to the meaning of the expression "personal use" was given by His Lordship in a second appeal from Dharwar District.

The present suit had been filed by the respondent municipality to recover Rs. 3,000 due to it by the appelant company by way of terminal tax on diesel oil which that company had imported for the purpose of generating electricity to be supplied to the public. The appellant company claimed exemption from this tax under a Rule which enacted, "All goods for bona fide personal use and not for sale, provided that the quality of such goods is reasonable, having regard to the status and circumstances of the owner thereof, shall be exempted from the terminal tax".

The District Judge of Dharwar had on first appeal held that since the Company was using the oil for generating electricity to be sold on a commercial basis, it would be stretching the meaning of the expression "personal use" too far to say that the use made by the company was "personal use".

DISAGREEMENT

His Lordship disagreed with the view of the District Judge and stated that the appellant company was a "person", and as such was the owner of the concern, and that though the diesel oil disappeared as it was used for the machinery, the diesel oil itself not being for sale, the use of the oil by the appellant company was "personal use" within the exemption provision.

In the result, His Lordship allowed the appeal and dismissed the suit of the plaintiff municipality with costs throughout.

Mr. S. R. Parulekar appeared for the appellant company.

Mr. K. G. Datar appeared for the respondent municipality.

Symphony Orchestra Concert

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A re-organised orchestra under the baton of Joseph de Lima gave its first performance on Monday evening at the C. J. Hall The orchestra has been enlarged and gave a good account of itself led by Dominic Pereira the concert-master.

In Beethoven's "Fidelis" Overture the strings seemed to be hesitantly finding their way at the outset, but soon got together to give a bright rendering. E. Nissen gave the flute solo of Bach's Suite in B minor. The strings seemed a bit too vehemant at times, but the balance between the flute and cello in the third movement and the flute and violins in the fifth movement was perfect. The orchestra was at its best in Mozart's Haffrer Symphony forming a perfect ensemble, and giving a robust, dramatic rendering of this forceful, vigorous composition. The conductor kept the orchestra together directing them with equal confidence in the vigorous as well as the other passages.

By public request the Tschaikowsky Concerto in D major for Violin and Orchestra was repeated by Mehli Mehta. It is difficult to compare two performances of the same composition by an artist within a single month, and if we preferred this evening's rendering it does not necessarily indicate that it excelled the former, but it proves that an artist of the high calibre of the soloist could secure increasing appreciation at a repeat performance, which is rather rare.

This inaugural success should lead the orchestra to give regular monthly concerts this season. We would consider it a privilege to hear some more recitals by Mehli Mehta in the near future.

Dies Of Burns

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Surekha Syam Adhikari, a married woman aged about 18 years who went to Uran from Bombay on Saturday last with a view to take part in some religious ceremony, was accidently burnt with a kerosine lamp. She was treated in a hospital at Uran for one day but on advice of doctors was removed to K. E. Hospital. She died yesterday.

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Shravan Vad 14 2005
Muslim: Shaval 27 1368
Parsi: Aspandarmad 25 1318
Sunrise: 6-22 a.m.
Sunset: 7-1 p.m.
Hightide: 11-42, 23-32
Lowtide: 04-52, 17-51

Today's Engagements

BOMBAY AUTO. EMPLOYEES UNION: Meeting of factory staff of Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co., at Mazagon at 10 a.m. Staff of the French Motor Co. will meet at the Union Office, Vithal Sadan, Congress House at 6-30 p.m.

KONKANI SAHITYA MANDAL: Inauguration at Wilson College Hall, at 3 p.m.

MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: Meeting at the Corporation Hall at 3-40 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Study class at Jehangir Wadia Bldg., opp. Flora Foundtain, at 6-15 p.m.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE: Training class at Leagues Head Office, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, at 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION: Executive Committee meeting at Servants of India Society Hall, Sandhurst Road, at 6-30 p.m.

* * *

The R. L. Trust Hostel will open this week in the city, and studen's desirous of securing accommodation are requested to contact Mr. Natoo Parikh, at 13 Suman House, Chaupatty.

* * *

The total number of patients treated during July at the Jamshedji Jehangirji Dubash Homoeopathic Charitable Dispensary, Chinchpokli, was 604 (247 men, 269 women and 88 children). The daily average attendance was 23. Fiftytwo were new cases and 424 were treated free.

* * *

The office of the General Secretary of the Social Workers Training Centre will be shifted from September 1 from Ardeser Irani Chawl to Nature Cure Home, Bombay Poona Road Lonavla.

WEATHER

POONA, August 23, (PTI): The following is the all-India weather summary for Tuesday, August 23.

The monsoon has temporarily withdrawn from north-west India and the west United Provinces and has been generaly weak over the rest of country outside Assam, sub-Himalayan West Bengal and the south of the peninsula. There have also been local showers in Bihar, the east Central Provinces, the Konkan and the north Madras coast.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL WEDNESDAY EVENING: Rainfall will be fairly widespread in Assam, sub-Himalayan West Bengal, the South Konkan, the south Bombay-Deccan, Malabar and Mysore. There will be local showers in Bihar, the East Central Provinces, the north Konkan and the Madras-Deccan.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Scattered heavy falls of rain will continue in Assam during the next 48 hours.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from June 1 and departure from normal, recorded at 8 a.m. on Tuesday:—

Ahmedabad 93 78 0 18.3 minus 4.4 Ahmednagar 91 70 0 4.4 minus 6.3 Ajmer nil Akola 93 72 0 25.2 plus 3.4 Baroda 93 76 0 17.2 minus 7.4 Belgaum 82 65 0 17.0 minus 7.4 Bhopal 89 75 0 20.9 minus 14.6 BOMBAY 87 74 0.9 54.9 plus 0.3 Calcutta 93 81 T 28.9 minus 5.2 Darjiling nil Delhi 97 79 0 22.4 plus 6.7 Hyderabad (Dn) 93 74 0 13.7 minus 0.6 Indore 87 69 0 21.6 minus 1.5 Jaipur nil Jubbulpore 90 76 0 31.8 minus 7.7 Kolhapur 85 67 0 15.4 Lucknow 93 0 30.3 plus 5.1 Madras 94 79 0.7 11.1 plus 2.4 Mahabaleshwar 70 Mussoorie nil Nagpur 94 78 0 35.5 plus 4.0 Ootacamund nil Patna 87 81 0 40.9 plus 13.0 Poona 88 69 0 7.3 8.7 6.7 Rajkot 94 73 0 19.6 plus 1.0 Shillong nil Sholapur 96 73 0 12.5 plus 1.3 Simla nil Surat 88 79 0 22.9 minus 9.0.

Killed In Collision

CALCUTTA, Aug. 23 (PTI).—One person was killed and three others were seriously injured in a collision early this morning between a fire brigade engine and a state bus near Dalhousie Square. The injured are being treated in hospital.

Mr. Hareshwar Dayal, Indian Political Officer in Sikkim, who is due to leave for Tibet on an official tour arrived in Delhi on August 22 for consultations with the foreign office.

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NO PROTECTION AT COST OF EFFICIENCY

Mr. G. L. Mehta Warns Glass Manufacturers

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

MR. G. L. Mehta, President of the Indian Tariff Board, stressed that while industries seeking or already enjoying tariff protection or assistance had to be safeguarded against unfair competition, the protection or assistance that might be granted to an industry must be determined on the basis of a reasonable standard of efficiency and should not be such as would take away the incentive to strive for efficiency.

Mr. Mehta was speaking on the occasion of the inquiry into the claim of the glass industry for protection or assistance, which commenced here today.

Nearly sixty representatives of manufacturers, importers and consumers, besides representatives of the Provincial Governments of Bombay, Bengal and the United Provinces, and of the Ministry of Industry and Supply, Government of India, were present.

At the outset, Mr. Mehta stated that owing to cessation of imports, the industry expanded to such an extent that at present it comprised 224 glass factories, including 90 engaged in the manufacture of bangles, with a total installed capacity of 1,50,000 tons.

SUGGESTIONS

Mr. Mehta referred to the steps taken by the industry for improving its technical efficiency during the war and, while complimenting it on providing a refutation of the conventional argument that technical progress could only be achieved on the spur of foreign competition, he emphasised that, if the Indian glass manufacturers were to compete effectively with large-scale and highly capitalised industries of other countries, they must install fully automatic machines.

Other steps which Mr. Mehta suggested for improving the quality and reducing the cost of production of Indian glassware were the proper selection and treatment of the principal raw material, namely, silica sand, economy in the consumption of coal and soda ash, the promotion of research and the provision of facilities for technical training by the glass industry itself in conjunction with the Department of Glass Technology of the United Provinces Government and the Central Glass and Ceramics Research Institute at Calcutta.

"In the case of a well-established industry of this kind", Mr. Mehta emphasised, "protection can be justified if it enables the industry to carry out the necessary technical improvements on which alone its future eventually depends".

SCOPE OF INQUIRY

During the subsequent discussion, it was agreed that the scope of the inquiry should be confined to the following three sections of the industry, namely, sheet glass; bottleware, tableware and lampware; as well as bangles.

The concensus of opinion at the meeting was that, having regard to the increase in consumption and building activity throughout the country, the Indian demand for sheet glass for the next three years could be put at 32 million square feet per annum. The rated capacity of the industry was put at 20 million square feet of sheet glass by the manufacturers; the Government representatives, however, stated that the rated capacity could not exceed 15 million square feet.

The manufacturers pointed out that large quantities of sheet glass had been imported during the last year, with the result that the three existing sheet glass manufacturing units were not at present in production. Regarding the quality of Indian sheet glass, opinion was divided.

It was disclosed that a number of new sheet glass factories would be coming into production during the next two or three years. The manufacturers claimed that, in addition to a protective duty, there should be some restriction of imports for a year or two owing to heavy stocks. They also asked for concessions in regard to freight rates on raw materials and transport facilities.

The inquiry relating to the sheet glass section of the industry was concluded today. The Board will take up on Wednesday the case of the other two sections relating to bottleware, tableware and lampware as well as bangles.

ARTS CONFERENCE AT CALCUTTA

Ambitious Programme Chalked Out

CALCUTTA, August 23 (PTD).—About 200 delegates from all over India will take part in the All-India Fine Arts Conference which will be held in Calcutta on August 29 and 30, it is learnt here.

India's Education Minister, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad will preside and the West Bengal Governor, Dr. K. N. Katju will inaugurate the Conference.

The Conference, it is learnt, will consider the establishment of an arts' travelling fund to provide facilities for study and observation tours for young and promising artists within and outside the country and also the formation of a central organisation to coordinate art activities.

AGENDA

The agenda of the Conference will also include (1) Traditional Indian art in relation to modern developments. (2) The role of art in general education: (A) Art teaching in school, (B) At the University Stage. (3) The place of art in: (A) Industry (B) Commerce. (4) Art schools and their syllabuses. (5) Ways and means of promoting social education through art. (6) The place of art galleries and museums in education. (7) The desirability of establishing a central institute of art. (8) The preparation of art publications for use in the country and abroad—art directories, albums, portfolios, etc.

An exhibition of contemporary Indian painting, consisting mostly of exhibits received from young artists will be on view at the Marble Hall at Government House, Calcutta, during the session of the Conference.

Kalyan Electric Supply Company Fined

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, August 23: Mr. Kanji Govind Kerson, Managing Director of the Kalyan Electric Supply Co. Ltd. was fined Rs. 51 by the Additional Resident Magistrate of Kalyan, Mr. K. S. Dhurandhar, under the Indian Electricity Act for failure to supply the energy to one Mr. P. D. Khatib.

It was reported that some time back Mr. Khatib erected a stall on the municipal ground and applied to the Kalyan Electric Supply Co. for the energy. The company refused to give power connection to Mr. Khatib who filed a suit in the court of law.

The Managing Director of the Company pleaded that the stall erected by the complainant was not a "premises" under the Act.

The court held that the stall constructed by the petitioner did constitute "premises" under the Act and ordered the Managing Director to pay the above fine. The Managing Director had pleaded not guilty.

C. P. Red Leader Arrested

NAGPUR, Aug. 23, (PTI): Mr. M. S. Vaidya, an "underground" Communist, who is suspected to have been operating from the provincial headquarters of the Communist Party here, was arrested at Ellichpur, his native town near Amraoti on August 20, it was officially learnt today.

With Mr. Vaidya's arrest, the police have now almost completed the roundup of active Communist workers in the province.

Rs. 2/8/- for 50.
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AGRICULTURIST

Sir Manilal B. Nanavati founder President Indian Agricultural Society left for Geneva by air to lead Indian delegation to the International Conference of Agricultural Economists to be held at Stressa via Italy.

U. N. Backing For Science

LAKE SUCCESS, Aug. 23 (PTI-Reuter)—Science received a further fillip at the hands of the United Nations when the first international conference on the protection of nature met here under its auspices. Over 100 delegates from many foreign countries and several international organisations are attending.

The delegates unanimously elected Dr. J. N. Gazrielson, world-famous American biologist and ornithologist, as President of the conference and Dr. Frank Darling, internationally-known British biologist as first Vice-President.

Prof. Theodore Monod of the French National History Museum, Paris, was elected second VVice-President.

Mr. Antoine Goldet, on behalf of the United Nations Secretary-General said that conferences of this type were serving an extremely useful purpose, especially when viewed in relation to the need for conservation of world resources, on which another conference was already meeting at Lake Success.

A third conference, called under the United Nations auspices, will meet today at Costa Rica and will last until September 2.

Police Rule In Kharswan, Oriyan Says

CUTTACK, August 23, (PTI): The Leader of the Opposition in the Orissa Assembly, Mr. S. N. Bhanj Deo (the Raja of Kanika) in a statement yesterday said that the situation of Kharswan and Seraikella States was not normal, and it required immediate intervention of the Government of India.

The two States were merged in Orissa province on January 1, 1948, but were subsequently transferred to Bihar by the States Ministry.

Mr. Bhanj Deo, who has returned here from what he called a "fact-finding mission" said that during his tour many persons had appeared before him and made statements. They stated that they had been "assaulted by persons in police uniform without any numbers". Some of them bore marks of injuries.

Mr. Bhanj Deo added: "We were being constantly shadowed by the Bihar police and whenever we went out, a lorry load of police constables and officers were following us. Never for a moment did we feel that we were breathing the free air in free India even on the Independence Day."

Kalat Ruler Claims Right To Nomination

QUETTA, August 22, (P.T.I.-Reuter): Three of four rulers of Baluchistan states—of Makran, Kharan and Lasbela—meeting in conference here have selected a representative of Baluchistan states to the Pakistan State Negotiating Committee and the Pakistan Constituent Assembly, it is understood.

Their choice, it is learned, is not however acceptable to the Khan of Kalat, whose stand is that since the population of his state is more than the total population of the remaining three, he can put forth his claim to nominating his man to the committee, even if the other states of Baluchistan do not agree with him.

BUMPER GRAM CROP IN PAKISTAN

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, August 23: According to figures collected by the Food Ministry of the Pakistan Government, the total yield this year of gram in the Dominion will be about 800,000 tons, which is over 34 per cent. more than the previous year's yield of 5,93,000 tons. The increase in the percentage of acreage, however, will be only 13 per cent.

There is expected to be substantial increase in the outturn of this crop in West Punjab and Sind and therefore there are likely to be larger exports of this commodity to India.

PARIS, Aug. 23. (PTI-Reuter): It was announced today at the Bordeaux headquarters of Colonel Maruelle Commander-in-Chief of Fire-fighting Force in south-western France, that the forest fires in the Gironde Department were under control

SEIZURE OF EVACUEE PROPERTY IN KARACHI CONTINUES

Position Of Dalmia's Cement Company Under Investigation

KARACHI, Aug. 22 (PTI-Reuter)—While Karachi's Deputy Custodian of Evacuee Property today sealed the account books and stores of the "Marina Hotel", informed quarters here forcast a revised central ordinance to be issued in the very near future governing the tretament of evacuee property in Pakistan countermeasure to what is characterised here as India's "high-handed" policy on the issue.

In the capital 13 non-Muslim firms and five cars belonging to non-Muslim evacuees have been taken over by the custodian during the last week While about half a dozen other non-Muslim firms have been served with notices to show cause why they should not be taken over by the custodian. Enquiries against about 500 such concerns are still pending. The latter include Karachi's leading hotel "Palace" and Seth Ramkrishna Dalmia's giant cement producing factory's on the city's outskirts.

The deputy custodian told that this drive to take over "genuine evacuee property" in Karachi was not a retaliatory measure to what was happening in India. We are doing it under the existing legislation and after due and through enquiries" he added

A similar drive will shortly be launched in the province of Sind, reliable sources said here today.

Coming as link the Indo-Pakistan tug of war on the "property front" the proposed central ordinance will, it is learned, be in line with India's recent ordinance of the treatment of evacuee property. It is expected to enlarge the definition of the word "evacuee" and remove other lacunae in the evacuee property ordinance of October 1948. It is also likely to contain provisions authorising the provincial governments to issue similar ordinances resulting in a uniform policy to be pursued on the subject.

Various suggestions to amend the existing legislation which are to be reissued in the form of a new ordinance were, it will be recalled, discussed at a conference of representatives of the central and provincial governments held in Karachi recently.

The 12 non-Muslim concerns over by the custodian in Karachi besides the "Marina Hotel" include firms belonging to Messrs Biharimal Juggamal-Mangaldas Manchand, Nariandas Bhagwandas, Thanimdas Kataria, Aidayal Kapoor, and the refrigerator corporation, the British Clothing Company, the Imperial Cinema mills stores, Globe Typewriter Company and the Central Cycle and Motor Company and its two godowns.

GOODS TRAIN DERAILED

MIRAJ, August 22 (P.T.I): Three wagons of a goods train running from Poona to Miraj were derailed near Madhavnagar station, about six miles from here, last evening due to some "technical fault" in the wagons, it is learnt here today. No injuries to persons are, however, reported.

As a result of the derailment, the Bengalore Express which was due here at 8 P.M. yesterday arrived at 12-35 A.M. today.

In Miraj Station compound itself a wagon of a shunting train dashed against a buffalow last evening killing the animal.

The trains were running to schedule today.

PAKISTAN OFFICIAL GETS THREE YEARS

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, August 23: Mr. Ghulam Mohomed, former Sub-Inspector of Police, Shahbadpur, has been sentenced by the Special Magistrate, Hyderabad (Sind), to three years' R.I. on charges of corruption and bribery.

Ghulam Mohomed was suspended from service soon after his arrest by the anti-corruption police and was on bail till now. While passing the sentence, the Magistrate remarked that on account of the ever-increasing number of corruption cases among the Government servants, a deterrent and exemplary sentence was necesary.

A report from Mirpurkhas (Sind), says that Head Constable Noor Hussein was arrested while accepting illegal gratification from a person whom he wanted to entangle in a theft case.

Indo-Pak Meeting On Trade Controls

NEW DELHI, Aug. 23 (PTI): The enhanced duty on Indian Cloth and Yarn imposed by the Pakistan Government is expected to be discussed at a conference of officials of both the Governments to be held shortly.

The new rates of duties, it is pointed out, are preferential to U.K. and other countries as against India and contrary to the inter-Dominion agreement. The emphasis so far has been on the necessity for a greater flow of goods between the two Dominions and to relax trade controls to achieve this objective.

COMMODORE

Commodore H. R. Inigo-Jones Commodore-in-Charge R.I.N. left by air for U.K.

PROSPEROUS INDIA BENEFICIAL TO U.S.

J. J. Singh's Plea For Timely Help

NEW YORK, August 23, (PTI-Reuter):— Mr. J. J. Singh, President of the India League of America, said in a radio interview that if the United States would help India at this critical stage, "before long the United States would begin to reap benefits from a prosperous and progressive India". The interview was concerned mainly with the World Bank's 34 million dollar loan to help develop India's transport.

Mr. Singh said: "I confess my great disappointment at the meagreness of this loan from the World Bank. I know the bank is contemplating to give an additional 41 million dollars but India had asked for 360 million dollars and had submitted detailed blueprints of her requirements. I still hope that the World Bank will consider India's application and give her enough dollars so that she can launch her huge economic programme."

Mr. Singh said that the dollar loans and American technical help would enable India to make rapid strides towards industrialisation.

"I believe plans to produce more food will receive top priority. This means increased production and importation of fertilizers, tube well pumps etc.

Asked about Communism in India, Mr. Singh said, "I believe India is, and will continue to be the bulwark against Communism in Asia but one thing must be borne in mind. The living standard of the people must be raised. The poverty-stricken masses of India will sooner or later revolt if better conditions do not prevail. If that happens, the Communists will have a fertile ground for their propaganda."

SEVERE BLOW TO SABHA IN MAHAKOSAL

Party Leader Goes Over To Congress

(From Our Own Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, August 23: The Hindu Maha Sabha, which could never set its roots in the soil of Mahakosal, a citadel of the Congress in India for the last 30 years of its political life, collapsed unceremoniously when Shri Dwarka Prasad Shrivastava, the president of the Hindu Sabha, Damoh and the chairman of the municipal committee, Damoh, declared publicly to join and serve the Congress.

In 1943-44 when Dr. Shyama Prosad Mukerji presided over the annual session of the All-India Hindu Maha Sabha, at Bilaspur attempts were made to re-organise and revitalise the Hindu Sabha in Mahakosal, but before the echo of the speeches made in the pandal had died out, Dr. Indrajeet Singh, Shri Ram Krishna Pande, Shri Dwarka Prasad Bhargava, Shri Dehankar, Shri Gopilal, Shri Nathu Ram Shukla and Shri P. C. Bose, the staunch supporters and pillars of the Sabha in this province submitted their resignations and severed their connections with the communal organisation one after the other.

In December-January last when the civic elections were held in Damoh Shri D. P. Shrivastava was elected as the president of the municipal committee defeating his Congress rival Shri Shrivastava had also succeeded in getting his nominees elected to the municipal committee from the various wards of the city in an overwhelming majority against the candidates set up by the Congress.

Shri D. P. Shrivastava has now seen the futility of the course he had been pursuing for the last two decades and has, therefore, now decided and declared to resign from the Hindu Sabha organisation and join the Congress to serve the Country.

B. C. ROY RETURNING AS FISHING EXPERT

PARIS, Aug. 22 (PTI-Reuter)—The West Bengal Premier, Dr. B. C. Roy, will return to India early next month with new ideas on a score of projects ranging from deep sea fishing in the Bay of Bengal to the manufacture of penicillin in Calcutta.

After a two-month tour of a dozen European capitals Dr. Roy said here tonight: "Every country I visited offered a great deal of effective co-operation

VINDHYA PRADESH LIKELY TO BE DISINTEGRATED

States Union May Be Merged With Neighbouring Provinces

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

JUBBULPORE, August 23.

THE fate of the Vindhya Pradesh, which had been hanging in balance since April last when the Ministry of the Vindhya Union was dissolved, is expected to be decided very shortly according to the information gathered by me from reliable sources here.

The question before the States Ministry is whether the Vindhya Pradesh should be allowed to remain and function as an autonomous unit or it should be disintegrated and merged with the neighbouring Provinces of the Central Provinces and the United Provinces. The issue, but for the recent illness of the Government of India's Home Minister, Sardar Patel would have been decided on or before August 15. The question has now been engaging the attention of Sardar Patel, and it is believed that it will not take much time for its settlement.

Informed circles opine that in view of the sad and bitter experiences of the public there is little prospect of the re-formation of a Ministry for the third time in the Vindhya Pradesh and of its remaining as an autonomous unit. The other course, naturally, left open for the Vindyha Pradesh, is that it may be disintegrated and merged with the neighbouring Provinces in the interest of the people.

It is expressed in the political circles that if the Vindyha Pradesh were disintegrated in the near future, a major portion of it covering an area of about 22,000 square miles with a population of over 32,00,000 would be allotted to the Central Provinces and the remaining portion with an area of about 3,000 sq. miles and a population of 4,00,000 might go with the United Provinces.

Quake Shock In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Aug. 23, (PTI): An earthquake shock of very great intensity with its epicentre at about 7,259 miles away from Begumpet was recorded by the seismographs of the Nizamiah observatory at 9-45 a.m. on August 22.

MAJOR RAILWAY ACCIDENTS

NEW DELHI, August 23.

The annual report of the Chief Government Inspector of Railways for the year ending March 31, 1949 contains an account of the major railway accidents that occurred on the Indian Railways and suggestions for the prevention of similar accidents in future

Twenty-five accidents which involved passenger trains were inquired into by Government Inspectors. Of these ten were due to collisions and ten caused by derailments. There were four cases of fires in trains and one case of a train running into road traffic. The ten cases of collisions are reported to be the result of negligence on the part of the train crew or the station staff. Of the ten cases of derailment, six were due to failure engine, rolling stock or permanent way and four were of a miscellaneous nature.

During this year 62 miles of new lines on Nizam's State, Rajasthan and E. P. Railways and 44 miles of the restored Kanpur-Khairada Section of G.I.P. Railway, were inspected by Government Inspectors, before opening for public traffic. In addition to this, 21 miles of doubling on the E.I., E.P. and G.I.P. Railways and one and half miles of diversion on the Mysore State Railway were inspected before opening for traffic.

The report, which is a priced publication, can be obtained from the Manager of Publications, Delhi.

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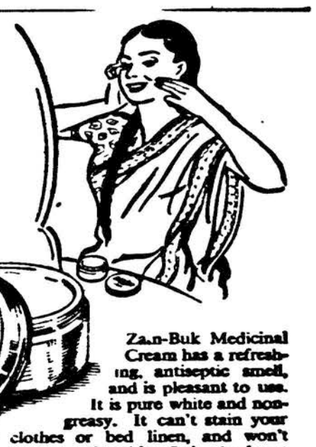
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SCINTILATING DISPLAY BY PATIL AND BHOPARDIKAR IN DOUBLES

Holders Repeat Last Year's Victory Over Davindar And Lewis

BOMBAY Tuesday.

MAGNIFICENT display by the holders Bhopardikar and Patil in a point-to-point thrilling game against their last year's opponents in the final and Indian international players, George Lewis and Davindar Mohan, brought them a moct praiseworthy victory, and thus belying the belief held out last year that their victory then was merely a flash in the pan.

Adopting attacking tactics from the start the youngsters fought each point for the first half of the initial game with great care, and went level with their opponents. But in the end the superiority of the older and far greater experienced pair told and Davindar Mohan and Lewis won the first game easily at 15—9.

Whenever they got the opportunities, Bhopardikar and Patil attacked for all they were worth, and their efforts and determination was amply rewarded when Bhopardikar and Desai won the second game very narrowly. The pair went level, and Davindar and Lewis tried their level best to wrest the attack from their younger rivals. Davindar was particularly brilliant in his execution of the strokes, and combining them with an almost unplayable dropshot, impressed everyone present, and with his partner Lewis fast tiring out in the second game, the responsibility lay greatly on his shoulders, which he bore admirably.

The second game saw both the pairs never for once show any inclination of surrendering the attack. Bhopardikar and Patil by clever placings and few choice smashes brought their scores well within range of victory. And at 15—14 in the young pair's favour Davindar served just short of the service line. This changed whole complexion of the game, and the game went in the favour of Bhopardikar and Patil.

The two pairs went level in the third and the last game till about seven points were played, but then Bhopardikar and Patil made few mistakes and in the same manner as they lost the first game, by taking unduly rash chances, they lost the next four points to become 7—11 down. But Patil's excellent game aided by Bhopardikar's masterly service helped them to bring the scores once more level.

The extra points in the third and last game provided badminton of the highest standard, and with hardly one point separating them from the other, Bhopardikar and Patil just managed to keep the wolf from the door, when with a match point in his favour, Davindar hit a ridiculously easy smash on the ground by hitting it on the frame of the racket. It seemed destined that the last year's winners were just too lucky to lose for with the scores at sixteen all, George Lewis of all the players made two gift points to Bhopardikar and Patil and the match as well. The first he smashed, but in doing so he touched the net, and the other he hit on the frame of his racket.

The following were the results:—

Men's Doubles

M. S. Patil and M. K. Bhopardikar beat Davindar Mohan and G. Lewis, 9-15, 17-14, 18-16; D. G. Mugwe and B. V. Ullal beat S. G. Pandurkar and P. V. Kulkarni, 15-7, 15-6; B. R. Mallapur and A. S. Phalnikar beat M. P. Desai and V. P. Desai, 12-15, 15-11, 15-9; R. A. Dongre and G. P. Shirke beat M. Guha and B. D. Shroff, 18-14, 15-9.

Mixed Doubles

G. P. Shirke and Miss S. Nigudkar beat R. A. Dongre and Miss K. Shirodkar, 15-4, 15-7; Davindar Mohan and Mrs. G. Nasikwala beat S. G. Pendurkar and Miss E. Edwards, 15-2, 15-5; G. Lewis and Mrs. Lewis beat S. S. Parulekar and Miss R. Vimadalal, 15-7, 15-3; M. N. Desai and Miss H. N. Dubash beat G. S. Kalyanpur and Mrs. K. Natu, 15-8, 15-2; M. Guha and Miss P. D. Shroff beat O. Alves and Miss B. Saldanha, 17-18, 15-4, 15-2; M. K. Bhopardikar and Miss T. Vakeel beat N. J. Antia and Mrs. B. Castellino, 15-5, 15-4; R. D. Desai and Miss S. Phansalkar beat P. D. Raut and Miss P. Iyengar, 15-7, 15-1.

Women's Doubles

Miss S. Phansalkar and Miss S. M. Bhat beat Miss Om Kacker and Miss S. Shirodkar, 15-7, 15-9; Miss B. Farias and Miss T. Vakeel beat Miss B. Saldanha and Miss P. Puri, 15-10, 17-15.

TODAY'S FIXTURES

5-0 p.m. Miss T. Vakeel vs. Miss H. Dubash, 5-20 p.m. Mrs. N. Lewis vs. Miss E. Edwards, 5-40 p.m. B. D. Shroff vs. G. S. Kalyanpur, 6-0 p.m. P. S. Nilkant vs. A. R. Kavarana, 6-20 p.m. M. S. Patil vs M. G. Mangalvedhekar, 6-40 p.m. Davindar Mohan vs G. Fernandes, 7-0 p.m. H. Ferreira and H. K. Talyarkhan vs B. R. Mallapur and A. S. Phalnikar, 7-20 p.m. G. P. Shirke and Miss S. Nigudkar vs M. G. Mangalvedhekar and Miss Patwardhan or G. Lewis and Mrs. Lewis, 7-40 p.m. Bala Ullal and Mrs. R. Soman vs Davindar Mohan and Mrs. G. Nasikwala.

Committee To Inquire Into Thomas Cup Tour

BOMBAY, Aug. 23 (PTI).

This year's All-India and Inter-Provincial Badminton Championships will be held in Calcutta commencing from December 1st to 18th.

It is announced that the Council of the All-India Badminton Association has appointed a sub-committee to investigate certain charges made against the Indian Thomas Cup badminton team which toured Canada, the United States of America and the United Kingdom, early this year.

The sub-committee consists of Mr. Justice G. S. Rajadhyaksha, President of the Association, Mr. H. N. Contractor and Mr. C. Gomms.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

4-30 p.m. St. Xavier's vs VJTI (Inter Collegiate).

5-40 p.m. Bombay Amateurs vs St. Francis Goans (WI Championship).

St. Xaviers College Ground Parel

4-30 p.m. Panchgani POB vs Times of India (VVM Cup).

5-40 p.m. Bombay City vs BEST (Second Division Harwood League).

BADMINTON

CCI Courts

5 p.m. CCI Championships.

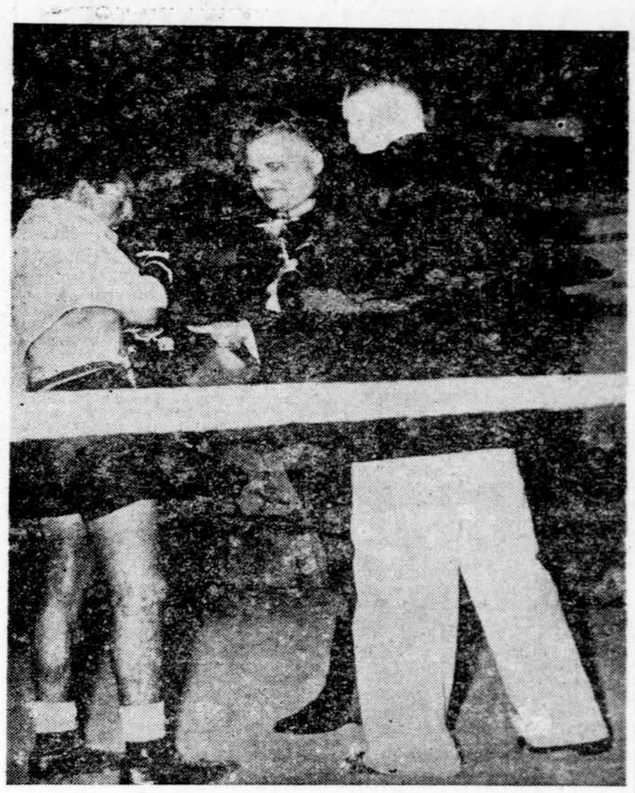
TABLE TENNIS

Elphinstone Technical School

5-30 p.m. First and Second Rounds of Junior Singles

6-45 p.m. First and Second Rounds of the First Quarter of Men's Singles (Bombay Provincial TT Championship)

INDIA'S SUCCESS IN INTERNATIONAL LIGHTWEIGHT BOUT



India represented by Gene Raymond and Ceylon by Eddie Gray met in a lightweight bout in the Rangers Club Ninth Invitation Tournament. Raymond won on a points decision. The picture above shows Gray (white shorts) scoring with a left swing in that critical third round in which Raymond was saved by the gong. In the picture on the left, Major-General Brar, G.O.C. Southern Command is seen presenting the Norman Cann Silver Belt to Raymond and standing on the right with his back to the camera Terry Adams the Secretary and promoter of the Rangers Club.

HOT CLIMATE WILL NOT GIVE TOO MUCH OF AN ADVANTAGE TO MALAYANS

Foreign Players Should Easily Get Used To It In 1952

SINGAPORE, Aug. 23, (UPA): The hot Malayan climate is not going to favour this country to any great extent when the time comes for it to defend the Thomas Cup in 1952.

This is the opinion of Mr. Frank Henley, Director of the Reinforced Shufflecocks Ltd., of London, who left Singapore by air for home last week after a month's tour of the peninsula during which he saw the Malayan badminton championships.

The Malayan boys will undoubtedly have the advantage, Mr. Henley thinks, but foreign players, especially the Americans, can get used to the climate here after a short spell.

Mr. Henley pointed out that there is a lot of sunshine in the cities from where most of the members of the American team come, and he feels that the Americans should be able to get themselves acclimatised very quickly in Malaya.

He added that Singapore would be the ideal spot in Malaya for foreign players if h isphysical condition during his month's stay was any criterion.

Mr. Henley, who spent the first and last weeks of the month's stay in Singapore, said the Colony's climate suited him nicely. However, he could not say the same thing of Kuala Lumpur, Ipoh, Taiping and Penang. He did not feel "too good" during his tour upcountry.

Mr. Henley believes that whichever country reaches the final will obviously follow the Malayan strategy of sending its team over a few weeks before the date of play. He is positive that the heat alone will not be the deciding factor.

Does he think that the United States will succeed in wrestling the Thomas Cup from Malaya in 1952? "It all depends on the players who will make up the American team", he replied.

"If America can produce a few more players like Freeman or even Martin Mendez, it should put up a strong challenge," Mr. Henley continued. He thinks, however, Malaya has more than a bright chance of retaining the Cup in 1952.

In his opinion Ooi Teik Hock and Wong Peng Soon should still be good in 1952, as also one or two others in the present Malayan Thomas Cup team.

He also thinks that Tan Jin Eong should be ready by then, if the Perak triple crown winner keeps on training on the right lines.

When the Malayan team reached England on Boxing Day—on a cold, wintry morning, when transport workers were busy making merry—Mr. Henley waited at the dock for hours before the Corfu docked and his two Rolls Royce cars were used to shuffle back and forth the Malayan team's baggage.

There were no taxis and the Malayans would have to hike the distance from the docks to the Naional Hotel with their baggage had it not been for Mr. Henley's assistance.

Mr. Lim Chuan Geek, the manager and non-playing captain of the Malayan team, was profuse in his acknowledgement of Mr. Henley's assistance when he feted the visitor in Singapore.

Referring to the recent Malayan championships in Kuala Lumpur, Mr. Henley said that the lighting in the Victoria Institute during the tournament was not bad; but could have been better.

The colour of the walls, he suggested, should have been a little darker. Light green would have been best.

"A darker background than the light cream colour of the Victoria Institution Hall" he said, "would have given perfect visibility of the flight of the shuttle."

Professional Golf In England

LONDON, Aug. 23. (PTI-Reuter): Southern Golf Professionals played the first of two rounds on the Stoneham Course, Hampshire, today in connection with the news of the World Matchplay Championship.

Twenty-two players will survive for the finals which take place next month and scoring was so good today that several prominent players including Henry Cotton as well as three members of the British Ryder Cup team are in danger of failing to qualify.

Fourteen players beat 70 but Max Faulkner 72, Sam King 73, Cotton 73, and James Adams 74, will need to recover tomorrow.

Young Assistant Ken Wells, who plays only at weekends working in a far tractor factory during the week, broke the course record with 65 to lead the field. This was one stroke better than a record which has stood since 1938.

Flory van Donck (Belgium) had a score of 69 while Dai Rees, Layrie Ayton Jen Bousfield all 67, Dick Burton 68 and Arthur Lee 69 were Ryder Cup men to score well.

Bobby Locke (South Africa) and W. Forrester (Belgium) were among players who scratched.

Jap Swimming Successes Crash Into Front Pages

OSLO, August 23, (UPA): The sensational Japanese performances in Los Angeles crashed through to get on to the front main news pages of Norwegian newspapers today—almost an unique honour for a sports item.

Headlines referred to the Japanese swimmers as the "Flying Fishes Of Nippon" and the new world marks they set were described as a "phantom record."

The swimming expert of Oslo's afternoon newspaper "Dagbladet" commented: "While waiting for readmission to FINA, the Japanese have used their time well." He emphasized that Furuhashi's new records were the "result of the training systems practised with a fanaticism unknown to any but the Japanese themselves."

Norwegian swimming circles still were discussing the possibility that the Japanese may have evolved a revolutionary style.

Seventeen To Run In Ebor Handicap

LONDON, August 23, (PTI-Reuter): A field of 17 will go to the post for the Ebor Handicap, to be run over a mile and three quarters at York tomorrow.

The probable runners and jockeys are: Donino (J. Caldwell), Jai Mahal (K. Gethin), Miraculous Atom (W. Nevett) Iron Duke (E. Britt) Hornet the Third (T. Burn), Closworth (E. Smith), Bonnet O'Blue (D. Smith), Helioscope (J. Sime), My Chum (A. Mulley) Port Frere (D. Buckle), Deuces Wild (C. Orton) Solandra (F. Durr) La Pomponette (A. Carson), Green Castle (W. Christie), Red Fingers (J. Dyson), Dissipation (H. Greenaway), Humberside Hurry (G. Davies).

Saturday's Races At Poona

HANDICAPS

POONA, August 23.

Following are the nandicaps for Poona Races, Second Day, to be held on Saturday, 27th August:—

The Poona Plate—Distance one mile one furlong.

Redbay 10.5, Diesel 10.5, First Royalty 9.3, Boop's Fancy 8.12, Take On 8.6, Some Treasure 8.3, Near Image 8.3, Maduri 8.3, Namdar 8.1, Jawahir 7.13, Maratha Mandir 7.12, Ramal 7.10, Jane Jigar 7.10, Happy Go Lucky 7.9, Rajput Warrior 7.7, Rana Pratap 7.5, Raghu 7.4, Quicksand 7.2 Khundil 7.2, Flotilla 7.2, Brave Prince 7.0, Rao Saheb 7.0

The Abdulla Khairaz plate dist six furs.

My Pet 9.4, Abbess 8.13, Snehprabha 8.13, Repartee 8.13, Gay Pilot 8.13, Flying Clipper 8.12, China Doll 8.11, Flying Dragon 8.9 Sunbathing 8.8, Futurity 8.3, Irish Right 8.3, Churchill 8.2, Sweet Maryla 7.13, Rashtrapati 7.12, Georgie 7.12, Dominica 7.9, Duke of Ramgarh 7.6.

The Willingdon Cup dist about one and half miles.

Bashir 9.1, D. Day 8.13, Little John 8.13, Valiant Prince 8.12, Royal Wedding 8.8, Gold Legion 8.7, Her Excellency 8.6, Trumpeldor 8.6, Chhatrapati 8.6, Kalpana 8.5, Rang Rao 8.5, Mardan 8.5, Aflatoon 8.5, Blue Lotus 8.4, Spring Chicken 8.4, Riviera 8.3, Rukshana 8.2, Wet Bob 8.0, Just Wait 7.13.

The Darjeeling plate:—dist six furlongs.

Indra Mohini 9.8, Fowzia 9.6, Pratapgarh 8.10, Call Money 8.10, Bentex 8.5, Pirkhan 8.1, On and On 8.1, Ghaflah 7.12, Parwin 7.10, Steve 7.7, Miss Prestige 7.7, Marvel 7.2, Vagabond Prince 7.0, Kiss Miss 7.0, Cinesina 7.0, Fair Rose 7.0.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

The Baramati plate div. one dist. six furs.

Royal Guard 9.0, Neola 9.0, Ajinkya Tara II 8.11, Great Lady 8-11. Chetna 8.8, Pessimist 8.8, Havana 8.7, Kickshaw 8.5, Time Bomb 8.3, Who Knows 8.1, Magic Hour 8.0, Phone Again 7.9, Celeste 7.9.

To be ridden by Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

The Baramati plate div two dist. six furs.

Marlow 9.2, Son of A Gun 9.2, Vagabond Queen 8.12, Gay Count 8.12, Mirella 8.10, Plucky Princess 8.10, Al Hamra 8.9, No Nanette 8.4, Mah-Khurshid 8.2, Untamed Prince 8.1, My Chance 8.1, Princess Victory 7.12, Khushroo 7.2.

The Katraj plate div one dist, six furs.

Zalim 8.12, Marhaba 8.12, Lake Success 8.12, Summer Lightning 8.12, Lerins 8.12, Gay Vagabond 8.12, Thunderer 8.12, Botticelli 8.12, Pride of Hindustan 8.12, Shah Predoon 8.12. Rustum 8.12, Nea Hellas 8.12.

The Katraj plate div two dist. six furlongs.

Tawaqul 8.12, Poldo 8.12, Par Excellence 8.12, Dry Day 8.12, Pick Pocket 8.12, Gay Boy 8.12, Dominae 8.12, Heart Breaker 8.12, Parker Prince 8.12, Triple Alliance 8.12, Amarnath 8.12, Black Abbot 8.12.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

The Katraj plate div three six furlongs.

Baramulla 8.12 Furat 8.12, Big Boss 8.12, Little Star 8.12, Pretty Town 8.12, The Cavalier 8.12. Montfort 8.12, Basilian 8.12 Sold Banco 8.12, Star Of Iran 8.12, Pyare Saheb 8.12, Joe Louis 8.12.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys with allowances.

NEW DELHI HEROES HOLD TATAS TO A DRAW

Self-Goal By Papen Costs Bombay Side Victory In I. F. A. Shield Football

CALCUTTA, August 23.

Tata Sports Club from Bombay were unlucky today in not winning their match against New Delhi Heroes. A strong wind played great tricks with the ball and in the fifth minute of the match it did its worst.

Mohinder, the Delhi left-inside pushed a ball to their centre forward Nathu, who rushed in to score but Tata's left-back Papen tackled him and pushed the ball to his own keeper who rushing out to intercept the pass misjudged the ball. Aided by a strong wind, it swerved inside the goal, and the keeper, completely out of position, stood gaping.

Tatas, however, came in to attack and equalized in the tenth minute through left-inside Braganza.

Second half saw Tata all over with the wind at their back and they missed a number of chances. Some rough football was played in the extra time, but Tata's right-half Anantaraman was unlucky not to score in the final minute of the first half when his long shot hit the inside of the cross piece. Delhi Heroes pressed very hard in the second half. Mohinder eluding two defenders including the keeper neatly pushed the ball towards the Tata goal. Anantaraman, however, saved his side. Thapa and Lau were warned for unsporting behaviour and Braganza of Tata was warned for deliberate foul.

The following were the teams:—

NEW DELHI HEROES:— Sat Pal, Lau and Lall, Dharam, Vidya and Kapal, Veer, Kishen, Nathu, Mohinder and Thapa.

TATA SPORTS CLUBS.— Thingalaya, Sette and Papen, Anantaraman, Krishnan and Damodharan, Anthony, Anwar, Perreo, Braganza and Balan.

Referee: S. Ghose.

Cuttack entered the fourth round of the I.F.A. Shield Tournament by beating the Khulna Union Sporting by three goals to two, in their replayed match today.

FOOTBALL AT CO-OPERAGE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In the Inter College Football Tournament played at the Cooperage early this evening Khalsa College and Gordhandas Sethi Medical College shared four goals.

TIVIM UNION ELIMINATED

Candolim Win At Stadium

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Playing without three of their star players, Rex, Ferrao and Laxman, Tivim Union were eliminated from the Cortalim Cup by Candolim Sports Club at the Brabourne Stadium on Tuesday evening. Candolim won by three goals to nothing and would have increased this lead were if not for Cristopher's superb display under the Tivim bar.

Candolim immediately after the kick off assumed the offensive and maintaining pressure scored two goals in quick succession through Francis and J. Fernandes.

Tivim were not to be disheartened by this reverse however and struck back with dynamic force, but due to poor understanding in the attacking line missed many positive sitters. Crossing over with the lead of two goals, Candolim had a spell of supremacy practically for the entire period except for periodical bursts by Tivim's forwards. Seven minutes before the end J. De Souza added the third goal for Candolim.

Mominpura Football

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Mominpura Co-operative Football Shield Tournament conducted by the Bombay Y.M.C.A. will commence on 10th September. The entries for the tournament which is run in Co-operation with the Bombay Municipality, close on 4th September, and should be sent to the Football Secretaries, Willingdon Playground, Souter St., Bomaby 11.

KOHINOOR MILLS WIN BY FIVE GOALS

Port Trust Beaten In Das Cup At Parel

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Kohinoor Mills accounted for the junior string of Bombay Port Trust by five goals to nil in the Das Cup Tournament at the St. Xavier's College ground.

The losers held the whiphand for the first ten minutes play and missed a positive sitter but thereafter their rivals dominated the exchanges and scored two goals through Dinker before the interval.

After the break the Port Trust should have reduced the margin when they were awarded a spot kick but O. Fernandes who was entrusted with it kicked straight into the custodian who saved. Kohinoor added the third goal immediately after this and it was a personal triumph for Dinker who completed a coveted hat-trick Ambrose and Mureshwar added the fourth and fifth goals respectively to complete the tally.

M.U.C. ENTER FINAL OF MADRAS HOCKEY

MADRAS, August 23 (PTI): The Madras United Club qualified for the final of the Madras Cricket Club Invitation Hockey Tournament here today, defeating the M.S.M. Railway by three goals to one in the semi-final. The winners meet the Sappers and Miners, Bangalore, in the final on Saturday next.

Inter-Railway Soccer

KHARAGPUR, Aug. 23 (PTI): The first round matches of the All-India Inter-Railway Football Tournament, played here today, resulted as follows:—

M. S. M. Railway one—Calcutta Port Commissioners Railway one replay).

G.I.P. Railway three, O. T. Railway nil.

The Second Replay between the M. S. M. Railway and Calcutta Port Commissioners Railway, will take place tomorrow.

NEW ZEALAND WINS RACE AGAINST TIME

Score 153 Runs In 75 Against Lancashire

LIVERPOOL, August 23, (PTI-Reuter):— Set to score 153 runs in 75 minutes here today to beat Lancashire, the New Zealand cricketers accomplished the fact with seven minutes to spare and won by nine wickets.

The declaration by Lancashire's captain Howard produced a memorial finish to a game which had seemed doomed in a stalemate for Sutcliffe and Donnelly hit 120 in 53 minutes before the first wicket fell. The first 50 came in twenty minutes and the hundred in 45 minutes. Just afterwards both men completed their individual half centuries.

Washbrook and Ikin opened the innings and scored at a run a minute for the first half hour.

Though a little dusty the pitch remained firm. Wallace experimented with Cave and Burke at one end during the first half hour in order to test the properties of the unresponsive pitch but discovered little. Washbrook, however, might have been caught by Smith at mid on off Reid when 15.

The opening batsmen wiped off the arrears and Washbrook reached 51 out of 85 in 90 minutes by pulling Rabone for six. Two balls later he drove the same bowler out of the ground for another six. A four from Ikin sent the hundred up after one and three quarter hours.

SCORE—BOARD

LANCASHIRE (1st Innings	**318**
NEW ZEALAND (1st Innings)	**390**
LANCASHIRE (2nd Innings)	
Washbrook b Rabone	68
Ikin b Rabone	87
Place b Rabone	25
Edrich c Donnelly b Cowie	53
Wharton c Sutcliffe b Burke	11
Howard not out	4
Extras (1 bye), 4 leg byes, 1 no ball)	6
TOTAL (for 5 wkts) decl	224

Bowling Analysis

Cowie 7'2 13'1
Cave 7'1 23 0
Reid 3 0 13 0
Burke 25 5 65 1
Rabone 27 7 69 3
Sutcliffe 6 1 30 0

NEW ZEALAND (2nd Innings)	
Sutcliffe not out	79
Donnelly st. Barlow b Tattersal	86
Reid not out	7
Extras (4 byes, leg byes 7)	11
TOTAL (for 1 wkt.)	153

Bowling Analysis

Stone 2'0 14 0
Greenwood 4 0'18'0
Hilton 11,0 60 0
Tattersal 8.5 0 50 1

COUNTY CRICKET RESULTS

LONDON, Aug. 23 (PTI-Reuter): The following are the results of County Cricket matches which concluded today:

Essex 244 and 194.
Somerset 488.

AT DOVER: Yorkshire beat Kent by 122 runs.

Yorkshire 268 and 281 (for 4 declared), Kent 159 and 268 (Wardle 8 for 109).

AT NORTHAMPTON: Northampton beat Gloucestershire by an innings and 13 runs (Northampton 448, Gloucestershire 253 and 182) (Crapp 75, Nutter (for 21).

AT WORCESTER: Worcestershire vs. Leicestershire match abandoned as draw owing to rain.

Worcestershire 351 (for 8 declared) and second innings 77 fof 2, Leicestershire 427 (Jackson 115).

At EASTBOURNE: Sussex beat Glamorgan by an innings and 40 runs.

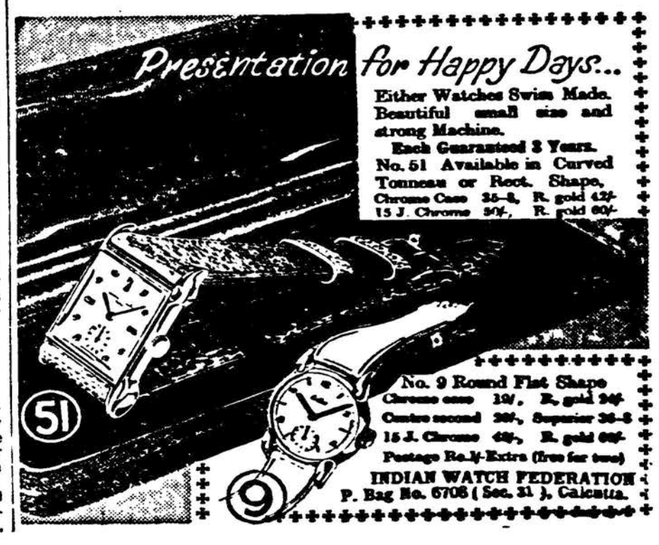
Glamorgan 288 and 130 (Cornford, seven for 30), Sussex 458 (Sheppard 204).

AT NOTTINGHAM: Nottinghamshire vs. Derbyshire match drawn.

Derbyshire 364 and 268 for six (Smith 89). Nottinghamshire 365 for seven declared.

At Lords: Surrey beat Middlesex by 52

Surrey 259 and 246 (Young, five for 66). Middlesex 359 and 94 (A. V Bedser, eight for 42).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The Bombay Chronicle

The wisest man could ask no more of fate
Than to be simple, modest, manly, true,
Safe from the many, honoured by the few;
Nothing to count in world, or Church, or State,
But inwardly in secret to be great.

—Prof. E. F. Smith

STATE LANGUAGE

The compromise draft relating to India's State language takes a comprehensive view of the present position. English is to be retained for a period of fifteen years from the date of the coming into effect of the Constitution. It is open to the President to provide for the use of Hindi with English for any official purposes. "After fifteen years," runs the report, "the Parliament, according to the Article, would be entitled to provide for the use of English for any special purpose." Five years after the Constitution is inaugurated, a Commission is to be appointed of representatives of different regional languages to make recommendations for the progressive use of Hindi and for restrictions on the use of English. The Commission is required to take into account the industrial development of the country and the interest of "persons holding office in connection with the affairs of the Government of India." When one considers that the Commission's recommendations are to be further scanned by a Committee, equally formed of members of both Houses, it does appear that the draft article seeks to tie the hands of Parliament on this important subject. Actually none of the other provisions are as important as the one which gives a fifteen year lease to the English language with the promise that it will not be wholly expunged thereafter. Fifteen years should be time enough for the development of Hindi as an adequate national language and the enthusiasts who have been agitating for comparatively minor trifles, might well devote their energies to this purpose.

It has been so frequently asserted as to become a truism that a national language must grow and not be imposed upon the people. But it is not quite clear why compulsion as a factor in making a language national should be so greatly frowned upon. Unless people all over India are persuaded, encouraged and to some extent even made to use Hindi, the recognition given to English and the preference widely expressed for regional languages will prevent the growth of Hindi and render it necessary to continue with English. It would perhaps be difficult to ensure that every Indian child learns five languages as Mr. Kher recently suggested. To those who settle down to learning their mother-tongue, a regional language, Hindi English and a classical language, there might be little time to learn anything else apart from languages But it would certainly be to the people's benefit if it is made necessary for everyone in a non-Hindu speaking area to learn Hindi, and for everyone in a Hindi-speaking area to learn one other Indian language. Whilst English remains as the official language, it would be well to confine educational work to this restricted field which might not be spectacular but is well within the range of practical work. We assume, of course, that each unit in the Union will without inducement or prodding concentrate on its own regional language or languages. For most children, the regional language will also be their mother-tongue, and the exceptional ones may be left to make their own arrangements for preserving their contact with their mother-tongues. The attempts to press matters beyond this working arrangement are, we fear, ill-advised and they will clutter up education with a great deal of unnecessary strains.

The draft article is a reasonable compromise in that it takes cognisance of the realities of the present situation. It guards against any dislocation of the national services by providing for a gradual change-over. So far as the non-Hindi speaking population is concerned, the decision leaves nothing to be desired and the fifteen years should give time enough for making the transformation. The opportunity should not be dissipated in unnecessary controversy and contention over the manner of implementing a policy which will give India a national language. The main feature is that the article as drafted allows for considerable adaptability even though there is a superfluous insistence on certain procedures for revision and review.

The provisions regarding the official language of a State are, however, extremely confusing. One clause leaves it to the State legislature to replace, if it so desires, English with Hindi or a regional language as the official language. Another clause insists that "all the proceedings in the Supreme Court and in every High Court, the authoritative texts of all Bills, amendments, motions or resolutions to be moved in the Houses of Parliament and Legislatures and of Acts of Parliament and Legislatures, Ordinances and of all Orders, Rules, Regulations and Bye-laws issued under the Constitution shall be in the English language." This insistence cancels the right conceded earlier to the units because after the fairly exhaustive enumeration of legislative acts the point of any other official language being adopted is badly blunted. Unfortunately, this fact is likely to be ignored by some of the more ardent States which will push ahead on a narrow reading of the first provision. Already in the Central Provinces, a circular has been issued a legislators calling on them to submit their questions in Hindi or Marathi but not in English. This is a ridiculous demand, particularly in view of the draft article's provision for retaining English as the language for major legislative work. When Bills and Acts have to be in English, what is the point of asking members to drop English in submitting questions? States have a tedency of settling on unimportant unessentials and hammering at them to the confusion and disguest of their people. It would be well if the Constituent Assembly suitably corrected the ambiguity of this part of the article in order to save the Provinces from futile pursuit of muddle-headed policies.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT. —

In Bucharest, headquarters of the Cominform, yesterday the Rumanian Foreign Minister, Madame Anna Pauker, was quoted by a newspaper as saying: "The day is not far off when the Tito bandits will render account to the people of Yugoslavia. The Tito bandits will not do business much longer unpunished."

—PTI-Reuter.

* * *

The PTI at Srinagar learns that, although the U.N. Kashmir Commission has received a request from the Government of India to release the correspondence on the joint truce conference, it is unlikely that it would be released as the Commission circles feel that such a step would prejudice its future negotiations.

In simple non-Commission language,—publication of the correspondence would expose Pakistan in a prejudicial light.

* * *

According to Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, one main difference between the Socialist Party and certain other parties was that, while it criticised the party in power and sometimes in strong language, it put forward at the same time its own constructive proposals, whether it was a question of food shortage, high prices, corruption, unemployment or anything else.

But what an outrageously perverted commentary on the several parties led by Sri Sarat Chandra Bose who has a master constructive policy on every subject that is: ABOLISH THEM ALL AND EVERY THING ELSE.

* * *

By the way, Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan effectively answered ignorant criticisms with this ramark: that the public was not adequately aware of these policies was not the fault of the Socialist Party.

Which is most encouraging to us personally or rather to the Junior Colleague. We have or rather the Junior Colleague has, ready and fully perfected, the most constructive policies that will solve all problems as no other policies can. And if you are not aware of them it is, we are now glad to learn, not our or rather, the Junior Colleague's fault.

And, in any case, you wouldn't understand those policies.

* * *

The U.S. Ambassador in India, Mr. Loy Henderson, envisages, says a Madras report, the posiibility of India receiving technical assistance "free of cost" from America.

Splendid. Yes, splendid.

But-er-what price the "free of cost" technical assistance?

* * *

GENEVA, August 21: The second full assembly of the World Federation for Mental Health opening here tomorrow, will include a secret study group on "the psychology of politicians".

We are all for it.

Of course it is rather disappointing that the study should be conducted in secret, but we fully realise that it's a case of "Doctors shouldn't tell.'

* * *

According to a Sofia report, Bulgaria has replaced three members of its Politburo and expelled one of them from the Communist party for "insincerity."

What gratifies us is the fact that even members of a Communist Politburo are now acknowledged to be humanly fallible.

* * *

"The policy of the Yugoslav Government", the Soviet paper "Pravda" (Truth) says, "was unmasked by the Soviet Government note of August 12, as being "a policy of traitors, a policy of blackmailing and trickery of the peoples of Yugoslavia by the Yugoslavia Government".

Truth will, and, therefore, is, out—after being let loose by the Soviet Government.

IS D-DAY DRAWING NEAR IN INDO-CHINA?

By N. Sivaram

THE RHINE was Winston Churchill's eastern frontier of Britain in his strategy of defence against Fascist aggression. If Dean Acheson, United States Secretary of State had Churchill's flair for eloquence, he might have said that Port de Chine was America's frontier in South-east Asia.

The United States has written off Kuomintang China but has warned Communist China to leave her neighbours alone. If the U. S. means business, if Dean Acheson's "positive policy" for Aisa means anything positive, America must be prepared to defend Porte de Chine-Door to China —the strategic land frontier between the Tonkin province of Indo-China and the Yunnan province of China.

"RHINE" OF FAR EAST

Porte de Chine—an arbitrary boundary drawn across rugged mountainous country between China and Indo-China —is also the first line of defence for the countries of southern and south-eastern Asia if they want to keep out communism. It is the "Rhine" for Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Indonesia, the Philippines, Burma and even India.

This vital frontier is a long way off from the capitals of south-east Asia—about 1,000 miles from Rangoon and Bangkok, 1,200 miles from Manila 1,700 miles from Singapore and 2,200 miles from Batavia. But it is a "door" that is ajar.

The future of all South-east Asia will depend, in a large measure, on the defence of the strategic Porte de Chine. But the defence of Porte de Chine will depend upon whether France will come to an equitable political settlement with the people of Indo-China.

INDO-CHINA'S POSITION

In any overall plan for the defence of South-east Asia, Indo-China has an important contribution to make and this is impossible as long as the Viet-Minh war of independence continues. For, Ho Chi-Minh, leader of the Viet-Namese struggle for freedom, holds the key that can lock up Porte de Chine.

What goes on in Indo-China today, therefore, is not the concern of France alone, but of all nations in South-east Asia and of all powers interested in this part of the world. They cannot afford to forget the lesson they learned from Japan's war of Greater East Asia.

Soon after the fall of France to Hitler's armies in 1940, the Japanese occupied French Indo-China—by an agreement forced on the Vichy Government. Japan's purpose, it was stated, was to seal off Porte de Chine, to prevent any trickle of arms to China through Indo-China. What Japan actually did was to use Indo-China as a land for the invasion of Siam, Malaya and Burma.

Any strategy for the defence of South-east Asia can be negated with the control of Indo-China by communists or communist-supporters.

JUMPING-OFF GROUND

The question before the rich, underdeveloped countries of South-east Asia-some just testing political independence, others still fighting for it, all determined to eschew communism—is whether Indo-China will repeat its role as the jumping-off ground for the "other side" in the event of a major upheaval.

What has France done to prevent a repetion of the Indo-China episode of 1941? Will France be able to guard Porte de Chine, just in case Mao Tse-tung's armies accept Ho Chi-Minh's call for help in Vietnam's struggle for Independence? Will the present regimes in South-east Asian countries, even with the promised American aid, be able toward off Communism if it gained a foothold in Inod-China?

In the four years since the collapse of Japan, France has not succeeded in regulating her pre-war hold on the Union of Indo-China. Since December 1945, French forces have ben trying in vain to suppress the Vietnamese forces of Ho Chi-Minh, in open war against French colonialism. In other parts of the Union, too—in Cambodia, Lao States and Cochin-China—French authority has not been secure all these years.

NATIONALIST OR COMMUNIST

Sixty-year-old Moscow-trained Ho Chi-Minh hero of the Vietnamese revolution, wants France to concede the complete independence of the Union of Indo-China. French spokesmen have accused Ho Chi-Minh of being a communist but Vietnamese leaders have maintained that Ho Chi-Minh is an out-and-out nationalist, fighting for his country's freedom. They claim that, if Ho Chi-Minh is prepared to accept communist help, it is just because he is forced to it by the intransigence of France.

The French Government's reply to Vietnam nationalists has been an appeasement of Indo-Chinese leaders who would toe the line with France.

Ex-Emperor Bao Dai has been installed as head of the French-sponsored state of Vietnam comprising the entire coastal region on the east, from the China frontier down to Ca-Mau point at the tip of the peninsula.

In the Lao-States, in the northwest of Indo-China, France has made a new arrangement —a treaty with Sisavong Vong, King of the Laos. Further south, in Cambodia, France concluded a new treaty with King Naradom Sihanouk.

THE PEOPLE

The Union of French Indo-China is populated by three different races. The Annamites of Tonkin, Annam and Cochin-China (the new state of Vietnam) closely resemble the Chinese of the coastal provinces. The Laos, who belong to the Thai race, are very much like the Siamese and the Siamese claim the Lao country (the land of a million elephants) as part of their "lost territory". The Khmers of Cambodia are dark in colour and, with their dothi-like national dress and language which is about 75 percent Sanskrit, have close racial and cultural affinity with Indians. Cambodia—famous for the great Angkor Temple—was at one time under the suzerainty of Siam.

Under the French colonial system, the Emperor of Annam and the Kings of Cambodia and Laos enjoyed just about one-hundreth of the powers of India's princely order under the British Raj.

FRENCH-ELECTED LEADERS

Bao Dai, who used to spend much of his time in Europe, earned the nickname "Emperor of Night Clubs". Kings Naradon and Sisavong "suspended from service" about half the number of wives they maintained when the French Government cut down their "pension" shortly after the re-occupation of Indo-China.

He Chi-Minh and his party have denounced these French-elected leaders of Indo-China as traitors—. Even pro-French Indo-Chinese politicians have described the French appeasement of Indo-Chinese nationalism a "too late and too little." They believe that Bao Dai, Naradom and Sisavong—even with French arms and French advisers—will never be able to unite Indo-China and evolve the basis for national independence and defence against aggression.

The one consoling factor seems to be that Mao Tse-tung's armies are still about 500 miles away from Porte de Chine but that is no guarantee for the safety of Indo-China or of the countries which may be threaten-

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FRANKLY SPEAKING

The Socialist Plan

"That the public was not aware of Socialist policies was not the fault of the Socialist Party" —JAYA PRAKASH NARAYAN.

We've nearly talked our heads off;
We've talked till we have split
Of policies and programmes;
But they'll have none of it.
Acharya Dev has argued
Till we are fit to burst;
Lohia and Ashok thundered,
And I am still the first,
With Sarat Bose we've flirted,
Communist wiles we've spurned,
With one eye on the public,
From Congress we have learned.
And yet they tell me people think
We only know to raise a stink.

On food and foreign politics
We do not wish to slide,
High prices, unemployment,
We've taken in our stride.
Corruption's blush we've noted
On each corrupted check.
And things that strike th'others dumb
Have moved us all to speak.
We'll make the annual budget
For eighteen months to last.
Only, we say, give us the chance
And let us have it fast.
But still the people will not see
That we have got a policy.
When we are in and Congress out.
Our plan will be complete;
One step enough, I say, for us,
So lead me to the street.
To all we'll promise all they want,
We only seek their votes.
All things to all men we must seem
And then we'll sow our oats.
Others may tell you all their plans
But we have three or four
Tricks up our sleeve which we shall do
When we shall come to power.
And yes they tell me people scram
When we unfold our programme.

Prodding The Ego

All India Radio has a series, "What they think of Me", which has been very successful in tickling the ego of those who have performed. The latest was Mr. N. R. Sarker, acting Premier of West Bengal, who slid easily into telling his audience what he thought of himself and of THEM. Mr. Sarker was very certain that struggle is essential since it helps one to develop an immunity to other people's opinions. If this were so, Mr. Sarker ought to have in fairness turned down the invitation to speak. A man who is indifferent to other people's opinion of him, is not likely to trouble very much what they think. That apart, all this talk of struggle being good is all right but it is noteworthy that it always comes from those who have won through. To those who have not, it does matter what the world thinks because it is this that has got them down. Without asking for ourselves, might we suggest that AIR approaches the not-so-successful for their reactions? This would be a public service.

Porturbing Trend

The elections in the West German zone showed that the people had allowed themselves to be stampeded into voting Right if not overwhelmingly, in any case to an extent sufficient enough to ensure a rightist majority. How this majority and the Coalition Federal Government it is putting into power will work remains to be seen. But the possibilities cannot but cause anxiety. An even more perturbing development is threatened in what is happening in the Assembly of Europe at Strasbourg. A concerted effort by the anti-Socialist majority has succeeded in ensuring that the Socialists do not obtain a single key post in any of the Assembly's six committees and in effectively barring them from exercising any influence in the Council of Europe. This portends a trend in the direction of Right reaction, which is what Communism classically longs for. For, nothing offers a more fertile ground for revolution than reaction.

Yugoslavia & The West

The Soviet-Yugoslav crisis has presented Tory papers with the welcome opportunity to recall, by way of analogy, the tactics and pretences indulged in by Hitler as preliminary to marching into Austria, Czechoslovakia and Poland. There is admittedly some truth in this accusation against the Soviet Union and the Cominform countries. But, while the trouble is rapidly increasing in intensity and in temperature, there is still a possibility that it may stop short of war. First of all, a serious and all out effort will be made to bring Marshal Tito to his knees through internal pro-Cominform uprisings and revolution. To these the population is already being incited openly. The possibility of actual war ought to arise if these efforts fail and Marshal Tito remains in power. Even then the Soviet Union and the Cominform are likely to proceed very cautiously and after a full and sober consideration of the international potentialities of a turst up. It is quite on the cards that they will be decisively influenced by American and Western European interest in Yugoslavia and in the preservation of Marshal Tito's regime. The precise nature and extent of that interest have not yet been defined or declared.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Sterling Preferences

To meet the dollar deficit, the Commonwealth Finance Minister's Conference decided to curtail imports from the U.S.A. and increase exports to that country. As a corollary to the first, the Commonwealth Countries will hereafter be required to satisfy their needs, as far as possible, from the Sterling area. This suggestion though apparently couched in a harmless economic phraseology amounts in effect to a blunt and provocative slogan "Boycott American goods". What repercussions such policy will have on the American economy, it is difficult to forsee at this stage; but the general shortage of consumer and capital goods all over the world, an almost universal demand for these and the war time tempo of productive activity in America are some of the factors to be reckoned with in this connection. On the Sterling area side, cuts in imports would no doubt save dollars, but this may entail very heavy strain on the non-dollar industrial countries which it remains to be seen how far the latter will be able to bear. Increased exports to the U.S.A. would bring in more dollars, but since exports are determined by the Law of International values, U.S.A. may not look to the Indian markets unless we have monopolistic commodities to offer. But unfortunately we have lost the pride of the place in this respect owing to the partition of the Country. Besides, our reputation in the Overseas markets also appears to be at a low ebb owing probably to the poor quality of our articles and the reported questionable practices indulged in by some exporters. Unless, therefore, we strive to overcome these handicaps, there can hardly be reasonable chances of pushing up our exports to any appreciable extent. Under the circumstances it would be a misplaced optimism to anticipate any large dollar income from this source.

The devastated countries of the West and the underdeveloped countries of the East are alike looking to American aid in their reconstruction programme; but their dollar resources being limited the assistance rendered is bound to fall short of expectations. These countries may have therefore to turn for help to other quarters with less rigid exchange restrictions. A superfluous study of exchange restrictions shews how these have rendered as under even the geographically contiguous areas. There are already indications that the world is being divided into economic blocs based on Currency Standards e.g. Sterling Bloc; Dollar Bloc, Non-Sterling Bloc etc. The financial agreements which in the first instance were mainly intended as economic expedients, may with passage of time, align themselves into political alliances. It is not, therefore, unlikely that the present dollar famine, may force many a needy country like China to be lured into the Rouble bloc. The Dollar scarcity—whatever be the reasons for its existence—must be removed. And for this, the U.S.A. must take the lead if necessary by enlarging the quotas allotted to different countries, restoring multilateral convertibility or otherwise by manipulating its own currency. It must also be remembered that in the present economic context, the dollar problem is no more America's domestic concern than preservation of World peace was Hitlerite Germany's.

The days of narrow nationalism and bilateral trade agreements are over and must yield place to the policy of laissez-faire. The London Conference was, however, not able to pursue this policy for reasons which are very obvious. India has particular interest in the Commonwealth Conference decisions. Being the largest holder of the sterling balances, she had the greatest stakes in the Conference and under the wise stewardship of her able Finance Minister, she has come out with all credit.

Experience has proved that economic rivalries lead to political jealousies which not infrequently end in bitter results. Dearth of dollar or stringency of sterling may afford an opportunity to the lurking Rouble, and before our economists realise the wisdom or otherwise of the too tight exchange restrictions, the ever vigilant politician may have played this game. We cannot be blind to the growing influence of the Communism in the Far East which mainly appears to be due to economic rather than political forces. The ideals of democracy stand exposed to perils. Let not, therefore, the ship of democracy founder on the rock of economic indiscretion. Probably, a World Economic conference, may discover some panacea for the present ills.

—S. T. KARNIK.

Ajmer-Merwara-Rajasthan Merger

At the meeting, recently held at Ajmer, in the presence of Mr. H.V.R. Iyengar, Secretary, Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, a vast majority of invitees to the meeting representing the Congress, the Socialists, the Kisans, the Industrialists, the Istmrardars the Muslims, the Christians, the Harijans etc. favcured an inmediate merger of Ajmer-Merwara with Rajasthan. Only a few persons, wanted postponement of the question. It is hoped that Mr. Iyengar would convey to Sardar Patel the majority view of the representatives of Ajmer-Merwara and that Sardar Patel would soon make the necessary declaration about the merger.

Following points should be kept in mind by the Government of India and the Government of Rajasthan in case merger is decided upon. These are:

1. All beneficial measures in force in Ajmer-Merwara should be continued;
2. The grants given or sanctioned by the Central Government for education and other nation building activities and development projects in Ajmer-Merwara should receive the same consideration at the hands of the Government of Rajasthan;
3. The pay and grades of Ajmer-Merwara services should not be lowered;
4. Until the question of Capital is finally decided by an elected legislature or a Constituent Assembly, no expenditure be incurred on buildings etc. in Jaipur;
5. For the convenience of the people of Rajasthan and in the interest of security the High Court and the Head quarters of Rajasthan Military and Police should be located at Ajmer;
6. The quantity and rates of controlled and rationed articles like food grains, kerosene oil, petrol etc. prevalent in Ajmer-Merwara should not be adversely affected.

—K. G. GARG
Secretary, Ajmer-Merwara Prov. Congress Committee.

Cheaper Taxis

The move of the Bombay Government to put six hundred more taxis on the road is indeed welcome and commendable and should be brought into effect without a moment's delay. Similarly, the introduction of the smaller taxis and auto-rikshas would indeed act as a boon and should be brought into ply at once to alleviate the sufferings of the city's and suburbs' crowding millions.

The taxi-owners will naturally shout hoarse that they are being "crushed" They would even go on strike to register their protest. The autnorities should just ignore them.

Extorting enormous fares is an established practice with the taxi-drivers and if this unjust habit is to be eliminated, more and cheaper taxis is the only solution.

J. COOPER.

Age Of Retirement

The Government has rejected the recommendation of the Central Pay Commission for raising the retiring age line from 55 to 58 years and therefore I was surprised to read in today's paper that the Police Department are taking back the retired Police Inspectors etc. who are UNDER 58.

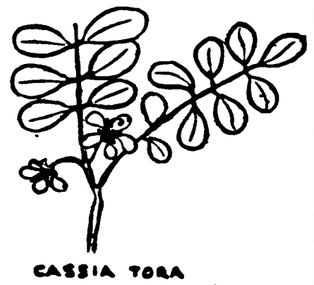
It is really strange that in all Government Departments the retiring age limit should not be the same.

I may add that the G.I.P Rly. have discharged, the retired re-employed staff who were under 58, from 1-7-48 on presumption that none can be kept in service after 55 in view of the fact that the Government has rejected the Central Pay Commission's recommendation for raising the limit.

—H. C. PARALKAR.

OPEN AIR

In these days of food shortage, when the essentials of life are rationed and other things are very expensive, it is useful to know of the food value of a number of the plants which grow so prolifically by the roadsides and in any open space during the monsoon. My servant woman collects at least three kinds of "bhaji" among the weeds that grow in my garden! They are very ordinary looking little plants with greenish-brown flowers growing in tight clusters at the tops of the stems, and all are species of Amaranthus. Tender drumstick leaves cooked with onion make a pleasant change when vegetables are in short supply, and many people also use the leaves of the chlorophetum and scylla, cooking them in the same manner. The cassia tora, illustrated in the accompanying sketch, is another very common plant of the monsoon of which the young leaves are eaten as a vegetable. This plant grows to a height of about a foot and belongs to the same family as the cassia and tamarind. It bears compound leaves consisting of three to four pairs of rounded leaflets, and the bright yellow flowers which grow in the axils of the leaves are very similar in appearance to those of the ornamental cassias. The pods are long and curved. Most of these plants are rich in iron and make a useful and welcome change of vegetable.



CASSIA TORA

TRANSFER OF TEXTILE CONTROL TO PROVINCES

Bombay Government's Suggestion To Delhi

CLOTH MUDDLE TO BE DISCUSSED BY MOOKERJI AT CITY CONFERENCE

BOMBAY Tuesday.

IN view of the prevalent cloth muddle in the province, the Bombay Government, it is learnt, have suggested to the Central Government that the control over textile mills in the Province, which is vested in the Centre must be handed over to the Provincial Government.

At present textile mills in the Province come under the direct jurisdiction of the Industries and Supplies Department of the Government of India and the Bombay Government, along with the Centre, is only concerned with labour problems in these mills.

This important question, it is learnt will be discussed among other things when Dr. Shyamaprasad Mookerji Minister for Industries and Supplies, Government of India, visits the city in the first week of September.

The discussions will also relate to how the present muddle should be cleared.

Provincial control is deemed necessary in order to avert similar situations arising in the future, since with direct control in the hands of the Provincial Government, there would be more effective control over production, qualitatively as well as quantitatively.

As things stand all production, is regulated by the Centre through their Textile Commissioner in the Province.

Asked to throw some light on how the recent removal of restrictions and relaxation of control, had affected the labour aspect in view of the impending closure of several mills in the Province, Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister to the Government of Bombay told the "Chronicle" that the labour situation still remained difficult.

The Government were making all arrangements for the rapid granting of licenses for opening up fresh avenues of sale and it was hoped that more bales would be lifted as soon as these arrangements were completed.

Any appreciable change in the present situation will be noticeable only after another ten or fifteen days.

REPRESENTATION FROM MILLS

Representatives of those mills in Ahmedabad and Bombay which have, threatened to close on account of accumulation of stocks, had seen him. They had informed him that if they were able to dispose of the stocks, then only would they be able to continue working or else they would have to stop work.

Four mills in Ahmedabad had already closed down and one had followed suit in Bombay.

Representatives of the Sholapur Mill which had intimated that it would close down on the 26th of this month, saw Mr. Nanda, today, and told him that they would be forced to close down unless the accumulated stock with the Mill was sold off. If this Mill, the largest in the Province, were to close, then 14,000 workers will be rendered idle.

Mr. Barat, Textile Commissioner also met Mr. Nanda today and they are said to have discussed the situation specially from the labour angle, in details.

Whether the mills will continue to work or draw their shutters down, entirely depends upon the quick clearance of the accumulated stocks. If the stocks do not get cleared, the fate of a large section of labour will hang in the balance, and the added unemployment caused by the closure of so many mills, will it is feared greatly increase the already existing economic, distress in the country.

The Government is doing its utmost. Both Bombay's Civil Supplies Minister, Mr. Dinkerrao Desai and the Labour Minister Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda are leaving no stone unturned to avert a crisis. Everything now rests with the mill-owners and the textile trade.

"Will they play fair and avert a national calamity?" That is the question on every lip.

Stop Press

MERCHANTS ARRESTED

INDORE, Aug. 23, (UPI): Twenty leading merchants of the Barwani District in Madhya Bharat have been arrested today in connection with the strike of the merchants in protest against the increase in rate of octroi tax from one pie to six pies of every rupee by the municipality. A deputation of the merchants is reaching here to wait upon the Health and Municipal Minister in this connection.

TRUMAN AID

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23, (PTI-Reuter):— The combined Senate Committees on Foreign Relations and Armed Services today approved 239,000,000 dollars for arms aid for Greece, Turkey, Iran, Korea and the Philippines.

The Committees delayed until later this week a decision as to how much military assistance shall be given to European members of the Atlantic Pact under President Truman's arms aid programme.

WOMAN KILLER

SAIGON, Aug. 23, (PTI-Reuter):— A woman dressed in black and wearing a beret was the leader of a gang armed with daggers, bombs and revolvers who assassinated two Viet Nam civil servants in their home at Phun Huan, a Saigon suburb, on Sunday night, police here stated today.

GANGA LEVEL STATIONERY

Threat To Many Villages

LUCKNOW, Aug. 23 (PTI): Thousands of villages sprawling on either bank of the Ganga from Kanpur to Ballia, on the Bihar border, have been warned against the heavy floods in the river whose zigzag course through the Eastern United Provinces is well over 300 miles.

The water of the Ganga which until last night showed a tenency to rise remained stationery throughout today at 374 feet above sea-level at Kanpur.

INDIA'S OFFICIAL LANGUAGE

No Decision Yet By Congress Party

NEW DELHI, Aug. 23 (PTI): The Congress Assembly Party today is understood to have discussed the drafting Committee's proposals on the question of official language for India but no decisions were taken. Further discussion will take place tomorrow.

Today's party meeting was addressed by Prime Minister Nehru while the Deputy Prime Minister's views were communicated in a letter which was read out. Sardar Patel is believed to have emphasised that in the transitional period before Hindi is adopted as the official language of India, care should be taken not to create administrative difficulties.

Pandit Nehru is stated to have explained to the meeting among other things the advantages of adopting both international and Saskrit numerals.

POONA UNIVERSITY

POONA, Aug. 23 (UPI): The Poona University Court, met today here under the Presidentship of Mr. M. R. Jayakar. Out of 135 members, 114 attended.

The Court today rejected a motion to the effect that Marathi should be made the principal language for transaction of the business of the Court.

NOTORIOUS OUTLAW SHOT DEAD

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Aug. 23: Kamtaprasad, a notorious outlaw of Vindhya Pradesh, responsible for a series of armed dacoities, was shot dead in an encounter with the Panna Police in a village near Ajaigarh, where he had been hiding.

Kamtaprasad's whereabouts were betrayed by an informer to Inspector Ramsingh, who was on special duty. He communicated the information to the Superintendent of Police, Panna.

A party of armed policemen proceeded to the dacoit's den. When he saw the police party approaching, he attempted to escape and in doing so was shot dead.

PROTEST TO PAKISTAN

(Continued from Page 1)

the Pakistan Government that in any settlement of accounts of rents between the two Dominions payments due from one Dominion to the other would necessarily have to be calculated upon the full rental value of the property left in the other Dominion.

Serious objection has also been taken by the Government of India to the reported action of the Pakistan Government in taking over of the movable and immovable properties of about a dozen of the most important non-Muslim firms in Karachi on the plea that they were intending to evacuate from Pakistan. The Government of India is reported to have pointed out that, if press reports were correct, it would seem as if the Pakistan Government had decided to take over all non-Muslim property in West Pakistan regardless of what a fair interpretation of Pakistan own laws would justify, and that such action on Pakistan's part would compel India to tighten still further the evacuee property laws in India.

In conclusion, the Government of India's note is understood to have pointed out that unless a just and fair solution of the vexed quesion of evacuee property is found, the bitterness existing between the people of the two Dominions would continue indefinitely. A satisfactory solution of this problem, according to India Government, could only be on the basis of both Governments assuming responsibility for the evacuee property left behind in their territories, a just and fair valuation of property in either Dominion being made by joint machinery and the net liability resulting from such valuation being liquidated by agreed arrangements.

Dr. V. K. R. V. Rao, Director of Delhi School of Economics, left by air to U.K. to represent India at the meeting of the International Research for National Income and Wealth to be held in Cambridge.

EVACUEE PROPERTY ORDINANCE

Amendment Promulgated

NEW DELHI, Aug. 23. (PTI): The Governor-General promulgated an ordinance today to amend the administration of Evacuee Property Ordinance 1949 extending its operation to the United Provinces and Madras.

The ordinance which has been in operation in the United Provinces expired on Monday last and the present ordinance enables the provisions of the evacuee property laws to continue to be operated in the province.

Besides the resolutions passed by the United Provinces and Madras Legislatures authorising the Centre to make laws in connection with evacuee properties, the Constituent Assembly on Monday last amended the Government of India Act 1935 in order to facilitate the Central Government to make laws in connection with rehabilitation and evacuee properties.

ANTI-PIRACY WEEK IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Aug. 23, (PTI): An "Anti-Piracy Week" to detect persons operaing radio sets without the requisite licence, is being observed in Calcutta and its suburbs from today.

During this week an intensive check up of all radio licences will be carried out through a door to door investigation by specially deputed staff of the Posts and Telegraphs Department".

60 REDS ARRESTED IN VIJAYAWADA

VIJAYAWADA, Aug. 23 (UPI), About 60 noted Communists have been arrested here during the last few days. Besides these, about 50 underground Communists have surrendered themselves before the authorities.

The police have also seized from the possession of the arrested Communists a large stock of newsprint intended for printing unauthorised leaflets. They are also on the look out for a printing press and cyclostyle machine which are stated to be in the possession of a Communist.

The District Superintendent of Police, Krishna, in an interview said that the villagers were co-operating with the police in tracing Communists who had gone underground. They are not giving shelter to the Communists. He hoped that normal conditions would be restored in the district within one month.

LIFE FORCE MARCHES ON

CALCUTTA, August 23, (PTI): "The Mahatmas are shot or else pass and perish as you see me perishing in this picture but the life force marches on".

Thus observed the 94-year old Playwright George Bernard Shaw. In his characteristic Shavian style on the back of a post card size photograph of his own, replying to birthday greetings from Mr. Bimal Roy, a Bengal artist.

PAKISTAN AGENTS IN BANASKANTHA

Collecting Funds For Kashmir

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 23: Reports received here from the Banaskantha border region of North Gujerat, adjoining the Pakistan border of Sind, say that organised anti-Indian and pro-Pakistan propaganda is being carried on by Pakistan agents.

These agents reportedly arrived in Banaskantha disguising themselves as Pirs and Maulvis and have been arranging secret meetings in Mosques for conducting propaganda for Pakistan.

It is also learnt that they are collecting funds for the Azad Kashmir Fauz with a promise that the Azad Kashmir forces will not only free Kashmir, but also the Muslims of North Gujerat.

Women Arrested In Aga Khan Theft

PARIS, Aug. 23, (UPA): Two women whose identity is being kept secret have been arrested in connection with the theft of 640,000 dollars worth of jewellery from the Aga Khan and his wife earlier this month, according to a French news dispatch from Nice.

The dispatch said they were arrested on charges of having withheld information on the identity of the robbers.

The Aga Khan and his wife were stopped by four bandits armed with sub-machine guns as they set out by car to visit the Aga Khan's son, Prince Aly Khan and his bride Rita Hayworth at Deauville. The bandits seized a jewel case containing practically the entire jewel collection of Begum Aga Khan.

ANOTHER ROBBERY IN CANNES

CANNES (France), Aug. 23, (UPA): Judge Louis Goldstein, Chairman of the Board of Judges of King's County, New York, reported today that traveller's cheques and jewellary worth dol. 9,000 to dol. 10,000 and his passport were stolen from his hotel room here on Sunday night.

Goldstein arrived here at the end of last week on his way to Israel where he planned an inspection tour for the United Jewish Appeal and the Hadassah Society of New York.

SEARCH FOR NOAH'S ARC CALLED OFF

LONDON, Aug. 23. (UPA): Egerton Sykes, 54, a London explorer, today called off his plan to climb the Mount Ararat in search of the Noah's Ark this year.

Sykes said he finally received verbal permission from the Turkish Embassy to make the trip, but that it presently was too late in the season. He said: "In about ten days' time climbing will be impossible owing to the weather and I should never reach my objective—the two craters 10,000 feet up the Mount Ararat".

CHIANG CALLS EMERGENCY MILITARY CONFERENCE

Communist Columns Push Towards Amoy

CANTON, Aug. 23. (PTI-Reuter):

GENERALISSIMO Chiang Kai-shek who arrived unexpectedly here today was calling an emergency military conference tonight to draft plans for a Chinese Nationalist counter offensive, a usually eliable source said.

General Pai Chung-hsi, Central China Commander-in-Chief, is also here for tonight's conference.

The Generalissimo's eldest son, Major General Chiang Ching-kuo, came to Canton with him.

The Chinese newspaper "Ta Klong Pao" said that last night an emergency military conference here decided to launch a counter offensive in Central China.

Acting President Li Tsung-jen presided at the conference, the paper said. Nationalist General Liu Anchi was said to have moved more than 80,000 troops to the Kwang Tung-Kiangsi, provincial border area as reinforcements. In Hunan, fighting was expected to take place north of Anjen, which the Nationalists reoccupied three days ago.

RED ADVANCE

Communist General Lin Piao's Forty Sixth Army was advancing southward to try to retrieve positions on that front. In South-East China, Communist columns which occupied Putien on the Foochow-Amoy highway were pushing further south towards Amoy, on the east coast 320 miles north-east of Canton.

In North-West China, Nationalist defenders of Lanchow, Kansu provincial capital, were hitting out strongly and had inflicted heavy casualties on the Communists whose offensive was reported to have slackened.

Chiang Kai-Shek will visit North-West and South-West China including Chungking and Kumming for an inspection tour within the next few days, according to a source close to the Generalissimo.

This source flatly denied press reports that an international force will be organised to aid the Nationalists in fighting the Chinese Communists.

THREAT TO SHIPPING

Bandit organisations operating in the Pearl River delta have threatened to mine shipping unless the shipping companies here provides them with funds, arms, ammunition and food.

Several river steamers, including the British owned "Wu Sueh" have been fired on between Canton and Hong Kong in recent weeks.

The bandit threat was contained in letters received by British and Chinese shipping companies here.

Aviation companies and banks in Canton were last March reported also to have been threatened.

Demands on companies were then reported to total about £200,000, and special precautions were taken in many cases.

NOW RADIO WAR AGAINST YUGOSLAV LEADERS

"Ghost Voice" Breaks In On Belgrade Broadcasts

LONDON, Aug. 23. (PTI-Reuter).

A radio war against the Yugoslav leaders seems to have been opened with a "Ghost Voice" breaking in on Belgrade Radio broadcasts, denouncing Tito.

"Tito has made you outcasts", the Ghost Voice says. "Tito has reduced you to misery" or "Tito has brought upon you the wrath of the mighty Soviet Union and all your neighbours".

While these short scathing interruptions are injected into Radio Belgrade broadcasts, Radio Budapest, most powerful transmitter in Central Europe, has opened up a new series of broadcasts in Yugoslav languages.

Radio Belgrade last night postponed its transmission time by nearly a quarter of an hour in an effort to avoid the "Ghost Voice" interruptions.

"The spoking" on Belgrade Radio has now blotted the medium wave station off the radio map to such an extent that it can no longer be heard clearly in Britain.

The Budapest broadcasts now include a new dictation-speed broadcast which should be receivable by Yugoslavs with even the most primitive sets. It was in these transmisions that Yugoslavs were first told of the latest Soviet note attacking the Tito Government for alleged ill-treatment of Soviet citizens.

PRAVDA'S CALL

Belgrade: The Yugoslav Communist Party newspaper of Belgrade, 'Borba', today complained that the Cominform station, which it said called itself "the voice of the revolutionary Yugoslav emigres" was making every effort to put difficulties on the way of Belgrade Radio broadcasts.

Pravda, the Russian Communist Party newspaper, on Tuesday indirectly called for the overthrow of Marshal Tito's Government in Yugoslavia which Pravda said had thrown its opponents into jail "by the thousands" to keep power, adds UPA.

For the second straight day Pravda, as reported by Radio Moscow, devoted a lengthy editorial to a fierce attack on the Tito regime.

Tuesday's editorial stressed the Cominform resolution allowing for "lawful and constitutional change" in the leadership of Communist parties.

YUGOSLAV REPLY

Yugoslavia told Russia in an official note today that it was "under no conditions willing to allow anyone whosoever to interfere in her internal affairs", adds U.P.A.

Replying to the Soviet note of Aug. 18, which denounced Marshal Tito's Government as "fascist lunatics" and warned that "more effective measures" would be taken unless the alleged prosecution of Soviet citizens stopped, the Yugoslav note declared: "The Yugoslav Government does not intend to enter into an argument with the USSR about the character of the regime in Yugoslavia, about the real purpose of the Cominform or the Cominform resolution and whether or not the Yugoslav economy has become an appendage to the economies of the capitalist countries".

INDEPENDENT STATE

The note added: "However, the Government of the Federal People's Republic of Yugoslavia consider that it is its duty to emphasize it is an independent, sovereign state and that its peoples and its Government are under no conditions willing to allow anyone whosoever to interfere in their internal affairs. Further, the Yugoslav Government also underlines that no pressure from outside has so far had any effect on her internal policy nor will it have in the future".

The Yugoslav Government said it was surprised that the "arrest of" a few White guards who are Soviet citizens, people with a hard past who violated the laws and hospitality of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, "could touch off such an angry note".

MOSCOW RENEWS THREAT

Moscow today renewed its threat to use "more effective measures" against recalcitrant Yugoslavia.

It charged that the Yugoslav Government had suppressed the Cominform call to Yugoslav Communists to remove the Tito regime and had thrown its opponents into jail "by thousands" to maintain power. The Yugoslav Communist newspaper "Borba" retorted that Moscow was afraid to tell the Russian people the truth about the Yugoslav-Russian crisis.

At the same time, Yugoslav officials warned workers to look out for economic sabotage in the form of unexplained accidents and mysterious fires.

AMMUNITION SHIP BLOWS UP

Warehouses Burned Down In Formosa

TAIPEH, (Formosa), Aug. 23 (PTI-Reuter): A Chinese merchant ship blew up today at Kaohsiung and rocked the entire city.

Ten warehouses were completely burned down.

Several city government employees were injured and the city telephone system disrupted.

It is believed the explosion was caused by ammunition aboard the ship, the name of which was given as "Chungli".

U. S.-Pak Treaty Talks

KARACHI, Aug. 23 (UPI): Negotiations between the Pakistan Government and the Government of the U.S.A. for a treaty of friendship which will strengthen commercial and trade ties between the two countries is stated to have made appreciable headway.

The negotiations will enter the final stage when America's well-known lawyer, Dr. Robert Wilson, now visiting India on behalf of his Government comes to Karachi.

Conference On Indonesia

(Continued from Page 1)

Indonesian independence on August 17, 1945."

The Dutch had failed to comprehend that "the most easy-going people in the world had become revolutionaries inflamed with a dynamic spirit", he said.

A TRAGEDY

Dutch-Indonesian relations had subsequently developed into a "tragedy" because, though there was a common objective—the granting of independence to the Indonesian people—there existed a difference in views regarding the manner by which this objective was to be reached.

Recognised or not, Dr. Hatta said, the people of the Republic recognised themselves as a sovereign nation.

"It was the Netherlands view that as long as sovereignty had not actually been transferred to the Indonesians, full sovereignty remained vested in the Netherlands. The Indonesian view was that the transition period should be characterised by a transition from the colonial status to the status of an independent nation....."

To achieve this, the Republic had been willing to make sacrifices and to "relegate itself from the status of a sovereign nation to the position of a component state.

However, the Republic wanted all the attributes of sovereignty, such as the army and foreign relations, to be conferred on the Interim Government and to be continued by the latter", Dr. Hatta said.

"If my information is correct" Dr Hatta said "Political circles in the Netherlands have generally already accepted the immediate transfer of sovereignty as an inevitable consequence. And if sovereignty is to be transferred anyway, it would be best to complete within the shortest possible time the negotiations at this Round Table Conference concerning the transfer". Dr. Hatta declared.

Dr. Hatta said that every delay in the transfer of sovereignty would be felt by the Indonesian people as a political strategem to continue colonial rule in Indonesia, and would therefore cause the people to be suspicious of the Netherlands intentions.

"Nor will the transfer of sovereignty be entirely unconditional" Dr. Hatta said "We fully understand that the Netherlands Government wishes to be assured that sovereignty will be conferred on an Indonesia with a federal form of Government, and that a union is to be established between the Republic of United Indonesia and the kingdom of the Netherlands in conformity with the Renville principles".

These conditions were not felt by the Republicans and the Federalists "as being restrictive to sovereignty".

GROUNDLESS FEARS

Dutch fears that the transfer of sovereigity would jeopardise Dutch capital investments and economic interests in Indonesia, Dr. Hatta said, were "completely void of any grounds".

Transfer of sovereignty would involve the assumption of debts by the Republic of United Indonesia and the taking over of rights and responsibilities, Dr. Hatta went on. These matters would be included in the agenda but discussion on them must not be delayed by the conference.

"Before the year 1950 ends, Indonesia must be Independent and the Republic of United Indonesia established and vested with complete and real sovereignty", he said.

Sultan Hamid the second, leader of the Federalist Delegation, also speaking in Indonesian, said that the recent discussions in Indonesia had put an end to "the almost unsolvable controversy which had lasted for years.

He summarised the aim of the Conference as the realisation of the sovereignty and independence of the United Republic of Indonesia, and the getting-together of the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the United States of Indonesia as two free and sovereign States.

TWIN SUCCESS

Dutch Overseas Territories Minister, J. H. Van Maarseveen, heading the Netherlands Delegation, said the Netherlands Government aimed to make the conference successfu "both formally as well as materially."

He said that formally the Conference would be successful when an agreement was reached, and materially it would be successful only when it influenced the future development of the two countries as favourably as possible.

The Minister said that the transfer of sovereignty once effected would never again be revocable.

In the closing address Mr. Thomas Critchley, Chairman of the United Nations Commission for Indonesia said that while the Commission retained its responsibilities according to its references established by the Security Council, it welcomed the evolution of events whereby the parties directly concerned had assumed voluntarily the heavy responsibility for jointly shaping their common destiny.

After the opening speeches, the Conference dealt rapidly with formal business including the agenda and rules of procedure before adjourning.

INDONESIA'S RECOVERY

BATAVIA: representative of the Dutch Crown in Indonesia, Mr. Antonius Lovink, has been authorised to establish the "Netherland-Indonesian Company for financing the recovery of Indonesia(with a capital of 300.000.000 Indonesian guilders it was learned on usually reliable authority today.

WORLD ECONOMIC CRISIS

Selfish National Policies Blamed

STRASBOURG, Aug. 23. (PTI-Reuter): Delegates to the European Assembly—striving for unity among the 12 member nations—today criticised selfish national policies as a root cause of the grave economic crisis.

Appealing for swifter action, M. Paul Reynaud, former French Finance Minister and an international authority, said: "Everyone agrees that between the two giants we must have a Europe, but it must not be a fragemented Europe. We must realise how great is the need in every one of our countries for a Europe market with a single currency."

The organisation for European Economic Co-operation have failed because "the OEEC representatives are the advocates of their own countries" he added.

INDO-BURMA RED LINK

KARACHI, Aug. 23. (UPI): The revelation that the Communists in Burma were in league with their 'comrades' in India and that 'Red' literature was being smuggled from India to Burma, was made by General Ne Win, Deputy Premier of Burma, addressing a press conference here today. He however, did not think that arms were being smuggled from India to Burma.

DISTURBANCE AGAIN IN HOOGLY DISTRICT

CALCUTTA, Aug. 23, (PTI): Some incidents occurred this evening in Chapdani Jute Mill area in Hooghly District, about 20 miles from Calcutta.

A curfew was promulgated in the locality at nine tonight which will remain in force till 4 30 a.m. on August 25.

Several huts in the coolie lines, it is reported, were set on fire and there were also some minor clashes. Details of the incidents are, however, not yet available.

Chapdani is in the neighbourhood of Bhadreswar.

FLYING BOAT ON MERCY MISSION

SINGAPORE, Aug. 23, (UPA): A Royal Air Force flying boat was rushed out on a mercy mission to the South China Sea today after an American oil tanker radioed that an unidentified crew member was gravely ill with a ruptured appendix.

The R.A.F. said that the four-engined Sunderland would rendezvous with the tanker Picos, on a charter to the United States Navy, near the Mubur Island in the South China sea, and rush the ill crew member to Singapore hospital. They hoped to have him under medical treatment here by neightfall.

ATLANTIC PACT

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (UPA): The French, Portuguese and Danish Ambassadors and the Italian Charge d'Affaires will deposit their nations' instruments of ratification of the Atlantic Pact at the White House on Wednesday, immediately after which President Truman will proclaim the Atlantic Pact to be in force, it was reliably learned today.

Nazi Field Marshal On Trial

HAMBURG, Aug. 23, (UPA): Former Field Marshal Fritz von Manstein went on trial for his life at nine a.m. on Tuesday on 17 war crimes charges, including the killing of more than 100,000 Russians and Poles.

The 62 year old Prussian strategist, leaning on a cane and smoking a big cigar was brought into Curio Haus shortly before the Judge Advocate, General L. A. Collingwood, read the 39 page indictment.

Trade Treaty With Argentina?

BUENOS AIRES, Aug 23, (UPA): Indian Ambassador Jamshed Vesugar conferred with Economics Ministry officials on Monday regarding a trade agreement between the two countries. New meetings will be held the next few days.

PAKISTAN CLERKS' STRIKE AVERTED

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, August 23: The Government of Pakistan have responded to the ultimatum of the newly-constituted Pakistan Government Clerks' Association, and accorded recognition to it.

It will be recalled that this Association had given an ultimatum to the authorities that unless their demands of recognition of their Association and better wages and facilities to its members were met, they would resort to strike.

KALYAN MUSLIMS TO JOIN CONGRESS

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, August 23: All the Muslims of Kalyan decided at a meeting held recently to join the Indian National Congress. At present the enrolling of the primary members is in progress. It is understood that about 4,000 to 5,000 Muslims are going to join the Congress.

Quake Tremors In Mastung

QUETTA, Aug. 22, (PTI-Reuter): Information received today from Kalat statyd that the earthquake tremors which were felt here recently did considerable damage to buildings in Mastung.

In Parangabad, about 80 per cent of the buildings were cracked, and one man was reported killed in Mastung.

Renewed Buying And Covering In Tata Steels

BOMBAY DYEING SHARES MOVE UP

BOMBAY, Aug. 23.

The local Share Bazar was fairly steady today with modest business passing. Tomorrow being a holiday, there was less disposition to increase operations but shorts were inclined to cover.

Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs. 1320 and steadily improved at Rs. 1335. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 275 and improved at Rs. 278. Indian Irons were quoted at Rs. 25/13 while Bengal Steels were done at Rs. 18/14

Bombay Dyeings were very steady on declaration of interim dividend of Rs. 12/8 T.F. At the opening Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 1062/8 and advanced at Rs. 1080. Swadeshi Shares opened at Rs. 242 and steadied at Rs. 243. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 258 and improved at Rs. 260 while Scindia Shares were done at Rs. 14/2.

Later on there was restricted business and Tata Steel Defds. were done at Rs. 1333/12 and Ordinary Shares were quoted at Rs. 277/8. Bombay Dyeings changed hands at Rs. 1075. Central India Shares were done at Rs. 205 while Gokaks were quoted at Rs. 248/12. Simplexes were placed at Rs. 171.

Tata Powers were quoted at Rs. 1492/8 and Associated Cements were done at Rs. 142/8. Belapurs changed hands at Rs. 182/8. Bombay Burmas were placed at Rs. 280.

Towards the close there was renewed buying support which in conjunction with short covering resulted in further improvement in quotations. Tata Steel Defds. advanced at Rs. 1352/8 and Ordinary Shares were done at Rs. 280. Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 1080. Closing tone was very steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (19-8)	1080 0
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	263 12
Swadeshi Mills (12-4) XD	245 0
Central India Mills (4)	207 0
Simplex Mills (6-8)	174 0
New Great Eastern (8)	139 0
Indore (9 plus 3)	118 12
Gokak Mills (12)	249 0
Century Spinning (15)	222 8
India Bleaching (6)	128 0
Swan Mills (2)	291 0
Finlay Mills (15)	246 0
Morarji Goculdas	445 0
Edward Sassoon (30)	177 8
Meyer (12)	119 6
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 11
India United Ord. (0-13-6)	10 7 6
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1 11 9
Madhusudan Mills (15)	170 0
Podar (8)	136 4
Khatau Makanji (5)	189 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	280 0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1350 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-3)	142 12
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	140 8
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-3)	282 12
Belapur Sugar (9)	182 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (0-3)	25 8
Scindia Steam (0-3)	14 4
Premier Construction	92 0
Tata Chemical	9 5
Tata Oil (2) XD	43 8
India Iron (0-12)	26 7
Bengal Steel (0-8-9)	19 10
British India Corp. (0-9)	8 9
India Copper	2 7 6
Wimco	178 12
Alcock	245 0
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1505 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1402 8
Tata Hydro (3)	148 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (9)	54 0
Phoenix (50)	133 12
Indian Mfg.	4150 0
Kurla	117 8
Colaba	120 0
New City (11)	152 8
Minerva (12)	117 8
Bradbury	446 6
Bharuch Defd. (0-4)	4 5
Bharat Mills (2)	28 8
Mysore Spg. Mills (4)	161 4
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14 8
Model Mills (12-8)	166 4
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	605 0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	208 2
Western India (40)	4070 0
Standard (15)	210 0
Sholapur Mills (200)	3140 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	15 4
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	49 4
Ahmedabad Advance Old (2)	253 12
Ahmedabad Advance New	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	34 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 4
Madhusudan S (2-8)	35 0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	153 12
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	67 0
Berar Mills	240 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (4-0)	123 2
Ahmedabad New	43 12
Surat Electric (2-8)	132 8
Karachi Electric (2)	132 8
Broach (0-5)	6 12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	7 2
Amalgamated (0-12)	12 6
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26 8
Poona Electricity Supply (S)	146 14
Bombay Suburban XR	134 6
Bombay Suburban New	46—8
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	1735 0
Imperial Bank of India P.P. (8-12) XD	431 4
Central Bank (1-8)	79 4
Central Bank (1-8)	79 4
Bank of India (4)	172 8
Union (0-5)	7 2
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	122 8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40 8
United Commercial (8)	50 0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35 12
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	94 0
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125)	4100 0
Empire (10)	625 0
New India (7)	53 8
Jupiter (1-4)	12 8
Vulcan (9-10)	11 14
Indian Mercantile (21)	34 8
Universal (9-4)	11 4
B.I.G. (1)	15 12
Industrial and Prudential	29 8
Central Bank New (1-8)	79 8
Neptune	7 0
New Great	25 0
All India General	15 10
RAILWAY SHARES	
C P. (1-14) XD	114 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	223 12
Bombay Burma New (5)	105 0
Burma Petrol	1 10
Mackenzie (6)	65 0
Port Canning (3)	61 0
Kemp and Co. (30)	400 0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125 0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	84 8
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	36 0
Mukund Iron	10 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16 0
Alembic (15)	155 0
Supreme India X.R.	78 12
Jam Wire (6)	67 4
Bombay Uganda	60 4
Bombay Motor Cycle	30 0
Indian Cement (1937)	171 4
Walchand Nagar Industries B.S.)	152 8
United Motor	32 0
Associated Cement New (3)	138 9
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Mahmadi Steam	96 0
Gujarat Motor	20 0
Sardar Carbolic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrela Batteries	31 0
Manmad Press	120 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192 8
Andhra Valley (7)	1235 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1320 0
Hydro Electric (7)	126 4
Bombay Steamer (6)	230 0
Central India (5)	625 0
Swadeshi Mills	126 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	
Lakshmi Mills	258 12
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 0
Podar Mills (4)	105 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	305 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	137 8
Pre. Construction First	100 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	98 4
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	113 12
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	110 0
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2nd)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mill	50 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kajamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	97 0
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 11
New Victoria	2 8
New Victoria 2 (Pref.)	4 8
Paltan (8)	90 0
Gold Mohor	312 8
New Kaiser Hind	360 -
Sajjan Mills (20)	155 0
Osmanshahi (16)	235 0
Azamshahi	255 0
Air Services	5 8
Air India Tata	71 0
Hind Motor	5 6
Indian Steam	8 8

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Aug. 23.

MILLS

Apollo 2-11 2-10-6 2-11
Bharat 28-8
B Dyeing 1065 77-8 72-8 90 80
Bradbury Ord 425 46-4
C India 205 1 6-8 5 7
Century 222-8
Colaba 120
E. Textiles 177-8
Elphinstone Ord 54
Finlay 248-8 45 46
Gokak 246 49
I. U. Defd 1-11 1-10-6 1-11-9
„ Ord 10-6 10-5 10-7-6
Indore 116-4 18-12
Kohinoor 258 64-8 62-8 63-8
Laxmi 607-8 5
Model 167-8 66-4
Morarji 440
New City 152-8
New Great 139 36 37
Phoenix 133-12
Simplex 170 68 75 74
Svadeshi 243 41 45
Tata Mills 49-4
Vishnu 206-4 8-2

STEAMER

B. Steam 220 23-12 18-12 23-12
Scindia 13-9 13-12 13-7 14-5 14-1-6 14-7 14-4

BANKS

Baroda 122-8
Central 78-12 79-4
„New 79-4
Imperial Old 1735
„ New 430 31-4
India 172 73 72-8
U. Commercial 50

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 121-14 23-2
Andhravalley 1402-8
Suburban 134-6
Hydro 148
Power 1495 1505
Power Pref. 1320

INSURANCE

B. I. G. 15
New India 53-8 53-4 54 53-8

STEEL

B. Steel 19 18-14 19-14 19-11
I. Iron 25-12 25-11 26-7
Tata Defd. 1322-8 12-8 27-8 15 55 50
Tata Ord. 274-8 74 76 74 80-8 80
Tata IInd Pref. 139-4 40-8 39-8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 246-4 35 45
A. C. C. Old 141 42-4 41 42-12 42-4 42-12
A. C. C. New 136-8 38
Belapur 180 78-8 84 81 82
B. B. Old 277-8 76-4 82-8
B. B. New 103-2 2-8 5
B. B. Petrol 1-11 1-10
B.I.C. 8-8 8-9
Dharamsey 36
I. Bleaching 128
I. Copper 2-6 2-7-6
P. Const. 89 86-8 90 89 92-8 92
P. Ist Pref 101-14
Shivrajpur 24-8 25-8
Tata Chem. 9-4 9-6 9-5
Tata Oil 43-12 43-8 (ex div.)
Walchandnagar 147-8 50 45 57-8 52-8
Wimco 176-4 78-12

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 43-12
Bombay Suburban Elec. New 46-8
National Rayon Pref. 47.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Aug. 23.

There was no official trading today in the local cotton market. Privately September delivery was quoted at Rs. 626. February delivery opened at Rs. 601 and improved at Rs. 601/8 and May delivery was quoted at Rs. 591.

Towards the close September was quoted at Rs. 625-8. February at Rs. 601-8 and May Rs. 591-8.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September Contract is 604 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

Alexandria Cotton

ALEXANDRIA, August 22.

The following were prices of cotton on the Alexandria market today:

ASHMOUNI	
October	48.40
December	48.20
KARNAK	
November	59.90
January	57.50

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 23.

The local produce market was steady with restricted business. Final rates for settlement of Groundnut Oil contracts were fixed as under:—

August	22	12	0
September	22	8	0
October	21	10	0
December	18	10	0

Thus there is no forward business in Seeds and Oils. Ready quotations were as under:—

Groundnuts Khandesh	45	0	0
„ Madras	44	4	0
„ Bold	44	0	0
„ Oil	25	0	0
Linseed	23	0	0
Linseed oil	19	8	0
Castorseeds	28	8	0

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

BOMBAY, Aug. 23.

Cotton Bales	2000
Groundnuts Cwts.	3352
Castorseeds	777
Linseed	1459
Tilseed	534
Sugar	10940
Castorseed	777
Mahura	518
Rice	4035
Poppyseed	238

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Aug. 23.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	11	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	11	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99	6	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	4	0
2 3/4 per cent 1976	95	12	0
3 per cent non-terminable	98	0	0
3 per cent 1986 Con.	98	0	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	12	0
3 per cent 1953-55	101	13	0
3 per cent 1957	101	11	0
3 per cent 1959-61	101	0	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	4	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	3	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100		0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	10	0
3 1/2 per cent 1960-70	110	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	102	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	110	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114	4	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

3 per cent Bombay 1962	98	15	0
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97	2	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	6	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	6	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-66	99	12	0
4 per cent S.P.T.	110	12	0
3 1/4 Municipal	100	11	0
4 per cent B. Municipality	110	8	0
5 per cent B. Municipality 1959	114	0	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1954	114	0	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1950-60	107	0	0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Aug. 23.

Tata Ordinary 280; Tata Deferred 1350; Indian Iron 26-7; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 19-11; Bombay Dyeing 1080; Central India 207-8; Gokak 249-6; Kohinoor 263-12; Simplex 174; Swadeshi 245; Tata Power 1505; Associated Cement 142-12; Belapur 182-8; Bombay Burma (Old) 282-8; Scindia 14-4; Central Bank 79-4; New India 53-8; Tata 2nd Pref. 139-8.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Aug. 22.

Silver Spot and Forward both 43-1/2d. Gold Bars Fine per ounce £8-12-3.

London exportable sterling area Silver 57 to 58d.

GOLD & SILVER

Bank Rejects All Tenders

BOMBAY, Aug. 23.

The Reserve Bank of India rejected all Silver tenders today as they were priced below Rs. 160 and therefore there were no sales today. The Bank has invited tenders for 200 bars for tomorrow.

Banks refused to sell Silver below Rs. 160 induced coverings in the local forward market and prices improved about Rs. 2 per 100 tolas.

At the opening forward Silver was quoted at Rs. 156/8 and advanced at Rs. 157/4 on moderate short covering but quietened at Rs. 156/12 on scattered selling. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 161/4.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 110/2 and advanced at Rs. 110/10. At this level there was little selling and the market steadied at Rs. 110/6. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 114/4 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74/12.

Later on there was increased selling on Mysore Gold tender and Silver declined at Rs. 156-6 while Gold declined at Rs. 110-5. Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	161	0	0
Aso	156	12	0
Ready Gold	114	0	0
Aso	110	11	0
Sovereigns	74	0	0

SUGAR PRICES

BOMBAY, Aug. 23.

Bazar Quality Rs. 103, Medium Rs. 105-4, Big Chrystal Rs. 106, Buland Rs. 112-8, August Rs. 37, October Rs. 35-9, January Rs. 29-4. Arrivals Bags 2766. Despatches Bags 6,000. Tone quiet.

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Aug. 23.

120 Ready Japan	3	12	0
150 Ready Japan	3	15	0
120 Ready Italy	3	7	0
150 Ready Italy	3	15	0
150 D. Box Aug.	786	0	0
150 D. Box Sept.	795	0	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 23.

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 15 16 Ready

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month.

New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying T T Rs. 330.

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4 Montreal Rs 328 1/2.

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329 Rs. 328 3/4 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs 8100.

Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 8320.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl. 79.

Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs. 1305.

Java Banks Selling T T D D Glds. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 83 1/4.

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 155-1/2.

Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs 165 3/4

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs 54. 57-53 43; London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1-2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 15/16-1/2 25/32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl 128-130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London Lisbon Cross Rate Es 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4, London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02, London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 1096-1098; London/Prague Cross Rate K. 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/3 13/16-2/3 15/16, London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50, London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 17.34-36.

London Discts 3 Mos 5/8 p.c. London Discts. 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c., Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call 3 4 p.c.; 3 Mos. 1 p.c.; 6 Mos. 1-1/4 p.c. 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c.

Tone:—Easy.

N. Y. Rubber Market

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.

Rubber futures prices here followed the primary market trend and closed moderately higher in fair turnover.

The factor behind the rise in rubber was the forecast that the September Washington conferences would result in large scale United States stockpiling of rubber.

It is the general belief that the devaluation of the pound would depress rubber prices. However, some quarters believe that the United States will be asked and may do something to raise rubber prices in order to strengthen Great Britain's dollar exchange position.

The market closed 29 to 32. The spot price was 16-7/8 nom.

There were 94 sales.

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, Aug 22.

U. S. price of Foreign Silver 71-1/2 cents.

SHIPPING NEWS

BOMBAY, Aug. 23.

ARRIVALS

S.S. CITP OF LEICESTER (Ellerman Lines) from Hull with general cargo on Aug. 22.

S.S. PRESS MONROE (American Pres. Lines) from San Francisco with 4,178 tons general cargo on Aug. 23.

S.S. ROSEBANK (B. S. N.) from Okha with 2,344 tons general cargo on Aug. 23.

S.S. MALOJA (P. and O.) from Brisbane with general cargo on Aug. 23.

DEPARTURES

S.S. PUNDUA (B. I. S. N.) for Kobe 2,729 tons general cargo on Aug. 22.

S.S. MORWHICH (Ellerman Lines) for Calcutta with general cargo on Aug. 21.

S.S. GULFSIDE (Andros Shipping) for Hongkong with 6,000 tons general cargo on Aug. 22.

S.S. DUMRA (Mackinnon M.) for Basrah with 1,744 tons general cargo and 985 passengers on August 22.

S.S. ST. JAN. (East Asiatic Co.) for Chittagong with 4,259 tons general cargo on Aug. 22.

We give below the latest information regarding vessels due to arrive at and sail from Bombay under Agency of Messrs. Volkart Brothers:—

DUE TO ARRIVE AT BOMBAY:

From U. S. Pacific Coast: s.s. "SARANGEN" due 1st Sept. s.s. "SILVERMAPLE" due 2nd Oct.

From U.S. Atlantic Coast: s.s. "HOEGH SILVERLIGHT" due 5th Sept. s.s. "HOEGH TRADER" due 5th Sept. s.s. "BORNEO" due 14th Oct. s.s. "UTRECHT" due 22nd Sept.

From Australia: s.s. "ELIZEBETH BAKKE" due 1st Sept. s.s. "JOHN BAKKE" due 20th Oct.

From Persian Gulf via Karachi: s.s. "AMSTELSTAD" due 15th Sept.

From North Continental and Mediterranean Ports: s.s. "LINDEKERK" due 27th August.

DUE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY:

For Calcutta via Colombo: s.s. "AALSUM" sails 27th August, s.s. "LINDEKERK" sails 10th Sept.

For U.S. Pacific Coast: s.s. "SARANGAN" sails 10th Sept. s.s. "UTRECHT" sails 1st October.

For Persian Gulf via Karachi: s.s. "RIOUW" sails 26th August, s.s. "HOEGH SILVERBEAM" sails 31st August.

For Australia: s.s. "HOEGH SILVERLIGHT" sails 15th Sept.

For U.S. Atlantic Coast: s.s. "HOEGH SILVERCREST" sails 30th August.

For Mediterranean and North Continental Ports: "AMSTELSTAD" sails 25th Sept.

Madras Share Market

MADRAS, Aug. 23.

Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Market:—

GOVT. OF INDIA LOANS: Three per cent Paper 97-12, Do. 1986 98, Do. 1970-75 100, Govt. of Travancore Loan three per cent 1952-54 100-12 Govt. of Madras Loan three per cent 1960 100.

BANKS: Travancore 1-2.

PLANTINGS: Balmadies 1-10, Blue Mountain 2-2-6, Chembra 4-10, Devashola 13-12, Midland 3-8, Nelliampathy 1-2, Ouchterlony 5-13, Pullangode 1-1, Thirumbadi 1-8-6, T. R. and T. Co. 4-8, Vaikundam 4-6.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 143-8, Do. Pref. 189-4, Cambodia 10-6, Coimbatore CM 114-8, Do. Pioneer 120, Do. Spg. 45, Madura 38-12, Mettur 300, Radhakrishna 144, Rajalakshmi 56, Ranga Vilas 45. Trav Rayons 4-7, Trichinopoly 10-4.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 68, F. A. C. T. 4-10, India Cement 17-8, Mettur Chem. 6-3, Mysore Chem. Fert 7-8.

Firm conditions prevailed on the local market textiles recording substantial grains bank shares remained firm with buyers for most of the series. Insurance and electrics also came in for attention.

In plantings Periakaramalai improved to Rs. 20 most of the shares listed in the miscellaneous section. Cements, Chemicals, etc. refording some gains the market closed firm.

British Cabinet To Discuss Economic Problems

LONDON, August 22.

The Socialist Government reported a slump in July exports Monday as members of the Cabinet re-examined their policy for the Washington monetary talks next month.

The Cabinet is scheduled to meet to discuss the economic problems of the dollar-short strike-ridden Government.

Sir Stafford Cripps, Chancellor of the Exchequer, postponed his departure for Washington until the middle of next week in order to take part in a conference on:

Firstly, exports — the figures published by the Board of Trade showed exports were the lowest since last October;

Secondly, strikes — the dock strike that paralyzed the port of London in July is partly blamed for the export slump. Now coal strikes in Yorkshire and Lancashire threaten to cripple production.

Thirdly, agriculture. The Government admitted its ambitious programme to expand the cultivated acreage so food imports can be reduced. The acreage under cultivation is declining.

Worth Street Firm

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.

Print cloth orders to March 1950 were in evidence in the Worth Street market Monday and prices continued to firm. But some houses were rejecting orders for 1950 and booking business only to the end of the year.

Experts said if prices continue soaring and demand goes uncheked by January 1950, the price drop might occur because of over-supply at mills. There was heavy activity in print cloth sheetings, drills, twills and osnaburgs.

Observers said orders for print cloths and sheetings Friday were around the best for any single day this year.

In ducks scattered spot sales were reported with the main interest centered in wide numbered and army cloths.

Mill Buying Against Textile Sales In N. Y. Cotton

FUTURES 7 TO 12 POINTS HIGHER

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.

The cotton market ruled firm Monday on persistent mill buying against heavy textile sales.

The session opened unchanged to seven higher, held firm and closed seven to 11 higher. Trading was slow.

Spot cotton was strong resulting in the late movement of the new crop. Profit taking and hedging operations by commission houses were evident at the start. However, these were easily absorbed by the surge of buying from mills at higher levels.

Support in later months stemmed from ideas of high farm price supports next year. Attention also was drawn to the first hurricane of the season off Florida which dealers felt could create unsettled weather in Southeast growing areas.

Worry over weevils continued. The firmness in the spot market reflected the pressing mill needs to meet the recent revival in demand for cotton goods.

On exports, the Cotton Exchange said anticipations of the export drop was based on the doubtful Chinese market and the possibility of curtailed ECA cotton buying because of a desire of certain foreign countries to shift dollar purchases from raw materials to capital goods and increased production of synthetics.

Closing prices included:

Delivery	Pr. Close	Opening	High	Low	Close
October	29.85-86	29.85	29.94	29.85	29.94
December	29.87	29.88	29.94	29.87	29.94
March	29.83	29.87	29.92	29.85	29.92
May	29.76	29.76	29.85	29.76	29.85
July	29.15	29.19	29.27	29.18	29.26
October	27.33	27.38	27.46	27.36	27.44
December	27.23	27.26	27.34	27.26	27.32
NEW ORLEANS					
October	29.82	29.80	29.89	29.80	29.88
December	29.80	29.81	29.88	29.80	29.88
March	29.78	29.81	29.87	29.79	29.87
May	29.67	29.70	29.78	29.68	29.77-78
July	29.06	29.10	29.17	29.70	29.15
October	27.26	27.30	27.39	27.28	27.38
December	27.13	27.18	27.27	27.18	27.26
Spot Cotton New York	31.79-01				
Spot Cotton New Orleans	30.75				

WALL STREET MARKET

Scattered Profit Taking

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.

In the absence of new incentives the market gave small ground under profittaking. Some say that the approaching end of the steel truce and the Washington financial talks tend to encourage caution particularly after the recent sharp advances. Activity was limited. Nonferrous minings ignored reports that August domestic lead deliveries may prove the best monthly total so far this year. Averages were Industrials 180.69 and rails 46.51.

Prices quietly hovered around the midday levels in the afternoon with mostly lower steels unimpressed by further rise in ingot operations to an estimated 84.8 per cent of capacity which is attributed to precautionary buying in case of a strike. Although some professionals have been selling in anticipation of a reaction the market has so far doggedly refused to react more than by a minor degree. The market closed barely steady.

Texas Gulf Sulphur	64-1/8
Tidewater Oil	22
Timken Roller Bearing	39-5/8
Union Carbide	39-5/8
U. S. Industrial Chemical	23-5/8
U. S. Gypsum	95-1/2
U. S. Steel Pref.	134
Western Union "A"	14-1/4
West Pennsylvania Electric	23-3/4
Youngstown Sheet and Tube	63
Aluminium Corpn.	50-1/2
American Cynamid	44-3/4
American Gas and Electric	45-3/8
Brazilian Traction bid	17-3/4
Consolidated Gas of Baltimore	66
Louisiana Land	22-3/4
Baltimore and Ohio (bid)	9-1/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Aug. 22.

	£
2-1/2 p.c. Consols	-72
3-1/2 p.c. Conversion Loan	96-1/4
4 p.c Funding Loan 1960/90	107-1/4
3-1/2 War Loan on or after Dec. 1st 1952	94-1/2
Chartered Bank of India	10-5/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Regd.)	86-1/2
National Bank of India	33-3/4

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 5,392 shares.

PARIS STOCK EXCHANGE

SINGAPORE, August 22.

Quotations were irregular in very quiet dealings which were mainly confined to a readjustment of positions. Chemical shares quoted on forward account were subject to some liquidation but elsewhere shares generally kept steady. Metal minings, especially coppers, gained some ground while goldmines were irregular. Rentes improved slightly.

BRUSSELS STOCK EXCHANGE

BRUSSELS, August 22.

Quotations moved irregularly within narrow limits in quiet dealings today owing to the absence of many operators on annual holidays. Price fluctuations in either directions were about equal but gains predominated in a majority among colonials.

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE

AMSTERDAM, August 22.

Internationals were firm today with royal Dutch featured, meeting a wide public demand at 329 guilders before closing 8 higher at 327. Among domestic stocks, shippings were one of the few steady spots. Most of the other groups eased, particularly banks.

SILVER PRICE TO BE RAISED

NEW YORK, August 22.

A leading dealer today was openly discussing the possibility of raising the price from the current 71-3/4 cents per ounce level. Offerings accordingly were restricted and possibly totalled 125.000 ounces which were readily absorbed. Consumer demand was brisk and an additional 125.000 ounces could have been absorbed.

NEW YORK HESSIAN PRICE

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.

The following were closing prices for Hessian in New York ex dock basis all 40 inch widths but weights varying:—

7-1/2 ounce	13.65 nom
8 ounce	14.60 nom
10 ounce	17.00 nom
10-1/2 ounce	17.90 nom

NEW YORK PEPPER MARKET

NEW YORK, August 22.

Trading in black pepper was confined to immediate replacement needs. Moderate business was transacted at 130 cents for September delivery with sellers at 130 for spots and all other positions. Buyers are holding off contemplating a break in the supply position.

Following are today's closing prices: Spot 1.30 asked, Sept. 1.34 asked Oct. 1.32 asked Dec. 1.28 nominal Jan. 1.26 nominal Mar. 1.03 nominal May 0.94 nominal. White pepper spot 1.80 asked.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET QUIET

LONDON, August 22.

The pepper market was very quiet with buyers showing no interest and all offers cheaper. Malabar August and September shipment was offered at 800 shillings per cwt. cif. basis ports. Black lampong August shipment was 7 shillings and white muntok and Sarawak 8 shillings 10d. per pound cif., basis ports.

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

Quet conditions again prevailed on the Singapore pepper market today owing to lack of inquiries. Black lampong remained unchanged at 380 dollars per picul ex-godown but white muntok was further four dollars lower at 480

Chicago Grains Market

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.

Grain prices eased in sympathy with soyabeans which met commission house selling and profit-taking attracted by the recent sustained advance. Earlier cash interests and locals bought

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

New York Cotton October

NEW YORK, August 23.

Previous Closing	29.94
Today's Opening	29.88
Difference	—6
Today's Closing	29.95
Difference	+1

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, August 23.

Silver Forward Asoj	Rs. 156	12	0
Gold Forward Asoj	Rs. 110	8	0
Silver Bullion	Rs. 161	0	0
Silver Mint	Rs. 161	8	0
Gold Ready	Rs. 114	0	0
Sovereign	Rs. 74	8	0

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.

New York Stock Exchanges opening prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted, General Motors 61½ United States steel common unquoted, United States steel preference 134-3/8.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Aug. 23 (PTI-Reuter): Today being the last of the present account business on London's Stock Exchange was extremely small. Some preliminary contango arrangements were made but there was little disposition to deal.

Previous buyers of Japanese bonds were today content to take profits following a statement by the Japanese chief cabinet secretary that he was unable to reveal any practical plan whereby Japan's foreign bond commitments could be met. Some marking down of these issues took place with losses ranging from one to two points.

British Government Securities were slightly firmer, the improvements being attributed mainly to technical adjustment of positions.

There was a selective demand for oil shares particularly for Royal Dutch which gained fiveeighths to twothreeandoneeighth but ultramar lost sevenand halfpence to onethreeandnine following reports that the company was meeting with some difficulty in trying to raise fresh capital.

The industrial market was occasionally harder on bear-closing but shippings remained dull.

Kaffis continued quietly irregular and there was no interest displayed in coppers and diamonds which drifted lower.

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

A Press Communique issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Bombay reads as under:—

Tenders for Rs. 4 Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 23rd August, 1949. Total amount offered was Rs. 7,68,75,000 Tenders at Rs. 99-14-3 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-14-0 were allotted approximately 51 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 4 crores, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-8-0 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 5 crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 30th August 1949, up to 11 a.m. at Bombay and up to the close of business on Monday, the 29th August, 1949, at other centres, (Calcutta, Kanpur and Madras). Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday the 2nd September, 1949. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 19th August, 1949, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 5,82,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Improved With Buying Power

CALCUTTA, Aug. 23, (PTI-Reuter): The Calcutta Stock Exchange today opened easy for the speculative counters but as the day advanced more buying power developed and the rates began to improve and closed at the best of the day. Other shares also kept steady.

The following are today's final transactions upto 3-30 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent loan 1986 98-1, three per cent loan 1970-75 100, three per cent loan 1963-65 100-5.

BANKS: Imperial Bank conty 423-8 CT, United Commercial Bank 53.

COTTONS. Cawnpore Textiles 9-9, Kesoram 14-10, New Victoria ordy 2-12.

COALS: Bengal 455 sl, Bhalgora 7-2, Burrakur 13-12, Central India 6-4, Equitable 43-4, Raneegunge 10-14, South Karanpura 29-1.

JUTES: Alliance 185 s o l, Anglo-India 187, Barnagore 184 sl, Belvedere 234, Howrah 26-8, India 131, Kamarhatty 258, Kinnison 166, Presidency 6.

ENGINEERINGS: Braithwaite and Co. 8-8, Burn and Co. 255, Indian Iron and Steel 27-1, Jessop and Co. 15-8, Kumardhubi Eng 8-11, Marshalls 6-8, Steel Corpn. 28-1, Textile Machinery 8-14.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corpn. 2-13, Consolidated Tin 1-2, Indian Copper 2-8, Tavoy Tin annas twelve, Karanpura Dev 28-8, Assam Bengal Cement 6-13, Sone Valley Cement 6-8, Alluminium Corpn. 4-14, Calcutta Trams 15-10, British India Corpn. 8-13, F and C Osler 6-4, Indian Alluminium 140, Indian National Airways 5-14, Jardine Henderson 157-8, National Tobacco 16-8, British Burma Petrol 1-13, Shree Gopal Paper 11-3, Titaghur Paper 33-4, Midnapore Zemindary 71, Assam Saws 8-10, India Steamship 8-10.

SUGARS: Balrampur 7-4, Carew and Co. 9-4, Cawnpore 25, Ramnugger Cane 13-9.

TEAS: Barnarhat 282, Tezpur 19-9.

D-DAY DRAWING NEAR IN INDO-CHINA?

(Continued from page 6)

ed from Indo-China. With communist trouble, on a fairly large scale, already prevailing in Burma, Malaya, Siam, Indonesia and the Philippines, this potential threat from Indo-China's "door" to China is fraught with serious consequences.

FRENCH LOSSES

The war in Indo-China has cost France a great deal, in men and money. French troops operating in Indo-China number about 125,000 against armed Vietnamese insurgents estimated at less than 80,000. Umbiased observers believe that Ho Chi-Minh would not have been able to hold out against the French for well over three and half years if he did not enjoy the support of the Vietnamese people.

French military sources have admitted that, in spite of their vigil at the Yunnan-Tongkin frontier, Ho Chi-Minh has been maintaining steady contact with Mao Tse-tung's headquarters, through liaison officers in South China and regular radio communication between Hanoi and Pieping.

If the Yunnan-Tongkin frontier fell to Chinese communists, Siam will be under immediate threat. From Siam to Malaya can be a walk-over (as it was in the case of the Japanese invasion). And the communist unrest in Burma will assuredly receive a fresh impetus.

Besides, the Burma-Yunnan frontier, reported to be "wide open" in spite of Burmese attempts to police the border posts, will be another "Porte de Chine", to add to the headache of south-eastern strategists. Both the Burma Road and the Ledo Road are, therefore, meticulously studied by the planners of South-east Asia's defence.

They have before them the experience of the last war. They know that these doors to China which they built open both ways. They know too, that the forces of communism, if campaigning by themselves would prefer peaceful penetration across land frontiers to open all-out warfare—except when it comes to a major conflagration.

The anti-communist alliance of

D-DAY FAST APPROACHING

The anti-communist alliance of Chiang Kai-Shek China, the Philippines and south Korea will not unduly worry the Kremlin or Mao Tse-tung. They might wait for South Korea to receive all the financial help voted by the United States and they might leave the Philippines alone until the time is ripe for a big scale showdown. And in Formosa, Chiang Kai-Shek's island stronghold, a revolution is already on.

Meanwhile, if communism as a major force is to stay back at China's land frontiers with south-east Asian countries, Porte de Chine must be sealed. And the independence of Vietnam is one of the essential prerequisites to it.

D-Day in Indo-China is fast approaching. And the withdrawal of the Vietnam mission from Paris may hasten it.

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SHIPPING SPACE FOR HAJ PILGRIMS

NEW DELHI, August 23: Shipping space for over 15,000 pilgrims has been provided at Bombay to enable them to proceed to Jedda for the ensuing Haj pilgrimage. Over 900 pilgrims reached the Hejaz to spend their Ramzan in Mecca and Medina. Sailings after the Ramzan have now commenced.

In view of the high prices prevailing in Saudi Arabia, pilgrims have been permitted, as a special case, to export their requirements of foodgrains for their stay in the Hejaz at the rate of 16 ozs. per adult per day for a period of three months in the case of post-Ramzan and four and half months in the case of pre-Ramzan pilgrims.

Indore Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE August 23.

Indore Markets today's closing quotations:

Indore Malw 122, Hukmchand Mill 457, Bhandari Mill 615, Vinod Mill 315, Kalyanmal Mill 85, Kalyanmal Preference 90, Raj Kumar 91, Indore Bank 54.

On Indore Bullion Exchange ready gold opened 114|0|0, Highest 114|3|0, Lowest 113|14|0, closed at 114|1|0.

Forward Gold opened 112|13|0, closed at 112|12|0.

On Indore Badasaraga Association ready Silver opened 160|3|0, Highest 160|15|0, Lowest 160|5|0, closed at 160|7|

Forward Silver opened at 158|14|0, closed at 158|14|0.

Karachi Cotton Market

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, August 23.

Cotton Sind NT 89, Punjab 289—F 90, LSS 89 Fourf 85, Steadily held with business of 300 bales in Old Crop and 1500 bales New Crop Oct|Nov. at 77 to 78.

Exports 3430 principally for Hongkong Shanghai.

Cottonseed NT ready 8 November 6|15. Easier owing slack demand. No Exports.

STOCK EXCHANGE: Mohammadi's Steamship 97|8, Murree Brewery 8|4, Hydri Construction 16|4, Dacca Electric 10|8. Easy.

Memorial For Adas Martyrs

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 23: A fitting memorial is to be erected in the land of Adas in memory of the martyrs of Adas who met their death during the 1942 movement. The necessary plot of land has been acquired for this purpose.

RAZVI TRIAL

NEWS-BOY IDENTIFIES MAN WHO SLAPPED HIM

Clue That Led To Arrest Of Accused No. 2

ASEER GAVE HIM SWORD FOUR DAYS AFTER INCIDENT, SAYS SAJID ALI

GIVING evidence in the Shoebullah Khan murder trial here today, a 12-year-old news boy, named Mohammed Siddiq, identified accused Munim Khan (accused No. 2) as the man who had slapped him in a local mosque during Ramzan last year.

Munim Khan had been traced on a clue provided by Mr. Shoebullah Khan's brother-in-law, Mr. Ismailkhan, who was also attacked along with him and injured, but survived. Ismailkhan had stated after an identification parade on August 25 last year, that one of the assassins was a man whom he had seen slapping a boy in a mosque on a Ramzan day.

The boy said in the Court today that Munim Khan had slapped him five or six times on both his cheeks, because he had jumped over Munim Khan. He was seeing him for the first time today since the incident.

The cross-examination of Syed Mustafa, alias Mushtoo, police constable and prosecution witness No. 4 was continued today before the special tribunal trying Syed Kasim Razvi and two others at the old British Military Hospital building, Trimulgherry.

Witness said in the course of cross-examination that Aseer (approver) asked him whether the parade was being held properly at Kutbipura. When he returned from Aseer to Yazdani (President of the Chappal Bazar Council of Action) witness stayed with him for ten minutes. When he left Kutbipura the prade was continuing, witness said.

He did not inform anybody in the police about his refusal to Aseer to murder Shoebullah Khan because he was then a recruit of two months' standing. He had not been taught up to now which offences were cognisable and which not.

Witness stated he had seen Shoebullah Khan who resided in the same Mohalla as he was taken to the C.I.D. Inspector, Yazdani was not present there.

Witness said he knew Abdul Kadir, prosecution witness, who deposed yesterday. Abdul Kadir was not at Aseer's place when he went there. On returning from Aseer witness said he called Yazdani aside from the parade and talked to him in low tones. The Section Commander, Hassan Ali was actually taking the parade and Yazdani was standing alone. Parades were held between 6 and 9 p.m. daily.

NO GOONDAISM IN CHAPPAL BAZAR

Cross-examined by Mr. Dawood Khan, defence counsel for Abdul Munim Khan and Syed Mohsin Raza, witness said he never indulged in any special act of goondaism. During Moharram quarrels were common throughout the city. He had not been arrested for any offence. Witness said he might have beaten somebody but not so as to justify his being taken to the police station. Witness said a thief, Ahmed Ali by name, had taken away his lantern and he thrashed him but he had not beaten any respectable person so far. He never went into hiding after the "police action"; he was on duty. To his knowledge, other Razakars of Chappal Bazar locality were not goondas.

Replying to questions by the President, witness said he was a police constable. The first police roll call was taken at 7-45 a.m. and the second at 8 p.m. He reached Amberpet from the parade five minutes after the first roll call. One or two days after his conversation with Aseer he did not attend the parade of Razakars at Kutbipura. The parades were held daily. He got his regular appointment as constable after the "police action".

PISTOL HANDED TO MUNIM KHAN

Prosecution witness No. 5, Sajid Ali, then came into the witness box. He deposed that Aseer was his wife's brother. He knew Abdul Munim Khan, second accused. In Aseer's house witness saw Abdul Hashmi, Mohsin Raza and others. When he entered the drawing room they stopped talking. Aseer entered the bedroom then called Munim Khan and gave him a pistol. Munim Khan said he knew how to use it and went away. Witness said he heard about Shoebullah Khan's death four days after the above mentioned incident.

Four days after the incident referred to above. Aseer gave witness a sword and asked him to take it to Wazir Mohammed Khan and witness did so. The sword was long and in its scabbard. A piece of string was tied to the handle which was silver.

A sword exhibited in Court was handed to witness and the latter said it was very much like the one he had seen before.

Cross-examined by Dawood Khan, counsel for the accused Munim Khan and Mohsin Raza, witness said Aseer did not have any weapons with him.

He knew Abdul Munim Khan, (accused) five or six months before the particular meeting. Munim Khan came to Aseer's house and witness knew him. Witness did not go to Abdul Munim Khan's residence. During the six months prior to the incident referred to, he met Abdul Munim Khan twice. Witness said he saw Mohsin Raza on the particular day of the meeting. After that he was seeing Mohsin Raza only now in Court. He did not remember having had any direct conversation with Mohsin Raza that day. He did not remember having any conversation with Abdul Munim Khan.

Handling weapons was nothing unusual those days and so he did not take any interest in them. He did not see whether there were any bloodstains on the sword.

Prior to this incident, witness said, he did not see Aseer handing over any weapons to anybody. He did not see Aseer handing over any other weapon to anybody after the incident upto the "police action".

MORNING AFTER MURDER

Witness said he was married about a year ago. The marriage took place a month prior to the happening. Witness learnt about Shoebullah Khan's death the next morning after the murder. He did not know if anybody came to his house and knocked at the door that night. Aseer used to sleep in his room but witness did not know definitely whether he always slept there during the night." There were about eight or 10 rooms in the house.

Witness did not have any conversation with Aseer about the death of Shoebullah Khan on the morning following the murder beyond the fact of the death. Witness did not see anybody handing over any weapon to Aseer during four days after the murder. He knew Wazir Mohammed Khan prior to the murder of Shoebullah Khan. Witness said he usually went to bed about 9 o'clock in the night.

Cross-examined by counsel for Kasim Razvi, witness said he did not come to Hyderabad as a refugee. He came to Hyderabad two years ago. He got, as dowry four to five thousand rupees but not in cash. He did not know whether Aseer was dejected when he handed over the sword to witness to be given to Wazir Mohammed Khan.

Wazir Mohammed Khan asked witness who sent him that sword but he did not ask him why it was sent to him. Witness said he was not arrested by the police.

He said he was a trained Razakar. Aseer came over near the door which opens into the drawing room and handed over the pistol to Munim Khan (accused).

Replying to questions from the Court, witness said he came from the United Provinces and he was a graduate of the Lucknow University. Witness added he took the sword about 7 or 8 o'clock on the morning following the murder and carried it on a cycle to Wazir Mohammed Khan's house. This concluded cross-examination of the witness and the Court rose for lunch.

NEWS-BOY'S EVIDENCE.

After lunch, the Special Tribunal heard the evidence of prosecution witness No. 6, Mohammed Siddiq, 12-year-old newspaper boy. He said he was a resident of Chappal Bazar locality of Hyderabad. He pointed out to Abdul Munim Khan in Court and said he recognised him as the man who slapped him on both cheeks five or six times on the last Friday of Ramzan last year in a mosque in Chappal Bazar area for jumping over him while namaz (prayers) were in progress. About a month later police asked him about the incident at the mosque.

Cross-examined by Mr. Dawood Khan, counsel for Abdul Munim Khan and Syed Mohsin Raza, witness said that he knew Abdul Munim Khan before that incident as he was living in the same mohalla. He was seeing Munim Khan for the first time now, since the incident.

RAZVI AS 'PEACE MAKER'

The last witness to be examined today, was Hamid Ali Khan, prosecution witness No. 7. Witness deposed that on Sept. 13, 1948, when the "police action" commenced, he was Sub-Inspector of Hingoli (in Parbhani District, North Hyderabad). He recognised Kasim Razvi in Court. Witness saw Kasim Razvi last while the latter was on a tour of Hingoli at the end of July and beginning of August last year. Kasim Razvi convened a public meeting there and delivered a speech. Before delivering his address, Kashim Razvi asked all the Razakars present to stand up and told them to go to the rest house at once. After the meeting Kasim Razvi went to the rest house. There he was engaged in conversation with some local Sahukars including one Mr. Bansilal. Witness said there were some differences between the President of the Hingoli Ittehad-ul-Muslimeen and a vakil of that place named Abdul Rashid Khan, and Kasim Razvi brought about reconciliation between them. At that time witness told Kasim Razvi to bring about a settlement between these two persons so that Razakars of the locality who were giving him a lot of trouble might not do so thereafter.

The examination was still continuing when the Court adjourned till tomorrow.

Wrecked R. C. A. F. Plane Sighted

WINNIPEG, Aug. 23, (UPA): The burned and twisted wreckage of the missing Royal Canadian Air Force Canso aircraft, which disappeared Sunday night with 21 passengers aboard, was sighted today by search planes.

First reports said there was no sign of life around the wrecked plane which had come down in the rugged mountainous region. The news of the discovery was issued here in a terse announcement by the R.C.A.F. which gave few details.

The announcement said that a parachute rescue team was being flown to the scene to check for any possible survivors.

MUNIM AS

NEED OF UNITY AMONG COLOURED PEOPLE

Dr. Dadoo's View

SURAT, August 23, (PTI): Dr. Y. M. Dadoo, South African Indian leader, said here last night that only unity and co-operation among the coloured people in South Africa would enable them to "fight the Malan Government" and solve the various difficulties they were facing under that Government today.

Dr. Dadoo was addressing a public meeting at Kathore, the village of his forefathers.

Referring to the riots in Durban in January last, Dr. Dadoo said that these and similar troubles were engineered by Government. Ever since the Malan Government came to power, he added, they were trying to create divisions among the coloured population and spoil the amity and good relations between the Africans and Indians. But fortunately, the local population had realised that they could help themselves most by remaining one with the Indian population.

Dr. Dadoo emphasised that the South African Indian problem was an economic one and not one based on colour, race or religion. Government wanted the coloured races to work in the gold mines and thus provide the white races with cheap labour. They did not want to give equal status to the coloured races on the economy of the country.

DOG MOTHERS BABY RABBITS

ADELAIDE (Australia), (Ptl-Reuter)—A fox terrier called "Spot" who had just lost a littler of pups recently decided to adopt and wet-nurse three baby rabbits. The rabbits were found by the dog's owner when he was digging out a burrow.

"Spot's" owner said this was the dog's third effort as a mother. Several months previously she had stolen a kitten from a neighbour's cat, and brought it home. The kitten had been returned. "Spot" then mothered a tortoise which had been given to the family.

53 GREEK SABOTEURS TO DIE

ATHENS, Aug. 22, (PTI—Reuter): Fifty-three people out of 112 on trial were sentenced to death by a Florina Military Court today on charges of sabotage and spying for the Greek guerillas.

Eleven others were given life imprisonment, 9 got 20 years in prison and two others three years. The others were acquitted.

DROWNED IN FLOODS IN BULGARIA

SOFIA, Aug. 22, (PTI-Reuter): Eighteen people have been drowned and 330 houses have been reported destroyed by floods after torrential rains in Dobrich and neighbouring villages in the Dobroudja province of Bulgaria.

A special commission of the Government has flown to Dobrich to organise relief work.

KHAKSAR CHIEF GOES TO U. N.

Brief For Indian Muslims

KARACHI, August 23 (UPI): Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, former Premier of Undivided Bengal has agreed to act as the advocate for Mr. Inayatulla, alias 'Allama Mashriqi', former Khaksar Chief, when he places his representation regarding, what he alleges to be the "denial of human rights to the Muslims of India before the United Nations Human Rights Commission at Lake Success", it was learnt here today.

Allama Mashriqi is stated to have forwarded to the Secretary-General of the U.N. Mr. Trigvie Lie, a representation on the subject on June 23. The U.N. Secretary-General is now reported to have informed the Allama that his representation would receive due consideration by the U.N. Human Rights Commission at its next session. The Allam is also stated to have replied to a questionnaire supplied to him by the U.N. Secretariat.

A prominent lawyer of Lahore, Dr. Tassuduq Hussain is reported to be the other Counsel engaged by the Allama.

EDUCATING DISPLACED CHILDREN

Hindustani Talimi Sangh's Responsibility

NEW DELHI, August 23 (PTI): The Government of India have entrusted the Hindustani Talimi Sangh with complete responsibility for the education of displaced children of all age groups at present living or proposed to be resettled at Faridabad and Rajpura.

The two new townships which are to be built at these places will take about 40,000 and 60,000 displaced persons respectively.

University Commission Report Today

NEW DELHI, August 23 (UPI): The University Commission of which Dr. Sarvapalle Radhakrishnan is the Chairman, will submit its report to the Government of India tomorrow, it is learnt.

The members of the Commission are coming down from Simla to New Delhi tomorrow in this connection.

The report is expected to be formally submitted by Dr. Radhakrishnan to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Minister for Education.

BOOM IN EXPORT OF BRITISH PLANES

LONDON, August 23 (UPI): Britain's aircraft industry, already selling millions of pounds worth of airplanes and equipment overseas, are going all out for more export orders next month.

Export target for the aircraft industry this year is £35,000,000.

Countries which have placed orders this year or are negotiating to buy British air-planes include India, Pakistan, Burma, Canada, Denmark, France, Holland, Kenya, Lebanon, Malaya, Malta, New Zealand, South Africa, Switzerland and West Africa.

Biggest orders have been for jet fighters.

STATE INTERFERENCE DETRIMENTAL

Chandavarkar's Address At Imperial Bank Meeting

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"Relations between India and Pakistan have on the whole reflected inter-dominion good-will and tolerance, which have contributed in no small measure to the settlement of many outstanding problems," observed Sir Vithal Chandavarkar, presiding over the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Imperial Bank of India, held at the Bank's office, Apollo Street, this evening.

Sir Vithal disclosed that the rehabilitation of the bank's business in Pakistan had progressed satisfactorily during the year and all except four of the branches of the Bank which were closed at the time of the partition disturbances had now been reopened. Steps had been taken to have the remaining offices opened as soon as possible.

Referring to the proposed nationalisation of the Bank Sir Vithal agreed with Dr. John Mathai, Finance Minister, Government of India, who recently expressed the view that "it was doubtful whether the management of commercial banks was a suitable sphere for nationalisation." The Finance Minister had, however, announced that he contemplated certain amendments to the Imperial Bank of India Act. In this connection Sir Vithal assured the shareholders that the Board of Directors of the Bank would continue to stress that it was in the interest of all concerned that the bank should retain its commercial character and should continue as a business concern, unfettered by any outside influence.

Sir Vithal said that considerable progress had been made in accelerating the pace of the Indianisation of the senior supervising establishment of the Bank. At present they had 80 European and 105 Indian officers in the Service; these figures compared favourably with 73 European officers and 94 Indian officers during the previous year.

The meeting adopted the report for the half year ended June 30 last and the audited statement of accounts.

Circular To Ahmedabad Banks

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, August 23: Ahmedabad banks have received a circular that they should not transit any business in the shares and securities of evacuees property without the prior permission of the Custodian of Evacuee Property.

Russia's Interest In Pak Trade

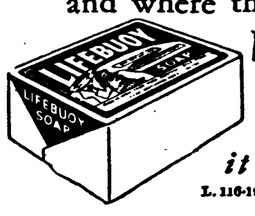
LONDON, August 23 (UPI): The Soviet Union, which has sent a trade delegation to Pakistan, wants to establish a permanent trade mission there according to a report current here.

New Zealand Against Hindi

WELLINGTON, August 23 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The New Zealand University Senate decided today not to allow candidates from Fiji to take Hindi as a foreign language for university entrance examinations.

Busy hands get dirty . . .

and where there's dirt there's *Danger* from germs!



Wash often with

LIFEBUOY SOAP

it protects you from the germs in dirt!

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

Assembly Passes Four Articles On Service Commissions

PROVINCIALISM AGAIN FIGURES IN DEBATE

NEW DELHI, August 23 (PTI).

THE Constituent Assembly today passed the four remaining articles dealing with the appointment, powers and functions of Public Service Commissions. During today's debate, several members again made allegations against Provincial Governments and Public Service Commissions in the matter of appointments.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President, pointed out that it was not fair to make sweeping charges against persons charged with public duties, who were not present in the House to defend themselves. "I hope that the public will take such statements as one-sided," he said.

Mr. Raj Bahadur (Matsya) linked the question of special representation for backward classes with matrimony.

His argument was: The root cause of demands by Dr. Punjabrao Deshmukh and others for reservation in the services for these classes was the evil of the caste system. To wipe out this evil, marriage within the same community should be made a penal offence.

There was no response from other members.

RESERVED SEATS

The House next took up a new article seeking to provide reservation of seats for the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the House of People on a population basis.

Dr. Ambedkar, Chairman of the Drafting Committee, explained that this article was an exact reproduction of the decisions of the Minorities Advisory Committee.

Prof. Nibaran Chandra Laskar (Assam) said that the Scheduled Castes and scheduled tribes would ever remain grateful to the Prime Minister and the Deputy Prime Minister for making this provision.

Discussion on the article will be resumed tomorrow.

Dr. Ambedkar moved four substitute articles. One of them seeks to enable the Commissions to recruit personnel for local bodies also if the legislature so decides.

Another provision authorises the President, Governor or Ruler to exclude any particular class of cases from the purview of the commission.

(1) It shall be the duty of the union and the state Public Service Commissions to conduct examinations for appointments to the services of the union and the services of the state respectively.

(2) It shall also be the duty of the Union Public Service Commission, if requested by any two or more states so to do, to assist those states in framing and operating schemes of joint recruitment for any services for which candidates possessing special qualifications are required.

(3) The Union Public Service Commission or the State Public Service Commission, as the case may be, shall be consulted:—

APPOINTMENTS AND EXPENSES

(a) On all matters relating to methods of recruitment to civil services and for civil posts:

(b) On the principles to be followed in making appointments to civil service and posts and in making promotions and transfers from one service to another and on the suitability of candidates for such appointment, promotions or transfers;

(c) On all disciplinary matters affecting a person serving under the Government of India or the Government of a State in a civil capacity, including memorials or petitions relating to such matters;

(d) On any claim by or in respect of a person who is serving or has reserved under the Government of India or the government of a state or under the Crown, in a civil capacity, that any costs incurred by him in respect of acts done or purporting to be done in the execution of his duty should be paid out of the consolidated fund of India or, as the case may be of the state;

(e) On any claim for the award of a pension in respect of injuries sustained by a person while serving under the Government of India or the Government of a State or under the Crown in a civil capacity, and any question as to the amount of any such award.

And it shall be the duty of a public service commission to advise on any matter so referred to them and on any other matter which the President or, as the case may be, the Governor or Ruler of the state may refer to them; provided that the president as respects the all-India services and also as respects other services and posts in connection with the affairs of the Union, and the Governor or Ruler, as the case may be, as respects other services and posts in connection with the the affairs of a state, may make regulations specifying the matters in which either generally, or in any particular class of cases or in any particular circumstances, it shall not be necessary for a public service commission to be consulted.

CONSULTATION

(4) Nothing in clause (3) of this article shall require a Public Service Commission to be consulted as respects the manner in which appointments and posts are to be reserved in favour of any backward class of citizens in the Union or a State.

(5) All regulations made under the proviso to clause (3)) of this article by the President or the Governor or ruler of a State shall be laid for not less than 14 days before each House of Parliament or the House or each House of the Legislature or the State, as the case may be, as soon as possible after they are made, and shall be subject to such modifications, whether by way of repeal or amendment, as both Houses of Parliament or the House or both Houses of the Legislature of the State may make during the session in which they are so laid."

ADDITIONAL FUNCTION

287. An act made by Parliament or, as the case may be, the Legislature of a State may provide for the exercise of additional functions by the Union Public Service Commission or the State Public Service Commission respects the services of the Union or the State and also as respects the services of any local authority or other body corporate constituted by law or public constitution."

AWARD OF MEDALS

Three O.B.I. medals were awarded to I.A.M.C. junior commissioned officers. By the G.O.C.in-C. Southern Command at a ceremonial parade held in Poona on 22nd. Photo shows the G.O.C.-in-C. congratulating Subedar Brijlal who received the O.B.I.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR FRENCH INDIA REFERENDUM

Municipal Councils Will Meet To Chalk Out The Programme

MADRAS, Aug. 23. (UPI).

THE Municipal Councils of the four South Indian French settlements, namely, Pondicherry, Karaikal, Mahe and Yanam, will meet in a joint session at Pondicherry on or about September 25 to consider the views of the French Government and the Government of India about their future, and to chalk out the arrangements for the conduct of the referendum on December 11.

This was revealed by Mr. Edourd Goubert, leader of the three-man French India Delegation, who arrived in Madras this afternoon from Calcutta, in the course of an interview to the United Press of India.

Mr. Goubert said that it was now practically certain that the referendum would have to be conducted to determine the peoples' will in respect of the future of French India. The Socialist Party of French India, which, Mr. Goubert claimed, had the overwhelming support the people, stood for a settlement without a referendum, and put its views before the French and Indian Governments recently, but the proposal could not carry conviction to both the Governments. Therefore, according to the agreement of June 1948 between the two Governments, the referendum had to be conducted.

Asked whether the French India Government had begun making arrangements for the conduct of the referendum. Mr. Goubert said that the arrangements would be taken in hand only after the joint session of the Municipal Councils of the four settlements had met and taken a decision on the views of the Governments of France and India in regard to the future status of French India. He said that the three-man delegation would submit a report of their discussions with both the Governments to the joint session of the Municipal Councils and it was for the joint session to decide about the future.

ALLEGATIONS BASELESS

Asked what he thought about the allegations that the referendum would not be conducted in a free and fair manner, Mr. Goubert said that such allegations were baseless. He said that the general elections to the Municipal Councils held last year all over French India were themselves conducted in a fair manner, and he had no doubt that the ensuing referendum also would be conducted smoothly and there would be no room for any such allegations from any quarter.

Referring to the allegations that people who were likely to vote in favour of merger with India would be terrorised and prevented from going to the polling booths and vote peacefully, Mr. Goubert said that such allegations were meaningless. The French India Government, he said, were determined to see that the referendum went on in a perfectly free and orderly manner.

RULES AMENDED

Mr. Goubert incidentally said that the rules governing elections in French India had been recently amended and according to the revised rules, representatives of all the parties contesting the elections were allowed to supervise the voting in the booths. At the ensuing referendum also, he said, similar arrangements would be made. Further, there would be neutral observers approved by both French and India Governments.

For Adjudication

The industrial dispute between the Bombay Soap Factory, Bombay, and its workers has been referred for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal of Mr. Salim M. Merchant.

FETISH MADE OF UNIVERSITY QUALIFICATIONS

to exclude any particular class of cases from the scope of the Commissions. This provision, he thought, would lead to favouritism and nepotism by the party in power.

Mr. Lakshminarayan Sahu, (Orissa) by an amendment wanted the commissions to be made responsible for all appointments carrying a maximum scale of Rs. 250 and over.

Dr Punjabrao Deshmukh (Central Provinces) moved three amendments to make the provisions less rigid.

In an impassioned plea for "justice and fairness" to the millions of people of all communities who had lagged behind in educational advancement, Dr. Deshmukh said, "these university qualifications were made a fetish of by the British Government because they wanted to reduce the Indian nation to a clerkdom. Most unfortunately, even our present Government has not thought of any other criterion. People's capacities cannot be measured by mere passing of examinations by those communities who have had the advantage of English education."

To make the educationally advanced communities and the backward communities complete for jobs, he said, would be like holding a one-mile race between a man who had already gone half a mile and another who had yet to start.

"If this is not communalism what is communalism?" he asked.

MUST CONSULT COMMISSION

Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed (West Bengal) moved three amendments.

By his first amendment he wanted to make consultation of the public service commissions obligatory, where the post carried a maximum monthly pay of Rs. 500 in the case of the Union, or Rs. 250 in the case of a State.

He also moved for the deletion of Clause 4 of Article 286 which stated that the Public Service Commission need not be consulted in regard to the method of reservations for backward classes.

By his third amendment, Mr. Ahmad wanted to make it clear that the extention of the functions of the public service commissions to "a body corporate" would not bring public or private limited companies and banks also under the purview of the service commissions.

Mr. Ahmad, who holds the record for drafting amendments, complimented the Drafting Committee on Article 288-A.

Mr. R. K. Sidhva (Central Provinces) giving his general support to Article 286 moved an amendment seeking to add a new clauss to it.

He wanted the Commission to submit to the Legislature every year a report setting out all cases where there was difference of opinion over appointments to the services between the Government and the Commission, giving both the Government's and the Commission's views thereon.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad: Does not Article 288 A cover your point?

Mr. Sidhva: No Sir, my amendment is an improvement on 288 A.

Explaining his amendment, Mr. Sidhva said that it would cover all cases where there was difference of opinion between the Commission and the Executive.

Mr. Brajeshwar Prasad (Bihar) wanted the recommendations of the public service commissions to be made mandatory.

He felt that no person belonging to any political party should be included in the public service commissions.

BACK-DOOR METHODS

Mr. S. Nagappa (Madras) supporting the articles complained about the type of questions asked by members of the service commissions.

He said usually questions were asked as to "why milk is white or what is the difference between the sun and the moon".

He wondered whether the members themselves knew the answers.

Candidates were selected for their ability to tie a neck-tie or wear a suit. He said there was no use adopting the articles unless they were translated into action.

Mr. Nagappa said he was sorry to say that the present boards were "not above suspicion". They had their own "back-door methods".

CREATING HONEST SERVICE

Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyengar said that an efficient, honest and straightforward public service was the backbone of a nation and the articles were aimed at creating one. Complaints had been made regarding the administration of the service and recruitment and all these loopholes had been sought to be plugged by the new articles.

It had been provided firstly, that once appointed, the members of the Public Service Commission were not subject to Executive pressure. They were absolutely free and their freedom could not be interfered with. Under the Government of India Act, certain appointments were taken out of the purview of the Public Service Commission, but the new article provided that in such cases the regulations made by the President or the Governor should be placed before Parliament or Legislature.

As regards the demand for representation for certain classes, Mr. Ayyengar argued that merit alone should be the consideration in respect of technical and other important jobs, but in regard to those jobs which did not call for technical skill and capacity, they could be distributed equitably among backward classes.

TWO WELCOME FEATURES

Commending the articles, Pandit Kunzru pointed out two "welcome features whose importance cannot be exaggerated". He said that it would be the duty of the President to see that regulations made in regard to the appointments which did not involve consultation with the Public Service Commission should be laid before the Legislature. The Legislature would have the power not merely to criticise these regulations but amend them in any manner it liked.

The President or the Executive would not be tempted to deviate from the right path, for all the regulations would have to be laid before the Legislature. Secondly, the Public Service Commision would have to submit annually reports of their works to the Executive drawing its attention to those cases in which the advice of the Commission had not been accepted by the Executive.

It was further required that the reports should be placed before the appropriate Legislature. There was reasonable certainty that the Executive would be disposed to act with caution and not exercise its powers in an arbitrary manner.

ENOUGH PROVISION FOR BACKWARD CLASSES

Dr. Ambedkar replying to the debate said that Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyengar and Pandit Kunzru had exhaustively dealt with the points raised during the debate and therefore he would reply to the reference made in connection with the "backward classes."

He said enough provision had been made both in Article 196, which the House would consider at a later stage, and Article 10 for safeguarding the interests of scheduled castes, scheduled tribes and backward classes.

He did not think that any purpose would be served by making a provision whereby it would be obligatory upon the President to appoint candidates belonging to those classes. The function of the members of the Public Service Commission was a general one and they could not be called upon to protect the interest of any particular class or caste.

They were there to apply their minds to the general question of finding out who were the best and efficient candidates for appointment. The real method of protection could be ensured by permitting the Legislature to fix a certain quota to be filled by these classes.

Dr. Punjabrao Deshmukh withdrew his amendments while other amendments were rejected. All the four articles were then adopted.

SEATS FOR SCHEDULED CASTES.

Dr. Ambedkar moved a substitute, Article 292, which reads "(1) Seats shall be reserved in the House of the People for (A) scheduled castes; (B) the scheduled tribes except the scheduled tribes in the tribal areas of Assam; (C) the scheduled tribes in the autonomous districts of Assam.

(2) The number of seats reserved in any State for the scheduled castes or the scheduled tribes under Clause (1) of this article shall bear, as nearly as may be, the same proportion to the total number of seats allotted to that State in the House of the People as the population of the scheduled castes in that State or of the scheduled tribes in that State or part of that State, as the case may be, in respect of which seats are so reserved bears to the total population of that State".

CORRECTING CENSUS FIGURES

Prof. Nibraran Chandra Laskar (Assam) moved an amendment, whose object, he said, was to rectify the incorrectness of the last census figures of scheduled castes in Assam. The actual population of the scheduled castes in Assam, according to him, was ten to eleven lakhs while, according to the census figures, the population of the scheduled castes in undivided Assam was 6,76,000. After partition, which resulted in about three lakhs of scheduled castes people going over to Pakistan, their population had been reduced to about 3,77,000.

He had not concluded when the House adjourned till tomorrow.

REPORT TO PRESIDENT

"288. The expenses of the Union or a State Public Service Commission, including any salaries, allowances and pensions payable to or in respect of the members or staff of the commission, shall be charged on the consolidated fund of India, or, as the case may be, the State."

"288-A: (1) It shall be the duty of the Union Commission to present annually to the President a report as to the work done by the Commission and on receipt of such report the President shall cause a copy thereof together with a memorandum explaining, as respects the cases, if any, where the advice of the Commission was not accepted, the reasons for such non-acceptance to be laid before each House of Parliament.

(2) It shall be the duty of a State Commission to present annually to the Governor or Ruler of the State a report as to the work done by the Commission and it shall be the duty of a Joint Commission to present annually to the Governor or Ruler of each of the States the needs of which are served by the Joint Commission, a report as to the work done by the Commission in relation to that State, and in either case the Governor or Ruler as the case may be, shall, on receipt of such report, cause a copy thereof together with a memorandum explaining as respects the cases, if any where the advice of the Commission was not accepted, the reasons for such non-acceptance to be laid before the legislature of the State."

AMENDMENT

Sardar Hukam Singh (East Punjab (moved an amendment to delete the provision which seeks to enable the President or Governor or Ruler

MIXED GRILL

By Grumbler

The staff correspondent of the STATESMAN in Lahore, in a recent dispatch speaks of the absence of medical facilities and efficient doctors in West Punjab. The immediate cause which provoked him to delve into this subject was the case of a man who swallowed a pigeon bone and would have died if, providentially, he had not possessed a permit which enabled him to move into the Indian Dominion.

It appears that the man was a member of a party which was indulging in midnight revelries. While making a feast off whole pigeons, a bone stuck in his throat. His friends took him to a hospital in Lahore. There he was told that the doctor was at prayers and could not be disturbed. Prayers finished, the doctor came along, gave a casual glance to the patient and told him that it was a case for the Ear, Nose, Throat expert. As the patient's friends were trying to walk off in search of the E.N.T. man, the doctor changed his mind and assigned a bed in a ward to the patient and asked him to wait for the morrow when the E.N.T. man would come along.

When that dignitary took the case in hand next morning, he found that the bone had travelled too far down the alimentary canal and he had no instrument with which he could pull it out. Thereafter the patient had to be removed to Amritsar, where the bone was taken out under an anaesthetic.

That may be the story in Pakistan. But we, in this sister Dominion, have a different experiences. We have such abundant facilities that the doctors sometimes open up the insides of patients to remove things which are not there. I have in mind a case which was told to me by a medical student.

In a big hospital, where literally dozens of operations are conducted one after another, the surgeon called out: "Bring the stone in the bladder case".

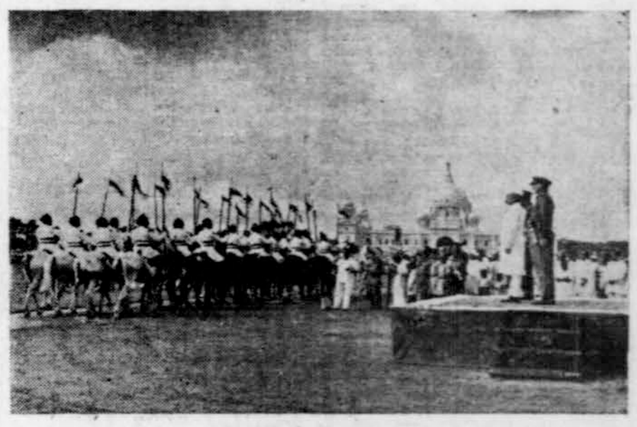
A patient was wheeled in, on a trolley, by the staff nurses and was soon transferred to the operation table. The surgeon rolled up his sleeves, and explaining the proceedings with the knowledge of an expert, he opened up the patient, where the stone in the bladder should have been and was amazed to find that it was a perfectly normal bladder.

Being an old hand at the game he did not pause for more than a minute: but proceeded to stitch the patient up calling upon the medical students as well as every one present not to breathe a word of it to anyone, in the name of the precincts of the hospital and the profession.

Inquiries came later and it was found that what the doctor meant when he called the "stone in the bladder case" was another patient in the next bed, whose case had been confirmed an X-ray test. The first case was only a "suspected" stone in the bladder.

When the position became clear, the surgeon rolled up his sleeve, scowled at the nurses and said: "How stupid? Now I have to do one more operation today".

West Bengal Governor Takes The Salute



Dr. K. N. Katju, Governor of West Bengal takes the salute at a March Past at the Brigade Parade Ground, Calcutta on the Independence Day.

INDO-RUSSIAN TRADE TREATY FINALISED

NEW DELHI, Aug. 23 (PTD: Terms of an Indo-Russian trade treaty have been finalised and the Russian representative is expecting instructions from Moscow to initial the agreement, it was learned today.

This will be the first trade treaty between India and Russia. Commercial relations between the two countries at present governed by an 'ad hoc' barter agreement concluded last year. The present treaty, it is understood, covers a number of commodities.

Trade talks between Iraq and India are due to begin this week, it was also learned. According to preliminary talks which the Commerce Ministry has had with a representative of the Iraq Government, Iraq will export to India barley, maize, millets, dates, raw wool, hides and skins, etc. India will export to Iraq cotton textiles, yarn, jute goods, tea and other manufactured goods.

5 MORE MILLS CLOSE SHIFTS

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, August 23: In spite of the relaxation of cloth control and the liberal policy adopted for the distribution, closing of mills here continues.

Five more city mills have closed their shifts this week throwing about 5,000 workers out of employment.

Border Raids Continue

(From Our Correspondent)

JAIPUR, August 23: According to reports received here it is learnt that the raids from the other side of the Indian border have not been totally stopped. Reports of two more raids have reached here.

The first raid took place on August 4, when the raiders attacked a village named Bhutiwala in Bikaner unit of Rajasthan. Some time after the Police Inspector of Bikaner unit reached there and inspected the site. When he was returning back the raiders opened fire at him. No loss of life or property is reported in this.

MUTT AND JEFF—No Kiddin—This Isn't The First Time You've Heard Of Talking Chickens — By BUD FISHER

OH, YOU GOT CHICKENS!
YEH, I'M SELLING EGGS FOR EASTER!
MUTT, MUTT! I THINK I HEARD SOMEONE IN MY CHICKEN COOP!
WELL, GO OUT AND SEE!
WHO'S IN MY CHICKEN COOP?
NOBODY, BUT US CHICKENS!
OH!
Z-Z-Z

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